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### REPORT

OF THE

### REGISTRAR-GENERAL

OF THE

### PROVINCE OF ONTARIO,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER,

1877.

Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.



Toronto:
PRINTED BY HUNTER, ROSE & CO., 25 WELLINGTON STREET.
1879.

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### REPORT

OF THE

### REGISTRAR - GENERAL

OF THE

### PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

### FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1877.

REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,

TORONTO, November 25th, 1878.

To His Honour the Honourable D. A. Macdonald, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario:—

SIR,—I have the honour to present the Annual Report on the Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths for the year ending 31st December, 1877.

The results of this year's work shew an increase in the number of registrations over those for 1876 of 2,935, and an increase over those for 1875 of 26,987.

TABLE A.—The following statement presents a complete summary of all the tables interspersed throughout the Report. It compares the births, marriages and deaths registered during 1877, with those of 1876, giving the increase in numbers and per centage in each class, and also the totals of each county.

	Increase per Cent.	28. 1 1 1 28 2 1 1 1 28 2 1 1 1 28 2 1 1 1 28 2 1 1 1 28 2 1 1 1 28 2 1 1 2 2 2 2
	Total Decrease.	176 pt 17
	Total Increase.	21
1 No.	1877.	315 1412 1992 1992 1204 1045 1045 1045 1045 1045 1045 1045 10
Total No. of B., M. and D.	1876.	192 1315 1315 1315 1904 11112 1096 1096 1096 1096 1096 1096 1096 1096
	Increase per Cent.	141
		17 198 39 39 118
DEATHS	Increase.	85 8 8 4 7 5 5 8 8 8 8 9 9 4 4 7 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2
H	1877.	133 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014
	1876.	25.89.45.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25
	Increase per Cent.	85 445 44 1 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1
<b>z</b> i	. Эвсегевяе.	13. 17. 12. 28. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 1
Marriages	Increase.	22 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
MA	1877.	2012.202.202.202.202.202.202.202.202.202
	1876.	283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283
	Increase per Cent.	2.11 2.12 2.12 2.13 2.14 2.14 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15 2.15
,	Бестеале.	66 113 22 22 23 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
BIRTHS.	Increase.	824824 825 824 825 844 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85
ğ	1877.	1362 1076 1076 1076 1076 1076 1080 1080 1080 1080 1080 1080 1080 108
	1876.	1099 1009 1009 1009 1009 1009 1009 1009
	COUNTIES.	Algoma Brant Brant Carleton Eigin Eisex Frontenac Grey Haldimand Hastings Huron Hastings Norfolk Norfolk Norfolk Norfolk Ontario Oxford Oxford Parry Sound

64. 44. 07.4 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4		per t.
30 30 51	576	or 4.2 per cent.
231 231 189 189 101 337 84 84 188 195	3511	2935
1134 2147 1226 1473 1402 2761 2134 246 1277 1277 1227 1227 1227 1227 1227 122	72587	of B.
1211 2095 995 995 1538 861 1338 2572 2164 2025 1278 2903 2783 6930	69652	Increase & D.
25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25.		
	293	Total M.
1111 103 103 103 124 124 125 126 127 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	1723	1430
327 477 3351 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 18	20053	
315 240 240 240 240 253 310 30 269 500 500 377 680 1001 2326 2326 240 240 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 25	18623	Total Increase
6 112 22 25 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		tal I
82,22,32	568	To
23 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	595	27
167 348 348 1158 1150 1150 1150 120 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 15	12577	
216 373 178 224 145 145 185 40 41 212 354 191 530 420 1119	12550	Total Increase
		al In
24 4 4 37 37 37	469	Tot
9 144 133 1133 1133 1109	1947	1478
643 1322 721 721 933 933 11536 11685 17 17 17 673 1765 11693 3594	39957	
680 1313 577 1045 483 843 1109 1110 74 77 710 11693 1362 3485	38479	ncrease
Peel Perth Perth Pertorough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew Renfrew Simcoe Thunder Bay Victoria Waterloo Welland Welland Welland Welland Wentworth York York Waterloo Welland Wentworth York York	Totals	Total Inc

Though the increase in the number of Registrations is not so large as it was in 1876, it is satisfactory to find that there is still an improvement. The returns of births are yet incomplete. This is, however, scarcely to be wondered at in a comparatively newly settled country like Ontario, when older countries, far more favourably circumstanced, are unable to present complete returns. Division Registrars have great difficulties to contend with in obtaining these registrations. They have been directed by circular to notify the public that this information can be sent free through the Post office; still this fact does not appear to be as widely known as could be desired, and so it happens that many living at a distance, do not report by letter to the Division Registrars, being under the impression that it is necessary for them to do so in person. Another, and perhaps the principal cause of this inattention to the requirements of the Act, is that a large portion of the population of the rural districts, and in some of the small towns, do not appreciate the benefits to be derived from complete registrations.

The following is a comparative Statement of Births for eight years:—

Year.	No. of Registered		Males to each 100	Males in each 100	Females in each 100	Ratio per 1,000 of the
	Males.	Females.	Females.	Births.	Births.	Population.
1870	10,326	9,172	112.5	52.9	47.1	12.0
1871	12,871	11,912	108.0	51.9	48.1	15.3
1872	12,186	11,159	109.2	52.2	47.8	14.4
1873	14,285	13,248	107.7	51.8	48,2	17.0
1874	14,673	13,600	107.8	51.8	48.2	17.4
1875	13,468	12,516	107.6	51.7	48.3	16.0
1876	19,733	18,746	105.2	51.2	48.8	23.7
1877	20,659	19,298	107.0	51.7	48.3	24.6

By this Table it will be seen that there was an increase in the number of births registered in every year, excepting 1872 and 1875, notably in the year 1876, when the present Registration Act came into force. Statistics shew that the birth rate registered is correspondingly higher in countries having large and densely populated cities; so that while the registrations in Ontario bear a very favourable comparison with those of many of the States of the American Union, they necessarily fall below the English average and that of European countries.

The following statement gives the ratio of births in Ontario, and in some of the United States and European countries.

Ontario	24.6	per 1,000	of the	population.
Rhode Island	24.5	• "		
Michigan	22.6	"	44	"
Massachusetts	24.8	"	66	"
Ohio	23.1	"	"	"
Nova Scotia	26.5	"	"	"
England	35.5	"	66	"
Scotland	35.4	"	"	"
Ireland	26.1	"	"	"
France	26	66	"	"

The County of Wentworth shews an increase of 331 in births, that being the greatest ncrease in any county. The United Counties of Prescott and Russell, on the other hand,

shew the greatest decrease, the number returned for 1877 being 112 less than that in 1876; 29 counties return an increase, and 11 a decrease.

In reference to the marriages, the increase in the number registered, is only 27. The ratio still remains the same, viz: 16 in every 1,000. The greatest increase was in the

County of York—the least, in the County of Halton.

The death-rate of any country is a sure index of its health. If all the deaths that occurred in each county, city, or town, were registered every year, we would necessarily find a variation in the numbers yearly, as many causes arise, from time to time, tending to increase the rate of mortality, such as epidemics, wet seasons, &c. On the other hand, improvement in the sanitary conditions of any town or city may, and do often, lessen the death-rate. Whenever, therefore, the mortality of a locality is found to exceed the normal rate of a healthy community, it becomes the duty of those entrusted with the administration of the sanitary laws to investigate the cause of this excess, and to supply the means for its remedy.

The Registrar-General of England, in his report for 1875, instances several towns where the death rate was considerably decreased by the introduction of pure water and

improved sewerage.

TABLE B.—Shewing the Increase or Decrease (as the case may be) of Births, Marriages and Deaths in the different County

/	Increase per Cent.	6.0 6.0 6.3 6.3 6.3 7.1 7.1 1.6 6.3 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6
	Total Decrease.	2011 111 112 113 115 115 116 117 1109 1109 1109 1109 1109 1109 1109
1	Total Increase.	24 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46
Total No. of B., M. and D.	1877.	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
Tota B., M.	1876.	482 118 967 972 973 974 1122 1122 1123 1133 1133 1134 1135 1135 1136 1137 1137 1137 1138 1138 1138 1138 1138
	Increase per Cent.	25.5. 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
	Decrease.	13 116 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117
DEATHS.	Increase.	. 4
	1877.	112021 12021
	1876.	13, 12, 13, 14, 14, 14, 15, 15, 16, 17, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18
	Increase per Cent.	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
σċ	Decrease.	22.77.7.7.7.8.8.1.1.8.1.1.8.1.1.8.1.1.1.1.
Marriages	Increase.	6 4 22 22 22 22 22 24 25 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27
MA	1877.	701 102 103 103 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105
	1876.	28288888888888888888888888888888888888
	Increase per Cent.	11 12 11 12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
	Decrease.	119 119 121 121 121 121 121 122 132 133 144 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145
BIRTHS.	Іпстеляе.	14
B	1877.	278 276 276 276 277 277 277 277 277 277 277
	1876.	23. 25. 27. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28
	COUNTY TOWNS.	Brantford. Walkerton Ottawa. St. Thomas St. Thomas Sandwich Kingston. Owen Sound Cayuga. Milton Belleville Goderich Chatham Samia. Perth. Brockville Napanee Napanee Napanee Napanee Napanee Napanee Whithy. Woodstook Whithy. Woodstook Whithy. Woodstook Simooe Cobourg Whithy. Woodstook Whithy. Woodstook Simooe Cobourg Simooe Simoof Simooe Simoof Simooe Simoof Simooe Simoof

18.6 1.8 1.8 26.2 25.4 5.5		
4 22 :: 14 :: £	859	
36 4 4 4 16 340 241	915	56
196 248 229 226 214 77 77 558 4603	16425	ase of D
200 270 193 222 252 255 61 1517 1517 1517	1 6369	I Incre M. &
1114		Tota B.,
94 69 69	555	396
	159	
50 66 91 34 109 109 654 1595	4938	crease.
54 100 58 43 57 7 118 633 1664	5334	Lotal Decrease
633 344 40 		-  L
100	166	93
23	259	
33 77 77 50 50 108 786 786	3644	crease.
31 47 44 44 60 60 30 132 240 714	3551	Total Increase
50.00	:	- E
2 21 24 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	534	-
12 30 238 238	863	359
1113 105 79 95 104 36 341 2222	7843	-
115 123 110 1138 138 1984 1984	484	rease.
embroke sarrie indsay erlin Velland saulton oronto	Total	Total Incre

A M O T M P O

The County Towns shew a total increase of 359 in births, 93 in marriages, and a decrease of 396 in deaths. Many of the towns, which gave increased numbers of births in 1876 over 1875, have in 1877 returned less than they did in 1876. Among them may be noticed the Cities of Ottawa and Kingston, and the Town of Stratford.

Ottawa had an increase in 1876, over 1875, of 306; in 1877, as compared with 1876,

a decrease of 119.

Kingston had an increase in 1876, over 1875, of 325; in 1877, as compared with 1876, a decrease of 67.

Stratford had an increase in 1876, over 1875, of 109; in 1877, as compared with 1876,

a decrease of 62.

The total number of registrations of births, in these county towns, is 7,843, against 7,484 in 1876, shewing an increase of 359, or 4.7 per cent.

TABLE C.—Return of Births, Marriages, and Deaths in Cities and Principal Towns, with the Population of each place, as returned by the Assessors, for the year 1877, and the rate per 1,000 of persons living; also, the Principal Causes of Death in those places.

		Old Age.	8818 138 × 138 × 200 × 2	234
		Lung Disease.		69
		Pneumonia.	084 114 1888 100 100 110 100 100 100 100 100 10	221
H.		Heart Disease.	144 4 4 6 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	148
DEAT		Brain Disease.	874x 62 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	134
S OF	to noit	Phthisis or Consump	802 81234488240005085174510977	539
AUSE		Scarlet Fever.	7850 H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	180
PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH		Other Fevers.	F-70 :000000 4 HH	53
LINCID	SEASES.	Typhoid Fever.	ಚಿರಬಹಿಂಬರಾಯಿಗುಬ ಚಗಗ ಕಾಣ	116
PF	Miasmatic Diseases	.s:mdrrsiG	\$4108404050541045150150	238
Î	TIASMA	Dysentery.	000H HH 200H H H H2	28
	A	.sirıədtqiQ	84% 24% 1420161 0 F	140
And the second section of		Scarlatina.	14 m 1 m 2	33
THS.	әц	Rate per 1,000 of t Population.	888-21727172-888 500-200-20172-20173 500-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-200-	
DEATHS		Number returned.	1,555 1,655	4,365
IAGES.	әц	Rate per 1,000 of t Population.	178111192101117821711782171788179181 5004449000117801788179181	
Marriages		Number returned.	286 2863 2863 2863 2863 110 110 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	3,086
rhs.	әұ	Rate per 1,000 of t Population.	282 282 282 282 283 283 283 284 284 284 284 284 284 284 284 284 284	
Віктня		Number returned.	2,2 3,40 3,40 3,40 1,64 1,64 1,64 1,64 1,74 1,74 1,74 1,74 1,74 1,74 1,74 1,7	6,793
рәи.	ander se	Population in 1877, by the Assessors.	67,386 28,441 13,143 13,143 13,143 11,192 10,631	267,289
		COUNTY TOWNS.	Toronto Hamilton Ottawa London St. Catharines St. Catharines Ringston Belleville Brandford Guelph Stratford Chatham Brockville Peterborough Port Hope Port Thomas Lindsay Woodstock Gobourg Gobourg	

In the returns from the cities and principal towns, the ratio of births to population has increased from 22 per 1,000 to 25. Of these 20 places, 8 are above that average and 12 below. Guelph and Woodstock rank the highest with 35 births to the 1,000, while St. Catha-

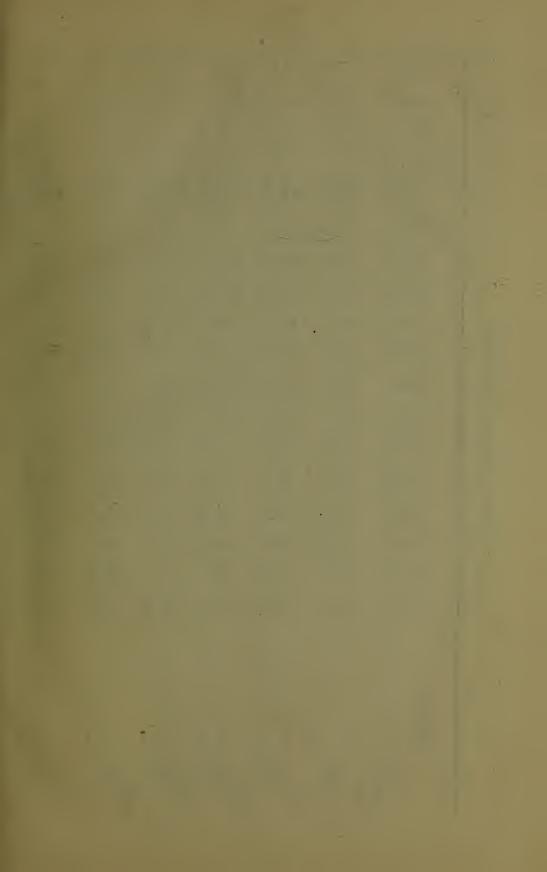
rines and Chatham are the lowest, only returning 12 and 13 per 1,000.

There can be no excuse for neglect on the part of Division Registrars in county towns; these officers having better facilities for obtaining registratisns than have Division Registrars in townships. That full returns are obtained where Division Registrars are anxious to enforce the laws, can be seen by the number of registrations received from Guelph, Woodstock, Toronto, Belleville, Peterborough, and other places. The table shews how very far from correct the returns of births are from some of these cities and towns. Take for instance St. Catharines. The births returned number 164, the deaths returned are 206. This shews that there have been 42 more deaths than births in 1877, and, consequently, we would expect to find a corresponding decrease in the population for that year, but the certified return of the assessors shew the population to have increased by 273. These remarks are made with a view to incite the Division Registrars, whose returns are deficient, to emulate the zeal displayed by the more diligent ones. On the whole, the returns shew a decided improvement, particularly in the cities and towns, as to the completeness with which the schedules are filled up, all the information required being given in nearly every instance. Heretofore, many of the items were left without any remark such as "cause of death, &c."

The ratio of deaths to 1,000 of the population in some of the cities and principal towns is evidently less than what should be expected. Whether this is owing to the salubrity of the climate in these places or to the improved sanitary measures adopted or to incomplete returns, it is difficult to determine. The latter is believed to be the real cause. In Toronto, Hamilton, London and Belleville the death rate is apparently large for cities of their popula-

tion, as will be seen by the following comparison with other cities:-

	Population.	Deaths.	Ratio t	o 1,000 of	the Population.
Toronto	$67,386$	1,595	23	· u	- "
Belleville	11,192	235	21	"	"
Hamilton	32,641	654	20	"	"
London		358	19	"	"
Plymouth, Mass	69,362	1,330	19	"	"
Providence, R. I		1,865	18	66	66
Rochester, England		1,241	19	"	"
Dover, England		607	16	66	"
Southampton, England		1,034	20	"	"
Reading, England		695	18	"	"



### TABLE D.—BIRTHS BY MONTHS.

										1	I		I		1		1
January.		February.	March.	.lingA	·VeM	-aune	July.	August.	September.	October.	Почетрег.	Date of Birth	omitted.	stia to oN saint to	Triplets.	Illegitimate.	Still-born.
2-2		98	9 4	29	9 4	∞ <b>⊳</b> -	4.60	10 9		10 <del>4</del>	4 7 C		 				
6		00	10	13	10 1	15	7 1	19 1	16	6	9 7	:     .		:			
85.7		38	833	82.0	30 25	32	38	35	333	33 4 2	24 29 40 30	::	400	O#		8 2	တယ
-72		83	69	72	72 (	62 (	64 6	67 6	65 6	65 6	64 59		794	2		15	14
22 288	1	85.75	84	69 56	51	58	39 5	55 54 3	39 4	55 	39 43	::	687	2		44	∞ ∞
130	1	123 1	146 1	125 1	110 1	115	84 10	601	69	8 26	83 74	:	1289	9 18		8	16
59 63		20 %	49 55 1	566	45 69	488	59 4	444	36	24.	33 33 35	<del>- : :</del>	550	3		14	1
122		89 1	119 1	114	94	96 10	103 8	9 98	69	58 61	1 65	:	1076	3 13		31	9
2281		29 27	28 28	24 29	202	28	26 2	525 		36	23 16 20 12	::	287			2	21 12
40		26	54	53	42	47	45	51 5	58	60 4	43 28		577	2	-:-	2	3
57		44	65	44 56	4.8	31.0	333	45	47 4	443	34 29 30		528	 		27 4	72 03
113		<del> </del>	131	100	74	02	99	94 8	94 8	87 6	69 29	1:1	1056	3 10		9	5
	1				-												

Frontenac Male Female	* 8	37	88 88	28	88	88	32	32 53	888	33.47	37.	38 %		397			15	987
Total	70	99	12	54	63	89	64	- 19	92	02	122	02		808	2		37	00
Grey.: Male Female	77	53	67	71 55	72 56	50	70	51 54	46	46	48	40		706			2	6.2
Total	150	121	131	126	128	104	111	105	118	86	92	2.2		1,361	11		2	00
Haldimand : Male : Female	44	36	30	20 82	27	24 17	30	35	23.23	25	20	18		329			4.03	67 65
Total	84	64	52	59	51	41	28	65	58	48	44	35		629	ಣ	:	9	5
Halton : Male Female	38.34	22	32	188	34	25 18	37	17	28	13	182	23		330			27	27 67
Total	7.5	47	64	26	48	43	99	34	54	31	4	32	i	282	L-		60	4
Hastings Male Female	68 45	68 35	52 49	388	888	35	52	36	51 34 34	32	38	23		579 490			4.03	98
Total	113	103	101	84	98	85	108	94	85	85	74	51		1,069	7	:	9	6
Huron: Male Female	114 105	92	100 85	71	74 64	55 69	77	67 89	29 29	63	68 59	35.		883 813			50	11
Total	219	157	185	135	138	124	149	135	134	120	127	73		1,696	14		11	15
Kent: Male Female	58	53	57	42	28 40	25.33	40	30	34 35	37.	30	20 17		465 459			ಣ	22.23
Total	116	113	112	62	89	19	78	0.9	69	65	99	37		924	4		3	4
Lambton : Male Female	56	46	38 38	41	148	38 38	38	36	46 34	38	22	18	1 =	474			နေ	63 70
Total	116	94	87	81	70	84	2.2	89	80	65	48	37		206	12	:	က	7

1			1	· :							1	1	
	Still-born.	.c. ro	00		1	0100			9	11,	188	60	ũ
	Illegitimate.	920	11	<b>⊳</b> ∞	15	6161	41	4.0	10	00	18	11	2
	Triplets.		1						2				:
	stisg to .oM sirs.		6		6		7		4		18		9
	.lstoT	403 373	776	523 509	1032	274 218	492	332 310	642	1035	1968	176	362
	Date of Birth omitted.												
	December.	នុង	48	29	81	113	29	<b>~∞</b>	15	33	71	4,∞	12
	November.	28	47	8,53	68	15	26	19	40	64 67	131	9	21
	October.	37 25	62	38	26	19	44	88	58	64 59	123	18	35
	September.	32 17	49	34.8	8	84.	37	38	49	86 67	153	112	23
	AuguA.	88	61	8 %	88	19	37	32.2	54	88 99	154	9 19	28
	July.	29 39	89	12.33	94	88	09	21	88	88	158	23	40
	June.	¥ 8	29	29	72	21	36	88	53	72 68	140	22 15	37
	May.	28 83	61	8 %	750	185	43	24	4	84	164	11 15	26
	·lirqA	30	62	49	96	19	47	29	53	112 87	199	16 15	31
	March.	47 56	103	45.54	98	22	41	37	29	118	238	20	46
	February.	38	75	56	106	27 19	46	36	62	108	195	20 10	30
	January.	35 88 35 88	73	36 36	82	22.23	46	84	77	116 126	242	21.22	88
	COUNTIES.	Lanark: Male Female	Total	Leeds and Grenville: Male Female	Total	Lennox and Addington: Male Female	Total	Lincoln : Male Female	Total	Middlesex: Male Female	Total	Muskoka : Male Female	Total

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363	793	625	1163	596	1126	574	1106	52	104	337	643	704 618	1322	363	721
	1 :														
23	37	15	쭚	25.25	20	19	39		2	13	0%	44 37	81	17 8	25
25	20	38	10	35	92	64.8	84	40	7	255	49	43.	83	25.22	838
288	02	888	77	8.88	11	45	98	2 2	13	88	49	41 60	101	28	54
35.8	65	44	91	48 39	87	48 48	68	80	6	88	64	57	112	883	59
28 82	61	52	94	12 4	95	69 94	115	rc 23	000	22.23	49	84	105	918	47
44	98	024	117	- 25 1	96	4 %	78	4.10	6	891	36	65 49	114	3.12	53
2,82	99	50	66	42	91	844	06	70	10	22 22	37	47	68	833	61
34 23	57	56 46	102	35.38	92	29	11	122	17	88	25	64 44	108	88	58
88	11	61 43	104	42	68	67	109	10.1-	12	88	99	65	125	8,88	64
28.82	20	55.00	109	73	137	52 49	101	မအ	6	888	19	74	139	88.84	98
98	78	72	129	48 49	26	28 28	86	701	9	888	89	55	124	***	73
39	88	72	143	99	145	88	146	70 03	2	448	92	72	141	44.8	88
Norfolk Male Female	Total	Northumberland and Durham : Male Female	Total	Ontario : Male Female	Total	Oxford.: Male Female	Total	Parry Sound : Male Female	Total	Peel: Male Female	Total	Perth : Male Female	Total	Peterborough : Male Female	Total

## TABLE D.—BIRTHS BY MONTHS.—Concluded.

Still-born.	11	2	27 00	5	12	9	4 9	10	61 70	7			
.etsmitigelII	H 63	3	21	e	8 9	6	3.1	4	4.2	9		:	
Triplets.	=1	1											
sriad to .oN sairs.		10		7		6		18	-	10		1	
.IstoT	474 459	933	188 203	391	416	839	774	1536	531	1085	33	77	
Date of Birth omitted.													
December.	23.22	46	6	15	22	41	28 30	58	27	49	1	1	
November.	29.63	58	11	18	18 28	46	48 54	102	31 34	65	67 50	70	
October.	31	09	111	26	25.88	51	09	128	34.	89	22	4	
September.	46 37	83	14 13	27	27 37	64	59	136	335	77		2	
.tsuguA	31.5	92	16 18	34	52	79	69	132	32	78	3	10	
July.	88	64	18 16	34	42.39	81	28	114	44	85	67 69	5	
June.	32 33	63	117	28	36	74	62 44	106	64	112	29	13	
May.	37	72	8 41	22	30	72	54	125	46	68	4.00	7	
.lirqA	52	105	9 19	28	38	75	92	166	48	88	w 10	∞	
March.	54 52	106	88	53	38.83	29	855	154	99	120	ಬಾಬ	∞	
February.	33		88	20	45 45	93	89	149	58	124	니작	5	
January.	62 47	109	30	26	42 54	96	78	166	55	125	75	6	
COUNTIES.	Prescott and Russell:  Male Female	Total	Prince Edward : Male Female	Total	Renfrew: Male Female	Total	Simcoe: Male Female	Total	Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry: Male Female	Total	Thunder Bay: Male Female	Total	

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64 00	)   ×c	2 2	13	88	4	70.61	7	42	92	86		280	249	529	
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					4		27		21		42			411	
483	952	668	1234	322	673	918	1765	873 820	1693	1866 1728	3594	20659	19298	39957	
	1														
26 21	47	948	70	18 10	28	37 42	79	35.	83	80	156	979	942	1921	
% % %	99	44 14	85	24	51	63	121	51	107	132	258	1377	1331	2708	
86	92	49	93	25 25	20	67	138	   69  -	138	134	274	1519	1476	2995	
884	88	52	H	24	57	69	141	89 69	137	160	294	1670	1593	3263	
39	98	56	86	4.8 8.8	64	75	152	64	133	161	300	1696	1590	3286	
32 33	70	53	95	33.88	61	81 71	152	75	133	146 138	284	1757	1548	3305	-
8000	78	34	92	27 27	54	73 64	137	66 53	119	146 155	301	1616	1513	3129	
34	77	48	85	20 36	56	71	134	82	144	138	272	1991	1507	3168	
348	78	53	108	88	54	76	139	80 - 67	147	172 150	322	1894	1708	3602	
48	22	55	106	26	55	96	182	103	217	180 159	339	2118	1991	4109	
38	38	55	111	33	65	88	165	85	165	173 164	337	1993	1854	3847	
09	129	105	180	40	78	122 103	225	95 75	170	244 213	457	2379	2245	4624	
Victoria : Male Female	Total	19 Waterloo: Male Female	Total	Welland : Male Female	Total	Wellington Male Female	Total	Wentworth Male Female	Total	York: Male Female	Total	:	Do Females	Grand Total	

### ORDER OF BIRTHS BY MONTHS.

	100	Males.	Females.	Total.
January		2379	2245	4624
March			1991	4109
February		1993	1854	3847
April	***********	18 <b>94</b>	1 <b>7</b> 08	3602
July			1548	3305
August			1590	3286
September		1670	1593	3263
May		1661	1507	3168
June		1616	1513	3129
October		. 1519	1476	2995
November		. 1377	1331	2708
December		959	942	1921
		20,659	19,298	39,957

The months of January and December are respectively the highest and lowest on this scale. 2379 males, and 2245 females were born in the former, and 959 males and 942 females in the latter month, shewing a difference of 148 per cent. as regards the male births and of 138 per cent of the female. There seems to have been an extraordinary increase in the births registered in January, 1877, over the number in 1876. In that year there were only 3097 births returned while this year 4,624 have been registered, but there appears to be a large decrease in the month of December. In December, 1877, only 1920 births were registered as against 2953 in the same month in 1876. It may from these figures be concluded that a number of births which should have been registered in December were not returned until January.

### QUARTERLY RETURN OF BIRTHS,

			Males.	Females.	Total.
Quarte	r ending	March 31	6,490	6,090	12,580
"		June 30	5,171	4,728	9,899
66	66	Sept. 30	5,123	4,731	9,854
"	"	December 31		3,749	7,624
			20,659	19,298	39,957

The average number of births within the several specified periods is as follows:-

	Males.	Females.	Total.
For the year	20,659	19,298	39,957
For the month		1,608	3,329
For the week	397	372	769
For the day	57	<b>5</b> 3	110

The difference in favour of the males was, in

1872	1,027
	1,037
1874	
1875	*
1876	
1877	

The following gives the total number of births in each quarter for the last four years, with the percentage for the whole four years:—

QUARTER.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	Total for 4 years.	Percent'ge of the whole 4 years.
January to March	7,610	6,998	10,012	12,580	37,200	28.1
April to June	7,048	6,481	9,566	9,899	32,994	24.8
July to September	7,034	6,474	9,623	9,854	32,985	24.8
October to December	6,546	6,015	9,257	7,624	29,442	22.3
	28,238	25,968	38,458	39,957	132,621	100.0

### PLURAL BIRTHS.

The cases of twin births have increased this year from 349 to 411. There were five triplet births, one in each of the Counties of Lanark, Prescott, Russell and York, and two in the County of Lincoln. One was returned in 1876. Two of the parents of these triplets have obtained the Queen's bounty, viz., £3 sterling.

### ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS.

A very large increase appears under this heading, which is to be deplored, but as the general number of births has increased, surprise need not be caused by finding a greater number of births out of wedlock. Dearth of employment and hard times generally promote immorality, and these may be among the causes of the increase. It, however, may be owing to the more complete system of registration now in force; still the number of illegitimate births in this Province is proportionally less than in other countries, as was shewn in last year's report. The last six years' registration of illegitimate children, twins and triplets are as follows:—

Year.	No. of Illegitimate Births.	Illeg	roportion gitimate B o Legitima	irths		No. of Twins.	No. of Triplets.
1872	235	One illegiti	mate in ev	ery 99 t	oirths	76	
1873	229	٠.	"	120	"	200	1
1874	196	"	"	144	"	255	2
1875	198	"	"	131	"	264	1
1876	392	"	"	98	"	349	1
1877	529	"	"	75	"	411	5
		ļ-					
Average	296	"	"	111	"	259	Nearly 2

TABLE E.—MARRIAGES.

The following Table shews the number of marriages returned as having been solemnized during the year 1877, the religious denomination of the parties married, and whether by License or Banns.

Processor   Proc				Religious Denomination of Bride and Bridegroom	s Denor	minatio	n of B	ride and	d Bride	groom.				·u		H	How Married.	rried.	1
11         10         15         11         2         2         30         24         3         32         31         76         17         50         50         50         6         7         4	ES.	Hpiscopalian.	Presbyterian.	Methodist.	Boman Catholic.	Baptist.	Congregationalist.	latheran.	Спакет.	Mennonite.	Bible Christian.		Potat.	No Denomination giver	GRAND TOTAL	License.	Banns.	Not stated.	TOTAL MARRIAGES.
39         31         76         17         47         9         1         60         1         100         100         38         12           28         30         83         18         55         7         1         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         441         1         442         206         15         2         1         441         1         442         206         15         2         1         8         387         3         300         1         1         441         1         442         206         15         1         1         441         1         442         206         15         1         2         1         8         387         3         300         1         1         4 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>01 6</td><td>15</td><td>THE THE</td><td>67</td><td></td><td></td><td><u> </u></td><td>:</td><td><u> </u></td><td>-</td><td>50</td><td></td><td>50</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			01 6	15	THE THE	67			<u> </u>	:	<u> </u>	-	50		50				
39         31         76         17         47         9         1         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         221         1         2         1         4         1         442         206         15         1         2         1         8         387         3         390         1         2         1         8         387         3         390         1         1         9         387         3         390         1         1         3         387         3         390         1         2         1         8         387         3         390         1         3         4 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>19</td> <td>30</td> <td>24</td> <td>8</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td>100</td> <td>38</td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>50</td>			19	30	24	8						-	100		100	38	11		50
67         61         159         35         102         16         1         441         1         442         206         15         2         11         8         387         3         390         15         1         1         1         8         387         3         390         1         1         1         1         8         387         3         390         1         1         1         1         3         390         1         1         1         3         390         1         1         1         4         4         1         4         4         1         4		<u> </u>	88	76 83	17 18	55	9		•				220 221	п	221				
61         125         120         39         15         2         11         5         1         8         387         3         390            119         258         128         112         19         387         3         390            7         2         17         774         6         780         341         49			61	159	35	102	16		-	ı	1 .		441		442	206	15		123
119         253         232         84         34         34         5         21         7         2         17         774         6         780         341         49          4          7         2         17         774         6         780         341         49          96         105         68         116         13         3         6          4         411         411          411           1         411		<u> </u>	125 128	120	839	15	67 69	12		20.03		oc	387	000	390				
96         105         68         116         13         3         6         4         411		•	253	232	84	34	20			7	2	17	774	9	780	341	49	!	063
182         218         131         243         27         5         10          5         821         1         822         343         67         1           29         49         116         8         46         116         8         46         2         2         1         3         15         263         14         277             64         95         233         13         86         2         2         1         6         24         526         28         554         271         6			105	63	116	13	500	9 4				4.1	411 410	Н	114	:			
35         49         117         5         40         2         2         1         3         9         263         14         277            29         46         116         8         46          3         15         263         14         277            64         95         233         13         86         2         2         1         6         24         526         28         554         271         6		l .	218	131	243	27	5	91		:	-	20	821		822	343	29		=
64 95 233 13 86 2 2 1 6 24 526 28 554 271 6		35 29	49	117 116	x0 ∞	40	2	24			ಬಾ ಯ	9	263	14 14	277				-
		64	95	233	13	98	2	2	1		9	24	526	28	554	27.1	9		777

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	297		282		337		183		141		388		536		375
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	104		35		83		12		4		47		17		54
	193		247		333		171		137		339		510		319
297 297	594	282	564	357 357	714	183	366	141	282	388	776	536 536	1072	375 375	750
7	11	20.00	11	107	3	40	7			er 0	11	ကမ	6	್ ಬ	10
290	583	27 <b>7</b> 276	583	355	711	179	359	141 141	282	382	765	<b>533</b>	1063	370 370	740
63	2	П	-	es 1-	10	10	19	нн	2	9.00	್ಷ	<b>69</b> 10	00	44	00
99	12			63.53	4				-	12	26	33.83	89		
				64	62	107	8	1	-			12	8		
		22	22	П		-	1					П	П		
				18	35	တ တ	17	1	П	-		17	30		2
- 57	33	r-4	11	67 69	5			87 83	4	1	1	12	29	3	600
15	88	8.1	4	16	33	861	39	H 4	ಬ	7	16	13	20	37	74
98	213	39	62	01	19	102	12	ဖက	6	25.0	102	12 TO 18	30	56	105
105 98	203	88 106	194	121	253	£88	133	65 58	123	207	428	1 <b>9</b> 0	380	150 173	323
12 14	27	49 41	06	125 116	241	23.55	48	46 47	93	43.	88	170 174	344	57 60	117
47	85	68 88	172	57	108	42	82	19 24	43	33.4	66	88	176	62 46	108
Essen : Male Female	Total	Frontenac: Male Female	Total	Grey: Male. Female	Total	Haldimand : Male Female	Total	Halton: Male Female	Total	Hastings : Male Female	Total	Furon : V Male Female	Total	Kent: Male Female	Total

-Continued.
TARLE E. MARRIAGES BY DENOMINATIONS.
TAGES BY
R.—MARR
TARIE!

-		R	eligious	Religious Denomination of Bride and Bridegroom	ninatio	n of B	ride an	1 Bride	groom.							How Married.	rried.	N .
COUNTIES.	Episcopalian.	Presbyterian.	Methodist.	Roman Catholic.	Baptist.	Congregationalist.	Lutheran.	Дизкет.	Mennonite.	Bible Christian.	Other Denominations.	Total.	No Denomination given	GRAND TOTAL	License.	Banns.	Not stated.	Total Marriages.
Lambton : Male : Female	37.0	72	98	13	28	40	1		1		0101	258 259	1	259 259				
Total	87	152	185	25	20	13	1				4	517	1	518	247	Ħ	-	259
Lanark : Male Female	88	82	44 49	38.33	811	70.4					60.01	234	21 -	236				
Total	120	156	8	70	19	6					2	469	8	472	197	37	2	236
Leeds and Grenville: Male: Female	82	26.27	151	272	15	-	-	1			e ⊢	374 374	ମଧ	376				C. C.
Total	191	<b>=</b>	304	141	24	-	-	-1			4	748	4	752	319	7.0	<u>-  </u>	9/0
Lennox and Addington: Male. Female	33	18 16	118 129	17 13	7							189		189				
Total	8	34	247	30	3	2					2	378		378	174	15		189
Lincoln: Male Female	44	30 83	103	36	10		16		es	1	10	240	64 85	242 242				
Total	8	82	203	67	22	2	4		4	-	17	479	2	484	212	62		242

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	199		94		218		585		378		369		12		167
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	641		06		207		557	/	337		359		11		158
661 661	1322	94	188	218	436	585 585	1170	378 378	756	369 369	738	212	24	167 167	334
	2	∞ ∞	16	61 00	2	4130	7	-1-1	14	<b>Ŀ</b> -∞	15			. c1 m	20
099	1320	86 86	172	216	431	581 582	1163	371	742	362 361	723	12	24	165 164	329
00	18	-	-	- 21.0	000	∞ <b>⊳</b>	1.5	27.63	4	10	16			7.7	60
17	32					62 72	134	37	74	70 to	000				
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60 63	5	60 03	5	स्टक	6.	64 69	2	27	3						
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68	129	P 60	10	58	125	14 9	23	19	34	57	109				14
424	83	စ္	12	63.63	4	31 37	89	37	99	14	30		2	9	20
243	488	38 38	-71	93	188	246 249	495	142 145	287	136	291	4.0	10	<b>79</b> 89	168
113	234	17	34	14	37	105 109	214	87 86	173	77	154	. 23	5	38	39
165	312	19 20	39	31 26	22	109	201	48	94	39	95	4100	7	32	83
Middlesez : Male : Female :	Total	Muskoka : Male Female	Total	Norfolk: Male Female	Total	Northumberland and Durha <b>n :</b> Male Female	Total	Ontario : Male Female :	Total	Oxford : Male Female	Total	Parry Sound : Male Female	Total	Peel : Male Female	Total

TABLE E.—MARRIAGES BY DENOMINATIONS.—Continued.

					Basis					ł								1
		Η	teligiou	в Бело	minatio	on of B	ride an	Religious Denomination of Bride and Bridegroom	groom.				•1		<b>H</b>	How Married	rrried.	
	Episcopalian.	Presbyterian.	Methodist.	Roman Catholic.	Baptist.	Congregationalist.	Глетван.	Длакет.	Mennonite.	Bible Christian.	Other Denominations.	Torar.	nevig noitsnimoned oN	Gernd Total	License,	Ваппа.	Not stated.	TOTAL MARRIAGES.
	50	97	72 76	32	15	67.67	49		w 4₁	24	9 20	346 347	67 -1	348				
<u>' : '</u>	36	192	148	61	30	4	101		7	45	17	693	8	969	307	41		348
::	23.28	442	41	20	100	7				∞ ೄ	7	152 152	67 67	154 154				
:	21	98	85	41	22		2		:	17		304	4	308	136	18		154
::	12	18 25	19	112 110	<i>დ</i> 10	27					23 :	168 168		168 168				
:	24	43	34	222	8	3					2	336		336	61	102	5	168
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	154	-	483		356		15		267		362	4	232		542
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	47		53		83		9		28		117		43		45
	103		427		270		6		238		241		189		492
154	308	483	996	356 356	712	15	30	267 267	534	362	724	532 232	464	542	1084
-	-	44	000	-	1			000	16	30	49	ರಾದ	14	11.8	19
154	307	479	958	355	711	15	30	259 259	518	332	675	223	450	531 534	1065
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49	26	68	142	96 06	186	2	14	39	74	49 54	103	47	93	56	114
23.23	45	155	320	80	167	64 70	2	. 88	168	56	103	27.	146	175	356
24.23	85	128	256	119	221	. e. e.s	5	60 55	115	20	105	22 23	45	181 166	347
88	56	103	191	41 47	88	3	4	40 36	92	18	46	40	98	76	158
Renfrew: Male Female	Total	Simcoe : Male Female	Total	Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry : Male Female	Total	Thunder Bay: Male Female	Total	Victoria : Male Female	Total	Waterloo: Male Female	Total	Welfand: Male Female	Total	Wellington: Male Female	Total

# TABLE E.—MARRIAGES BY DENOMINATIONS.—Concluded.

			Religion	Religious Denomination of Bride and Bridegroom	minatio	n of B	ride an	ıd Brid	groom				•1			How Married.	arried.	1
COUNTIES.	Episcopalian.	Presbyterian.	Methodist.	Roman Catholic.	Baptist.	Congregationalist.	Lutheran.	Длакет.	Mennonite.	Bible Christian.	Other Denominations.	Total.	No Denomination giver	GRAND TOTAL	.esneoi.l	Banna,	Not stated.	Total Marriages.
worth: Male Female	120	118	141	53	11 22	4.70	40				L-4	459 459	==	470 470				
Total	. 228	221	302	107	33	6	7	1:			11	918	2.5	940	444	26	:	470
viale Female	367	163	387	145 153	52 67	31	9	m 63	202	14 19	34	1161	21 9	1182 1182				
Total	. 703	331	700	298	119	53	13	5	7	33	72	2334	30	2364	1090	81	111	1182
Total Males	. 2381	2635	4244	1533	664	121	265	10	62	261	203	12390	187	12577				:
Do Females	. 2161	2567	14414	1613	725	112	259	00	19	267	231	12419	158	12577			<u></u>	
Grand Total	. 4542	5202	8658	3146	1389	233	524	18	123	528	434	24809	345	25154	1111	1402	64 1	12577

34.89	per	ce	nt.,	or 1 in	ever	y 2.86	persons	married	whose	denominations were given were
20.00		"	"	4.7	"	170	"		"	Methodists.
20.96		••		1		4.76				Presbyterians.
18.30		"	16	1	"	5.46	"		"	Episcopalians.
12.27		"	"	1	"	7.88	"		"	R. Catholics.
5.59		"	66	1	"	17.86	"		"	Baptists.
2.12		٤٤	"	1	"	47.00	66		"	Bible Christians.
2.11		"	"	1	"	47.34	"		"	Lutherans,
.93		"	"	1	"	106.47	"		"	Congregationalists.
.49		66	"	1	"	201.70	66		66	Mennonites.
.07		"	"	1	" ]	1378.02	- "		"	Quakers.
1.75		"	"	1	"	57.16	"			were of other denominations.

Three hundred and forfty-five marriages are returned without the denominations to which the bride and bridegroom belonged being given. The attention of clergymen was called to this omission in the last report, but apparently without effect, as the number of such cases has increased rather than diminished.

Division Registrars should see that slips sent to them incomplete with regard to this

information, are returned for correction.

88.34 per cent. of the marriages were by license, 11.15 per cent. by banns. Of the remaining .51 per cent. it does not appear they were married by license or banns.

The following Table shews the number of Marriages solemnized each month during the year 1877:—

TABLE F.—MARRIAGES BY MONTHS.

COUNTIES.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	No date given.	Total No. of couples married.
Algoma Brant Brant Bruce Carleton Elgin. Essex Frontenac Grey Haldimand Hatton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville. Lennox and Addington Lincoln. Middlesex Muskoka. Norfolk Northumberland and Durham Ontario. Oxford Parry Sound Peel. Perth. Peterborough Prescott and Russell. Prince Edward Renfrew Simcoe. Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry Thunder Bay Victoria Waterloo Welland. Wellington Wentworth York	5 25 52 34 33 33 24 57 21 11 49 54 31 20 30 52 24 28 62 13 30 41 15 16 16 16 59 48 42 109 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	4 12 34 26 10 26 23 37 18 13 36 23 10 7 18 13 38 9 9 11 15 13 33 33 14 29 20 14 16 11 16 16 17 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	3 13 27 31 29 10 13 35 15 24 44 33 21 28 24 13 15 40 26 30 31 15 31 15 40 21 10 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	6 17 22 32 21 19 27 14 7 23 36 26 28 16 28 16 28 16 27 28 16 10 15 17 17 57 24 15 29 82 17 29 17 29 29 17 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	3 27 26 42 13 19 17 26 39 9 17 26 39 12 20 8 18 49 9 14 28 17 27  6 25 9 9 13 23 34 49 9 13 14 14 14 15 16 16 17 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1 13 21 29 16 25 29 23 10 7 24 36 26 24 16 21 11 26 53 6 14 38 25 20 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	2 14 23 42 12 11 17 22 21 21 11 17 22 18 15 17 20 11 11 11 37 4 6 33 26 19 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	6 11 21 36 20 10 20 16 8 10 20 24 14 8 14 17 6 9 42 2 6 13 28 13 19 8 13 5 15 11 10 18 25 4 7 23 12 24 36 72 674	4 19 24 25 20 114 22 21 18 13 34 46 28 19 12 21 12 22 21 11 34 28 21 12 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	6 29 43 45 34 49 34 36 28 22 44 26 61 9 23 59 46 38 31 15 18 13 14 41 48 22 25 43 42 648 127 1390	6 14 48 39 32 31 35 21 17 9 37 46 37 31 18 53 3 19 18 53 32 19 13 14 10 41 26 27 36 45 36 132 1206	4 27 49 29 36 62 22 19 44 26 62 48 25 15 35 28 30 73 110 46 48 22 21 37 7 10 7 48 25 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	1 1 2 4 1 4 1 3 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1	50 221 390 411 277 282 357 183 141 388 536 375 259 236 376 189 242 2661 94 218 585 378 369 12 167 348 154 168 154 483 356 15 267 362 232 542 470 1182
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## Quarterly Returns of Marriages by priority :-

"	" "	March 31 June 30t Septembe	r 31st lst th er 30th	3,346 $2,671$
Date of I	narriage o	штореа	••••••	$\frac{-35}{12,577}$
Average	number of	' Marriages pe	er Quarter	
"	14111001 0-	"	Month	
"		"	Week	,
66		"	Day	

The months of December and October still continue to be the favourite months for wedlock.

TABLE G.—MARRIAGES
TABLE exhibiting the respective ages of the

				0			
COUNTIES.	Sex.	Under 20.	20 and under 25.	25 and under 30.	30 and under 35.	35 and under 40	40 and under 45
Algoma	М F	1 26	20 13	14 6	6 2	4 1	4 2
	Total	27	33	20	8	5	6
Brant	M F	4 51	95 106	61 35	27 12	8 10	7 3
	Total	55	201	96	39	18	10
Bruce	M F	4 104	$\frac{141}{202}$	157 58	39 12	28 8	9
	Total	108	343	215	51	36	9
Carleton	M F	77	140 202	141 76	60 27	27	15 9
	Total	81	342		87	36	24
Elgin	М F	6 69	119 138	81 39	29 12	18	5 5
	Total	75	257	120	41	22	10
Essex	M F	2 97	$\begin{array}{c} 112 \\ 122 \end{array}$	111 34	24 25	17 5	9 <b>5</b>
	Total	99	234	145	49	22	14
Frontenac	М F	2 54	95 138	88 51	40 14	29 14	9
	Total	56	233	139	54	43	13
Grey	М F	3 109	159 183	130 44	31 8	13 3	6 4
	Total	112	342	174	39	16	10
Haldimand	M., . F	1 48	90 91	54 27	16 9	7	5 2
	Total	49	181	81	25	11	7
Halton	М F	28	46 69	51 24	20 9	10 5	$\frac{1}{2}$
	Total	28	115	75	29	15	3
Hastings	М Г	5 98	145 178	121 57	43 17	30 15	11 8
	Total	103	323	178	60	45	19
Huron	м F	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\119\end{array}$	200 307	211 75	69 16	23	10 5
	Total	121	507	286	85	27	15
Kent	м F	5 121	143 170	125 44	47 16	23 12	6
	Total	126	313	169	63	35	6
Lambton	M F	70	105 131	92 33	33 10	12 4	3 1
	Total	72	236	125	43	16	4

BY AGES.
parties married during the year under review:—

45 and under 50.	50 and under 55.	55 and under 60.	60 and under 65.	65 and under 70.	70 and under 75.	75 and under 80.	Over 80.	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{Age} \ \mathbf{not\ given}. \end{array}$	TOTAL
1	;								50 50
1									100
$\frac{7}{3}$	3 1	2	2	2		3			$\frac{221}{221}$
10	4	2	2	2		3			442
6 3	3 1	2	2	1					390 390
9	4	2	2	1					780
9	5 2	1	3					6 8	411
10	7	1	3					14	822
7 3	4 3	$\frac{1}{3}$	5			1		1 1	277 277
10	7	4	5			1		2	554
6 5		6	6		2			2 2	297 297
11		7	7		2			4	594
8	4 1	2	1	1				3 5	282 282
9	5	2	1	1				8	564
4 2	4 2	1 1	2	2		1		1 1	357 357
6	6	2	2	2		1		2	714
5 1	2	1	2			1			183 183
6	2	1	2			1			366
5	5 3	1	2						141 141
5	8	2	2						282
6	9 3	1	1 1	3 1	3			11 9	388 388
6	12	1	2	4	3			20	776
7 2	4 1	$\frac{2}{2}$	4 3	1	1	1		$\frac{1}{2}$	536 536
9	ő	4	7	1	1	1		3	1072
11 3	3 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	5 2	3		1		2 4	375 375
14	4	3	7	3		1		6	750
6 5		i	3 2	2	1			2	259 259
11		1	5	2	1			2	518

## TABLE G.—MARRIAGES

	1	1		1	1		
COUNTIES.	Sex.	Under 20.	20 and under 25.	25 and under 30.	30 and under 35.	35 and under 40	40 and under 45
Lanark	M F	36	75 114	91 55	37 18	18 7	5 1
	Total	36	189	146	55	25	6
Leeds and Grenville	M F	5 64	143 201	126 64	37 17	22 15	19 6
	Total	69	344	190	54	37	25
Lennox and Addington	M F	2 51	74 81	70 33	20 8	4 4	6 6
	Total	53	155	103	28	8	12
Lincoln	М F	4 60	87 104	86 48	30 15	19 6	6 1
	Total	64	191	134	45	25	7
Middlesex	М F	$\begin{array}{c} 5\\132\end{array}$	242 347	227 105	94 35	43 14	$\frac{20}{12}$
	Total	137	589	332	129	57	32
Muskoka	М F	30	32 38	32 9	13 6	2 4	8 2
	Total	31	70	41	19	6	10
Norfolk	М F	5 59	102 109	53 23	25 9	12 6	7 5
	Total	64	211	76	34	18	12
Northumberland and Durham	M F	7 114	215 284	197 93	69 35	25 13	21 15
	Total	121	499	290	104	38	36
Ontario	M F	11 102	163 179	113 63	42 14	20 7	14 4
	Total	113	342	176	56	27	18
Oxford	M F	5 80	155 185	113 60	48 19	21 5	7 8
	Total	85	340	173	67	26	15
Parry Sound	M F	1 6	3	6 3			1
	Total	7	7	9	· · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Peel	М F	$\frac{1}{24}$	52 89	62 29	25 12	9	5 5
	Total	25	141	91	37	13	10
Perth	M	1 78	136 178	143 60	32 20	13 4	10 3
	Total	79	314	203	52	17	13
Peterborough	M F	$\frac{1}{32}$	54 77	55 26	24 11	9 3	6 1
	Total	33	131	81	35	12	7

## BY AGES.—Continued.

		1	1						
45 and under 50.	50 and under 55.	55 and under 60.	60 and under 65.	65 and under 70.	70 and under 75.	75 and under 80.	Over 80.	Ages not given	Total
4 2	3 1	1 1	1	1			-	1	236 236
6	4	2	1	1				1	472
7	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	4	2 1					5 5	376 376
8	8	4	3					10	752
5 1	4 1	1 1	1	2	1			1 1	189 189
6	5	2	1	2	1			2	378
$\frac{2}{2}$	3 4	$\frac{2}{1}$	1	1				1	242 242
4	7	3	1	1	•••••			2	484
8 3	6 7	8 4	<u>2</u>	$\frac{1}{2}$	4	1			661 661
11	13	12	2	3	4	1	·····		1322
1 5	2	2	1						94 94
6	2		1					ļ	188
4 4	5 1	3 1	2					1	218 218
8	6	4	2					1	436
11 11	9 4	$\frac{9}{2}$	3 1	1	4		2	12 12	585 585
	13	11	4	2	4		2	24	1170
2 5	5 2	2	3	1	1			1	378 378
7	7	2	4	2	1			1	756
5 3	5 2	6 3	1	1	2			3	369 369
8	7	9	2	1	2			3	738
									12 12
									24
$\frac{3}{2}$	2	4	3					1	167 167
5	2	4	4					2	334
7 3	3	2		1			,		348 348
10	3	3		1				1	696
2 2	1 1		1					1	154 154
4	2		1	]				. 2	308

## TABLE G.—MARRIAGES

COUNTIES.	Sex.	Under 20.	20 and under 25.	25 and under 30.	30 and under 35.	35 and under 40	40 and under 45
Prescott and Russell	М F	7 · 56	76 74	43 24	20 -7	10 2	4
	Total	63	150	67	27	12	4
Prince Edward	$\overset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{F}} \dots$	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\36\end{array}$	75 70	39 22	9 8	5 2	6 4
	Total	40	145	61	17	7	10
Renfrew	$_{\mathrm{F}}^{\mathrm{M}}$	1 34	48 79	52 28	24 7	1.5	7
	Total	35	127	80	31	17	7
Simcoe	$_{\mathrm{F}\ldots}^{\mathrm{M}\ldots}$	2 127	188 222	172 83	57 21	29 10	12 4
	Total	129	410	255	78	39	16
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	$\mathbf{F} \dots$	6 79	122 162	113 62	59 30	21	11 7
	Total	85	284	175	89	30	18
Thunder Bay	$_{ m F}^{ m M}$	5	6 · 7	4 1	3	1	1 1
	Total	5	13	5	3	1	2
Victoria	М F	5 59	91 129	94 50	38 5	14 6	5 3
	Total	64	220	144	43	20	8
Waterloo	M F	3 75	170 189	112 63	31 13	20 8	10 10
	Total	78	359	175	44	28	20
Welland	М F	47	91 117	90 45	24 10	12 7	7 3
	Total	47	208	135	34	19	10
Wellington	M F	4 115	206 284	200 80	59 28	22 6	21 9
	Total	119	490	280	87	28	30
Wentworth	M F	5 98	205 243	129 69	63 28	26 11	9 10
	Total	103	448	198	91	37	19
York	M F	7 219	472 575	379 219	162 79	52 41	43 27
	Total	226	1047	598	241	93	70
Total Males		134 2889	4894 6090	4238 2020	1529 644	692	371 197
Grand Total		3023	10984	6258	2173	987	568

## BY AGES.—Concluded.

45 and under 50.	50 and under 55.	55 and under 60.	60 and under 65.	65 and under 70.	70 and under 75.	75 and under 80.	Over 80.	Ages not given.	TOTAL
4 4	1 1		2				1		168 168
8	2		2				1		336
3 1	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 1	2	3 1				1 3	150 150
4	4	2	2	4 ·				4	300
5	2		1					$\frac{1}{2}$	154 154
5	2		1					3	308
9 8	6 3	6 1	2	1				3	483 483
17	9	7	2	1	•••••			3	966
9	5 1	2	2	6				6	356 356
9	6	2	2	6				6	712
	1								15 15
	1								30
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	5	1	1				11 11	267 267
3	, 3	5	1	1				22	534
9 3	5		·····i		1		1		362 362
12	5		1		1		1		724
2 1	5	1							232 232
3	6	2							464
8 5	5 7	5 3	5 2	4		1		3	542 - 542
13	12	8	7	4		1		5	1084
6 5	7 2	7	5 1	3	2	3		2	470 470
11	9	8	6	3 ,	2	3		2	940
21 7	20	10 2	8 4	3 2	2	1		2 3	1182 1182
28	24	12	12	5	2	1		5	2364
226 109	159 67	98 38	85 24	44 9	23	14	4	66 94	12577 12577
335	226	136	109	53	24	14	4	160	25154

Of the 12,577 men who were married in 1877, 134 were minors, or one in every 93 persons married; 4,894 married between 20 and 25; 4,238 between 25 and 30; 1,529 between 30 and 35; 692 between 35 and 40; 371 between 40 and 45; 226 between 45 and 50; 159 between 50 and 55; 98 between 55 and 60; 85 between 60 and 65; 44 between 65 and 70; 41 were married over 70.

1.06 per cent. were minors; 39 per cent. under 25; 33 per cent. under 30; 17 per

cent. under 40; and 8 per cent. over 40.

Of the females, 2,889, or 22.17 per cent. were married under 20; 6,090, or 48.42 per cent. between 20 and 25; 2,020, or 16.06 per cent. between 25 and 30; 939, or 7.46 per cent. between 30 and 40; 445, or 3.53 per cent. over 40 years of age.

The ages of 66 males and 94 females were not obtained at the time of marriage, being at the rate of one man in every 133 married, and one female in every 190. The County of

Ontario returns the largest number of marriages under the age of 20, of any county.

The County of York shews the highest number of females married under the age of 20, being 219. The next in order is Middlesex, 132; Simcoe 127, and Kent 121, repectively. The percentage of the whole number persons married according to age is as follows:—

Under 20 yrs.	Males.	1.06 per	cent.	Females.	22.96 per cent	
From 20 to 25 yrs.	66	38.91	"	"	48.22 " "	
" 25 " 30 °	"	33.69	"	"	16.45 "	
" 30 " 35	"	12.15	"	"	5.20 "	
<b>"</b> 35 " 40	"	5.50	"	"	2.34 "	
" 40 " 45	"	2.95	66	66	1.56 "	
<b>45 " 5</b> 0	66	1.78	"	"	0.86 "	
<b>"</b> 50 " 55	"	1.26	"	"	0.53 "	
<b>"</b> 55 <b>"</b> 60	"	0.77	"	"	0.32 "	
<b>"</b> 60 <b>"</b> 65	"	0.67	"	"	0.19 "	
<b>"</b> 65 <b>"</b> 70	66	0.34	"	"	0.07 "	
<b>"</b> 70 " 75	"	0.18	"	"	0.00 "	
<b>"</b> 75 <b>"</b> 80	"	0.11	"	"	0.00 "	
" over 80	"	0.03	"	"	0.00 "	

The following remarkable instances of persons marrying in old age are given here-under:

The great disimilarity in the ages of many of them when married is noticeable.

## MARRIAGES OF OLD PEOPLE.

In the County of Prescott and Russell a man aged 88 married a woman of 48 years.

"	Northumberland and	Ŭ					
	Durham	"	83	66	"	33	"
"	"	"	82	"	"	<b>52</b>	66
"	Waterloo	"	82	"	"	42	66
"	Brant	**	78	"	"	44	"
66	Haldimand	"	78	"	"	58	"
"	Elgin	"	77	"	6.6	56	"
66	Grey	"	77	"	"	25	"
¿"	York	"	77	"	"	63	· · ·
٠. د	Kent	"	77	"	"	<b>57</b>	"
66	Huron	66	76	"	"	56	"
"	Brant	"	75	"	"	<b>3</b> 8	"
66	Huron	"	74	"	**	60	"
"	Northumberland and						
	Durham	"	74	66	"	57	"
"	Middlesex	٧,	74	66	-6	58	"
"	York	"	74	"	"	65	44
"	Essex	"	73	"	66	19	"
46	Wentworth	"	73	66	"	55	66

In the County of	f York a ma	n aged	73	married	la	woman	of 62	years.
ii "	Essex	"	72	"		66	48	"
"	Hastings	66	71	"		"	68	66
"	Northumb'd							
	& Durham	"	71	66		"	60	"
"	Wentworth	"	71	66		"	64	"
"	Middlesex	66	70	"		"	65	"
"	"	"	70	"		"	56	"
"	"	"	70	**		"	56	"
"	Northumb'd							
	& Durham	"	70	"		"	46	"
"	"	"	70	"		"	52	46
"	Ontario	66	70	"		"	65	"

The oldest man married in 1877 in Ontario was 88 years; his wife was only 48, there being the extraordinary difference of 40 years between the two. Two youths entered wedlock at the early age of 17 years. They married girls of 17 and 20 respectively. Six girls of 14 married youths from 17 to 20, and 32 girls married at fifteen.

# TABLE H.—CAUSES OF DEATH.—ALPHABETICAL ARRANGEMENT.

Distinguishing by Months, by Age, and by Sex, the registered Number of Deaths from various specified causes (alphabetically arranged), during the year 1877.

# AGGREGATE.

	- 1		имоия	un	581	308	273	
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		l	ember.			192	718	-
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	MOM			unr	33 16	715	618 7	-
				CeM	16 13	968	850	-
				nqA	48 17	905	843 8	-
				nsM A	21 17		$\begin{vmatrix} 0.014 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$	
			ruary.		45 19	938 1007	807	-
			.Vreu			6   968	815 8	-
-		l <sub>a</sub>			1711			-
			Total.	:	20,053			
	-6				8	<u>:</u>	:	
	DEATHS.		Females.				9,450	
4	DEA	×	Fen				6	
		SEX	Tales.		:	10,603	:	
			Ial			9,0	:	

NATIONALITIES of DECEDENTS over Sixty Years of Age.

Total.	1,389 1,572 1,000 272 4,233
Дор квоми.	31 45 . 27 16
-Canadian.	257 275 143 32
-пезітэтА	94 1111 105 35 345
saiw8.	6 1 6
Етепср.	25.7
German.	63 57 29 6
Scotch.	203 273 208 67 67
.firish.	471 513 302 82 1,368
English.	259 291 179 31
	Of the Deaths between 60 and 70

## TABLE H.—

	DI	EAT	HS.				-		MO	NTH	s.	_	<del></del> 1			_
SEX.	SE	x.														
	Males.	Females.	Totals.	January.	F.bruary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October,	November.	December.	Unknown.
Females		1	1					1								
Males	• 43 ····	37	80	$\frac{4}{2}$	$\frac{2}{6}$	$rac{4}{2}$	6 5	3	4 1	3	$\frac{5}{2}$	5 2	4 7	1 1	$\frac{2}{3}$	
Males Females	186	27	213	14	12 1	16 2	13 1	15 4	19 1	14 3	26 6	13 2	$\frac{15}{2}$	$\frac{14}{2}$	15 2	
Males	2	2	4					···i		1	i				1	
Males Females	6	3	9			1 1		2	1	i	1	1 1				
Males	121	102	$\frac{\dots}{223}$	12 11	7 9	13 8	$\frac{12}{5}$	12 13	5 9	7 6	14 8	7 8	9	10 5	12 11	
Males	1		1							1						
Males	2	7	9	2		i	i						1 1	 	1	
Males	34	30	64	$\frac{2}{2}$	3 6	3	3	7	2	1 5	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{2}{4}$	4	1	1
Males	79	90	169	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 12 \end{array}$	10 6		3 7	5	5 7	7 6				6 3	10	
MalesFemales	145	110	255	4 12	13 14	13 4			8 7	9 8						
Males Females	72	43	115	4	$\frac{2}{4}$	6 5	$\begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	4		6 2	9 5	   8   4	6 3	6 4		
Males Females	55	40	95	5 3	3 4		$\frac{11}{2}$	3 1	5 5		4	6 3	3 4		7	
MalesFemales	210	182	392	$\frac{25}{21}$	27 23	28 36	19 17	18 14	18 7	17 10						
MalesFemales	52	54	106	9 6	2 3	5 3	2 8	2		3 2	13 10		4			2 1
Males	163	179	342	11 13		12 13	17 18		8 16	19 14						1 1
Males	400	393	793	29 26	30 31	42 40		34 34			35 46				3:	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} \dots \begin{vmatrix} 12 \end{vmatrix}$
Males	. 56		61	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$	4	7 1	3	2	4 2	7	4	6	6	5		4 2
MalesFemales	. 1		1											1		
Males	. 33	28	61	5 3					1 1 1 4							2 1 1
Females		123				14	10		6 12	2 8	3 8	7	12	$e \mid \epsilon$	1	2,

## Continued.

							AGE	s.					*	
CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	Over 90.	Unknown.
Abortion					1									
Abscess	$\frac{2}{3}$	3	2 5	1	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{2}{10}$	5 4	7 2	• 9	4	4 1	1 1	3	1 1
Accident	11 1	$\frac{6}{2}$	10 1	17 5	14 1	31 1	16 1	22 3	18 3	18 2	7 2	3	4	9
Ague		<u>i</u>						1	 1	1				
Aneurism							1 1	$_{1}^{2}$	1 1	1			1	
Apoplexy	1	$\frac{2}{1}$	4 2	$\frac{2}{2}$	4 3	3	7 2	9	20 16	20 27	26 19	15	2	6
Arthritis								1						
Ascites								2		2				
Asthma	$\frac{2}{3}$			1			1	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	9	11	2		2
Atrophy and Debility	3		1	1	4	$\frac{2}{4}$	7	4	14	6 18	8 7	10		5
Brain, Disease of	27 22	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 24 \\ 19 \end{array}$	7 7	7	3	9	11 9	6 13	18 17	15 9	10 11	8		2 4 3
Brain, Congestion of	23	14	$\frac{7}{2}$	6 2 2	5 5 2	8 5	6 4 5	5 4 3	7 4	13 4 2	8 4 3	1		
Brain, Inflammation of	7 13	11 22 11	4	4	1	3	2	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	1 1	$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$	3 1			·····
Bronchitis	11 69	11 36	4 6	2 2	3		2 10	8	2 13	1 20	22	 12	• • •	4
Burns and Scalds	56 2	29 29	6 3	2 1	4 1	4 6 3	8 1	10	11 5	14 2	13	8 1	2	13
" " Cancer	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 2 \ 1 \end{array}$	20	11	3	3	1	2	2 2	2	4		1		2
		1	1	1	4	8 5	15 17	19 31	31 36	30 43	32 23	9 8	5 1	8
Cause not specified.	78 55	59 49	29 22	13 17	$\begin{bmatrix} 22\\32 \end{bmatrix}$	37 45	29 45	28 32	31 29	34 26	6	$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 12 \end{array}$	8	14 15
Calculus (stone and gravel)	1	1		1		···i		$\frac{4}{2}$	1	15 	18 1	9	$\cdots^2$	1
Cephalitis				,	1									
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis	5 5	6 6	$\frac{4}{3}$	2 3	4 1	3 4	1	1 1	1 2	1	2	1		$\frac{2}{2}$
Childbirth					4	48	47	20						4

## TABLE H.—

	D	EAT	HS.		-				MC	NTI	HS.					
CHV	SE	x.												8		
SEX.	Males.	Females.	Totals.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Unknown.
Males	37	30	67	4	 1	i	i		1 1	7	12 8	9	$\frac{2}{1}$			1
Males	237	168	 405		$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{4}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	9 5	8 6	59 44	73 54	39 29	14 12	11 10	8	1 1
Males		$\frac{1}{2}$	3	1	i									···i		· · · · ·
Males	323	250	573	41 33	$\begin{array}{c} 41 \\ 24 \end{array}$	32 25	19 25	23 17	26 11	28 19	26 28	27 18	18 14	16 16	23 19	3 1
Males	196	150	346	29 23	27 20	26 16	18 16	11 13	4 5	5 8	6 7	4 6	21 10	23 12	22 14	
Males	6	2	8	···i				1		1	···i					
Males	13		13				$\frac{2}{\cdots}$	$\cdots$	$\cdots$ 2	$\frac{2}{\cdots}$	1	1				
Males	8	···· <u>·</u>	10					$\frac{2}{\cdots}$				$\frac{2}{1}$			····i	
Males:Females	26	 13	39	$\frac{2}{1}$	3	3 1	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$		5 1	$\frac{2}{1}$	$egin{matrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	3 2	···i	
Males	362	304	666	3 3	$\frac{4}{3}$	5 3	2 4	7 3	9	90 73	126 97	81 77	20 23	13 5	1 3	1
Males	454	510	964	53 58	54 47	36 44		31 49	22 23	21 23	$\frac{38}{21}$	36 36	61 51	37 61	40 58	2 9
Males	161	207	368					13 17	12 17	12 16	9 11	18 16	18	13 11	13 22	4
Males		34	159	1	4	4	11 5	7 7	21 6	$\frac{21}{2}$	18 3	10 2		6 3	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 2 \end{array}$	3
Males		73	168	1	1 1	1	4 1	$\frac{4}{2}$	6 2	10 9	30 22	20 19	13 10	3 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Females				1	3	2	3	1 2	2 3 2	1 8	1 4		3	$\begin{array}{c c} 1\\ 3\\ 3 \end{array}$	4	
Females	297	33	69	3 21	16		1 20	3 23	18	5 31	36	31	24	32	19	2
Females	30			3	3	2	4	3	4	22 3	27		2	1	13	
Females	155	25		11	19	16	11	15	11	11	1 17 14		13	5		3
Females	52	1.48	l	7	6	6	7	3	6	3	4	1	3	8	2	
Females				6	6	5	7	2	2	1	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$		5	5	1	
Females	1	33	78	2	4			2	5	4	2	2	3	2	1	

## Continued.

							AGI	ES.						=
CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	Over 90.	Unknown.
Cholera Infantum	10 3 178 121	5 57	$\stackrel{ }{}$ 2		$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 1 \ \dots \end{array}$	$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ \ldots \end{matrix}$	3	3	6 2	2 6	3 3	3 1		
Chorea	121	46	1 i	1	• • • • •			····i					• • • •	
Croup	228 156 68 50	61 54 101 66	6 20	3	2 4 	13 	3 4		$egin{array}{c} 4 \ 2 \ \cdots \end{array}$		$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \end{array}$			5 2 2 6
Cyanosis	6 2													
Delirium Tremens							1 1 1	4	1 1		7	1		2 
Diabetes	231	81	<sub>1</sub>	2	3	4 3 2	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ \dots \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$	4 1 1	3 1 3	5 1 14	 13	2 	 1	1  8 2
Diphtheria	188 37 39	73 208 201	127 159	49 60	12 20	2 4 11	3 4	1 3	3	12 1	8 1 2			10 11
Drowned	9 4 2	3 7 17	8 8 13 8	7 5 12 3	10 10 2	7 12 19 6	13 15 21	13 24 18 1	17 33 4 1	16 34 4	46 36 1	12 9 2 1	1 1 1	5 9 1 2
Dysentery	34 27	22 20	4 2	1 1	2	4 3	5	1 1	5 4	3 4	5	2 3	1 1	6 4
Dropsy Ovarian  Dyspepsia	4 6	3	1 1	2 1	1 i	2 2	1 1 1	1 4 4	8 5	5 6	1 4	3		2 2 2
Enteritis  Epilepsy	99 69 3	34 20	16 13	13 9 1	21 8 3 3	14 19 2 8	11 15 12 3	13 9 2 5	17 11 3	25 9 1	17 12  2	1	1 	13 5 2 1
Erroneously specified	66 50	24 18	3 3	6	2 7	7 16	4 10	12 7	4 7	13 15	6 5	1	1	6 7
Exhaustion	13 25 12 8	5 3 1 2	1 1	3 3 1 1	2 1 1	4 1 2 2	2 2 3 5	6 4	4	6 3	3 3 4 1	1 2	1	<sup>4</sup> <sup>2</sup> 4

## TABLE H.—

	D	EAT	HS.						MC	NTI	HS.	3				
CDY	SE	x.														
SEX.	Males.	Females.	Totals.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Unknown.
Males																
Males	74	86	160	2 7	7 6	5 8	$rac{2}{2}$	$\frac{4}{7}$	4 5	3	3 8	14 14	15 14	7 5	6 7	2
Males	3	3	6			1				1		$\frac{1}{2}$	···i			
Males	41	22	63	3 3	$rac{2}{2}$	$\frac{3}{1}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	3 1	1		5 4	$\frac{2}{6}$	5 3	3 1		
Males	351	366	717	36 30			41 51	46 52	25 21	19 17	16 19	9	11 11	18 23	25 22	2
Males	253	224	477	12 9	18 11	14 11	12 8	8 5	6 4	9 11	13 25	37 34	56 49	45 30	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 24 \end{array}$	3
Males		6	10	····i		····i	$\frac{1}{2}$	2			<u>i</u>	i				
Males		i	2												····i	
Males	26 	11	37		4 1		1	$\frac{1}{2}$		5 3	5 1	$1 \\ 1$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{1}$		
Males	3		3												1	
Males		··· 24	46	3	2	····i	1 1	···.2	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	1 3	3	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	5 3	
Males	395	302	697	45 33	40 27	42 29	36 26	38 24	27 29	29 26	22 25	28 19	22 20	28 18	34 26	
Males	62	63	125	6 7	10 3	5 5	8 8	4 5	4 3	5 6	3 5	4 6	6	5 5	3	i
Males		···. 4	····.14		3			1	1	1		···i	···i		$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	
Males		12	29			1 1	$\frac{1}{3}$	····2	 1		$\frac{4}{2}$	$\cdots$	$\frac{2}{1}$		1	i
Males	2	···· 4	6		1 1			····i		i					1	1
Males	117	80	197	8 10		11 10	15 11		5 6	9 5	11 5	14 10	10 5		6 2	1
Males																
Males	ļ	1								<u>1</u>						
Males		478	1164	33 27	55 32	42	50 36	58 39	62 45	57	80 60			28	40 40	
Males	122	···.78	200	12 5	10 3	8 7	17 8	10 8	11 5	9 8	10 9	9. 6		12 6	8	

## Continued.

							AG	ES.						=
CAUSES OF DEATH,	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.3	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	Over 90.	Unknown.
Executed														
Fever	10 6	9 <b>1</b> 6	$\frac{3}{13}$	$\frac{3}{7}$	4 10	12 10	9 8	4 4	6 3	6 6	3			4
Fever, Infantile	2 3	1									• • • •	):::		
Fever, Remittent	6 3	9	4 2	4 2	$^2_1$	2 2	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \end{array}$	1	1 1	4	5 2	1		1
Fever, Scarlet	48 42	159 186	100 94	$\frac{19}{22}$	10 7	7 8	$\frac{2}{3}$		;			1		5 3
Fever, Typhoid	2 4	14 13	11 6	19 25	35 27	68 59	33 26	27 28	12 8	13 8	2 2	$\cdots$ 2		15 18
Fever, Typhus			1 1	1 1	···.i	3		1	1					
Fistula	·····i								1					
Fractures and Contusions	· • • • • ·	1 2	1		1	1 1	5 3		6	2 2	$\frac{2}{2}$	$^2_1$		 
Frozen								1		1	1			
Gastritis	1 1	1 4	1	i		1 5	2 3	$\frac{4}{2}$	1	5 2	$^2_1$	···i		1 3
Heart Disease	19 10	4	5 9	5 8	18 18	20 25	$\begin{array}{c} 42 \\ 32 \end{array}$	42 41	46 46	67 51	88 43	15 8	···i	$\frac{24}{6}$
Hemorrhage	11 14	3	$\frac{2}{2}$	5 1	5 1	5 13	6 15	6 8	5 1	5 1	6	1		$\frac{2}{3}$
Hepatitis	·····i	i						1			3 1			
Hernia	2 1						$\frac{2}{1}$	1 3	2 2	$\frac{2}{1}$	4			3
Homicide	1					···i		1			i			···i
Hydrocephalus	59 38	45 32	$\frac{2}{2}$	1	1	i	1	1						4 5
Hydrophobia														
Ileus							; ;			1				
Infantile Debility	592 395	93 83	1											
Infantile Premature	122 78	i			::::						:::			

## TABLE H.—

	D.	EAT	HS.					===	MC	NTI	IS.			,		
	SE	x.			- 1											
SEX.		les.		ry.	ary.	1					ژید	nber.	er.	aber.	ıber.	own.
15	Males.	Females.	Totals.	January.	February	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Unknown.
Males	36	···· 28	 64	$\frac{2}{2}$	9	5 10		3				$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	5 1	
Males	10 	6	·····i6	1 1		i	i	4	2	1		1 1			2	
Males	26	···· <sub>7</sub>	33		1	2	3 1	5 2	$\frac{3}{1}$	1	1	$\frac{2}{\cdots}$	- 1	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	2
Males	4	<sub>5</sub>	9				1		1 1	3						
Males	31	27	 58	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	3 2	2 3	5 1	5 1	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
Males	4	i	· · · · · · · 5	1		1		1	1				····i			
Males	78 	28	····ió	3 3	7 3	3 1	9 4	9 2	8 2	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 2 \end{array}$	3 1	3 1	7	9 6	5 3	1
Males Females	38	····4	42	2	5	3	1	2	2		2	$\frac{4}{2}$	6	4 1	3 1	
Males	14	 22	36	3 1	1 1	5	1 3	<u>ż</u>		1 4	4		1 3	1	$\frac{1}{3}$	,
Males	96	 72	168	2 9	3 9	7 7	10 5	9 4	9 8	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 7 \end{array}$	12 3	7 4	9		7 6	
Males	155 	121	276	16 11	12 13	23 16	32 16	15 14	7 7	8 11	2 6	5 6	12 7	10 7	13 7	
Males	27	38	65	2 5	3 4.	3 1	$\frac{3}{2}$	1 1	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{4}$	1 1	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 6	3 3	3 5	2 1
Males Females	7	···· <sub>7</sub>	14	i	1		$\frac{1}{2}$	1			$\frac{3}{2}$		$\begin{vmatrix} \dots \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	1		
Males	12 	17	29	1	1 1	1	<sub>5</sub>	5 3	$\frac{1}{3}$	3	1	1		1	1	
Females		117	117	15	22	15	13	17	3	3	5	6	6	4	8	
Males Females	66	58	124	10 8	3 4	5 6	4 6	6 5	5 4	8	6 6	5 6	3	6 4	$\frac{1}{3}$	
Males Females	23	iò	33	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$\frac{1}{2}$		1	7 1		2	3	2	1 1	
Males Females	22	<u>i</u> 7	39	3 1	$\frac{2}{1}$	1 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	4 3	3		1 1	1	<sub>i</sub>	1 1	
Males	6	3	9	2			····i					···i	····i			
Males	5	3	8	1			1			1			2	1		
Males	4	3	7	···i			1			1	1			· · · i		

## Continued.

						AG	ES.							
CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	Over 90.	Unknown.
Influenza.	19 13	5	1 2	1	1 1	4	1 1	1 1	 1 		2	1 1		 3
Insanity Intemperance						····2	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\3\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	4 1 9 3	4	1 3 1	3			<sup>2</sup>
Intussusception	2 1 14 9	1 3	 1 1	 1 1	 1 1	1 1 1 1	4	1 1 3 1	 1 1	5 1	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \ 2 \end{array}$			
Joint Disease						$rac{2}{1}$	1							
Killed by Cars.	2 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	2 2 6	1 1 2	2 5 .9 2	8 3 4	3 3 6 1	9 2 3	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 26 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	3 1	1 1	
Laryngitis	2 3 5	4 9	4 3 2	2	1	<u>.</u>	 5	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \cdots \end{vmatrix}$	1 19	1	1 13			
Lungs, Congestion of	45 34	2 3 28 22	5 2	4	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\7\\6 \end{bmatrix}$	5	5 9	7	19 11 11 4	8		1	3	4 2
Lungs, Disease of	3 2 7 7	2 4	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \ \ldots \end{array}$	1 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$	3 7	3 7	5 1			
Measles	$\begin{bmatrix} & 7 \\ 8 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	4 9	<sub>2</sub>	2	2									
Metria (Puerperal Fever)	29	11 18	8 10	4	<sub>5</sub>					1	. 2	2		
Mortification		$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$		1		1	. 1	2 2		3 2	2	3 3	3	]
Nephritis	1	1 1 1	1	1		1 1		2	1	3	] 1			1
Neuralgia	2 2		1	1			1	j	1				1	

## TABLE H.—

	D	EAT	HS.						M	ONT	HS.					==
SEX.	SE	EX.														
	Males.	Females.	Totals.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Unknown.
Males	875	786	1661	92 71	69 70	96 79	80 68	75 76	78 74	60 46	59 60	64 58	68 56	57 63	77 63	2
Males Females	31	 18	49	3	$\frac{1}{2}$	$rac{2}{1}$	2 2	4 1	····i	$\frac{2}{1}$		$\frac{4}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{4}{2}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	
Males	188 	167	355	19 18	20 14	23 19	16 18	16 19	$10 \\ 12$	9 13	11 11	15 14	14 6	16 11	19 12	
Females	6	5	5		$\frac{1}{2}$	1		$\frac{1}{2}$		1				1	1	
Females		3	9	1				1							1	
Males	67	 5ักั	122	4 5	8 3	3 4	5 7	4 3	$\frac{4}{7}$	6 4	8	6 4	6 3	5 5	8 5	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$
MalesFemales	$\frac{2}{\dots}$	i	3					1 1		1						
Males Females	931	1226	2157	95 103	84 92	90 <b>12</b> 3	95 127	87 125	67 80	66 108	66 99	66 98	66 85	77 85	68 98	4 3
Males Females	16 	 ii	27	$\frac{1}{2}$	3 1		$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	1 1		3	2	$\frac{2}{1}$	2		
Males Females	601	449	1050	64 57	95 68	92 85	94 74	69 40	23 20	19 15	14 11	19 10	25 19	38 26	48 24	1
Males	<b>1</b> 9	 10	29			1	5 1	1 1	$\frac{1}{3}$	3 1	$\frac{1}{2}$		1 1		···i	
Males Females		7	9	····i	i			 1	2	i				1	. 1	
Males Females	7	···. 3	10	1 1		1 1			$\frac{2}{\cdots}$		1 1					
Males	9	9	<b>1</b> 8	1 1		$\frac{\dots}{2}$	2	1 1	$\frac{1}{1}$		3 1		1 1	···· <u>ż</u>		
Males	6	 5	11	1 3	····i		1 1			1	1	1		<i>.</i>	i	
Males	50	49	99	4 5	5 3	4 1	3 6	5 5	$\frac{5}{2}$	4 2	4 6	$\frac{2}{3}$	3 4	4 5	7	
Males	63	78	141	<b>4</b> 9	11 4	9 12	8 7	11 12	5 4	$rac{4}{2}$	····2	$\frac{2}{1}$	1 4	2 8	6 13	
Males	12 	3	15	i	1		1	1 1		1	1 1		1		1	1
Males	8	3	11	1			5		1			i		i	1 1	
Males	33	12	45		1	1	6		2	$rac{1}{2}$	$\frac{7}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	<sub>1</sub>	6 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	
Males	7	$egin{array}{c} 12 \end{array}$	<b>1</b> 9	1	1		$\frac{\dots}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$		1	$rac{1}{2}$	····i		1		

## Continued.

							AG:	ES.						
CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	Over 90.	Unknown.
Old Age									 1	79 87	299 295	367 313	122 82	8 8
Other Diseases	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	····i	$\frac{4}{2}$	1 1	$\frac{2}{5}$	1 1	6	4 1	3 1	4 1			5 1
Paralysis	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{4}{2}$	<u>.</u>		1 1	5 5	12 8	10 9	$\frac{26}{24}$	40 36	<b>54</b> 56	27 16	$\frac{2}{3}$	5 4
Paramenia					1	1		2	1					
Pericarditis			$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$			i				1 1			••••	
Peritonitis	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 2 \end{array}$	1 4	$\frac{5}{2}$	7 5	7 4	14 14	4 5	4 7	6 4	6 4			• • • •	3 4
Phlegmon						1	i		1					
Phthisis or Consumption	31 14	21 27	12 24		69 <b>1</b> 53		$154 \\ 242$		84 92	68 47	30 13	3 7		28 45
Pleurisy		i		1	2	$\frac{2}{1}$	3	1 3	3 1	1 1	3 4			
Pneumonia	152 97	98 73	21 21	10 9	17 18	39 35	45 40	47 39	44 22	60 46	39 29	6		22 17
Poisoned		$\frac{2}{2}$	····i	i	2	$\frac{2}{1}$	4 1	$^2_1$		2	$\frac{2}{1}$			
Privation	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ 2 \end{array}$						$\frac{1}{2}$	····i	1	i				····i
Purpura and Scurvy	3 3		2	1						1				• • • •
Pyaemia	$^2_{f 1}$	i				$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 1	1				2
Quinsy	1	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$	3 1	1 1	····i		1							
Rheumatism	1	1 1	$\frac{2}{1}$	6	4 3	5 4	5 4	6 4	5 7	10 10	4 6	i	i	1
Scarlatina	8 9	34 46	16 18	$\frac{2}{3}$	1 1	2								i
Scrofula	1	$\frac{4}{2}$	1		1		1	3						2
Skin Disease	5 2	1 1	1							1				
Small Pox	1 1	$rac{6}{2}$	5 3	3	5 2	9	$^2$	<u>2</u>						$\frac{2}{1}$
Spinal Bifida	6 11	1												

## TABLE H.—

	D	EAT	rµs.	Ì					MO	NTF	IS.					
form SEX.		EX.		y.	ry.							ber.	ı,	ber.	ber.	WD.
	Males.	Females	Totals.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Unknown.
Males	39	40	79	2 4	4 3	4	5	5 2	3 7	5 2	2 4	3 3	$\frac{2}{1}$	2 1	2 3	1 1
Males	1	i	<u>2</u>								1				i	
Males Females		···· <u>·</u>	·····ż					<sub>i</sub>							i	
Males	6		6			1		1					2			1
Males	102	 88	 190	13 4	11 7	13 11	3	6 6	6 6	11 7	7 4	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 12 \end{array}$	4 14	8 5	9	
Males	17	<b>1</b> 8	35		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	1 2	2	1 1		$\frac{1}{2}$	i	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
Males		 13	30	5 <b>3</b>	$\frac{1}{2}$	3 <b>2</b>	1 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	2		1	$\frac{1}{2}$		1 1	1	
Males	42	 13	<sub>55</sub>	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{5}{2}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	2	7 1	4 1	6 2	$\frac{1}{2}$	5	2 2	1	5 1	
Males		<u>4</u>	7						$^2_{f 1}$	····2		i				
Males	7	4	11				1	1	···· <u>ż</u>	1		1	1	1	1	
Males		<sub>5</sub>	16	i	1			i	2		2 1	2	$\frac{3}{2}$	1		
Males	64	 56	 120	3	2 4	2 2	4 2	$\frac{2}{2}$	4 4	$\frac{12}{6}$	12 16	11 10	2 4	4 2	6	
Males	10	$\cdots_{\dot{2}}$					1 1	2	1			1			···i	
Males	<b>1</b> 8	17	35		2	2	1 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1 5	5 1	1 3	1	2 2		
Males	20	31	 51	2 1	<b>2</b>	4 4	1 1	3	$\frac{1}{6}$	1 2	1 3	1 3	1 5	2 3	3	
Males	13	••• 7	····.20	1	1 1		$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$			1		···i	1	1		
Males		16	31		$\frac{2}{3}$	1 1	1	2 1		1	$\frac{1}{2}$	2 2	2	2	)	i
Females		23	23		3	6	1	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	1.	
Males															' .	
Males		126	212	8: 19	8 6	6	13	15 11	3	3 12	14 15	8	13	7	10	1
Males		10	2 <b>i</b>		· · · · ·	2			1	1 2	2	1	1	3	11.	i
Males		5	20	i		1					···· <u>2</u>	1	1		···i	1

## Concluded.

							AGE	s.						
CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 15.	15 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	Over 90.	Unknown.
Spinal Disease.	9 8		i	$\frac{1}{3}$	-					-			<u> </u>	1 3
Spleen Disease						1		i						
Stricture of Intestines							[	····i	i	 				
Stricture of Urethra										2				3
Still-born.	102 88													
Sudden (cause not known)	1				1	2 4	$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline 5\\2 \end{array}$	1	5 3	3 4		····i		i
Suffocation	7 9	3 1				i	• • • •	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \cdots \end{vmatrix}$		1	$\frac{2}{1}$			···i
Suicide					$\frac{2}{1}$	5 3	10 4		7 1	10 1				2
Sunstroke		$\frac{3}{2}$			····i			····i						
Syphilis	$\frac{3}{1}$	1 1				2 1		1				 		
Tabes Mesenterica	6	3								1	1	• • • •		
Teething	43 26	21 30												
Tetanus	1	1	3	1				2		• • • •			• • • •	1
"	15 12	$\frac{2}{2}$			1									
Tumour Ulcer	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ \end{array}$				i	4 2	7	6	1 6 3	3 5	2			1
Ulceration of Intestines	1	$\frac{1}{2}$			···i	3	1		4	2 2 3				
Uterus, Disease of.	2	•			2	1 1 3	4	2 3 6	6	4	2 1	1		<u>2</u>
Violent Deaths														
Whooping Cough	56 79	24 44	1 2	1										4
Worms.	1	9	1	1	3	1			1					····ż
Wounds.		···i	2		6	1				• • • •				3

## TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

						М	IASM	ATIO.			0	
COUNTIES.								gh.			eral Fever).	
	Sex.	Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Croup.	Whooping Cough.	Infantile Fever	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Influenza.
Algoma	Male Female.		$egin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ \end{smallmatrix}$		$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{matrix}$		$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ \end{smallmatrix}$	1		3 1	i	
Brant	Male	2	3  1 1		 8 6		 3 1	1 1		3 2	1	
	Total	3					4	1		5	1	
Bruce	Male Female. Total		$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\1\\\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	1  1	12		$\begin{array}{c c} 9\\3\\\hline 12\end{array}$	$\frac{2}{2}$		$-\frac{3}{1}$	3	
Carleton	Male Female.		1 3		7		12 6	<sub>2</sub>		1 1	3	i
Elgin	Male Female.	····· 1	4	5	13 13 17	1	18 3 2	$-rac{2}{1}$	1	4		1
	Total	1	_		30	1	5	3	1	4	2	
Essex	Male Female. Total.,	$-\frac{10}{4}$			$\frac{20}{29}$		4 4	$-\frac{1}{4}$		1	2	
Frontenac	Male Female.	;			26 13		3 2	1			4	
Grey	Male Female.			1	39 		5 5 5	1 4	1	1 1	4	1 1
	Total				56		10	4	1	2	4	2
Haldimand	Male Female . Total			$-rac{2}{3}$			$egin{bmatrix} 2 \ \dots \ 2 \ \end{bmatrix}$				1 1	

## BY COUNTIES.

				Mia	SMAT	eic.					Tuber	CULAR.		ı	VERVOU	s Systi	ent.
Dysentery.	Diarrhea	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Ague,	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis (Consumption of Lungs).	Hydrocephalus.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.
	2 2	 			2	4 1						8			1 1		1
1	4				2	5						11			2	1	2
2 2	12 6	3 5	  ····i	ļ	4	10 4		3	4 3		1	33 30	1	 	3 2	2 1	6
4	18	8	1		4	14	2	3	7		1	63	1		5	3	10
2 2	<b>4</b>	7 3	4 3		3	6 5	$\frac{2}{1}$		4 1	1		29 37	5 3	 	1 2	2 3	5 5
4	10	10	7		3	11	3		5	1		66	8		3	5	10
2 2	11 13	1 5			6	$egin{array}{c} 8 \ 2 \end{array}$	1 1	<u>.</u>	8 15		 	36 45	2 3		2 2	<b>4</b> 2	4 4
4	24	6			6	10		2	23			81	5		4	6	8
2	10 8	4		1		4 4		$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{3}{2}$		<b></b>	16 23	1. 2	•••••	3 2	2 2	3 4
5	18	8		1.		8		5	5			39	3		5	4	7
2 2	9	8 6		i	3	10 5	1 1	3 1	$\frac{3}{2}$			27 21	1 5		2 2	3	1 9
4	14	14		_1	3	15	2	4	5			48	6		4	3	10
	1 1	4				$^6$	i		3 2			8 <b>1</b> 2	. 2			1 2	2 4
	2	4				7	1		5			20	2			3	6
4 2	5 6	9 5				3	7	<sub>i</sub>	2 5			11 20	. 2 1	•••••	i	2	9
6	11	14	3			7	8	1	7			31	3		1	2	16
i	4 3	1 3				3	1 1	1	1			12 19	. 2 1			1 3	3
1	7	4				6	2	1	1			31	3	• • • • • • •		4	3

## TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

				Nı	ERVOU	s Sy	STEM				
COUNTIES.	Sex.	Insanity.	Chorea.	Epilepsy.	Tetanus.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Inflammation of Brain.
Algoma	Male Female Total	1				-1 $1$ $-2$	$-\frac{1}{1}$		i 1		1
Brant	Male Female. Total	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix}$		$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	 	9 6 ———————————————————————————————————	$\frac{4}{3}$		$\frac{3}{3}$		
Bruce	Male Female.			$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$		$-\frac{12}{9}$	4 4 8	  1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\-4 \end{bmatrix}$	2  2	1
Carleton	Male Female.	1		$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}$		$\frac{7}{3}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	i			4
Elgin	Male Female.	1		$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}$		$\frac{6}{4}$	$-rac{2}{2} - rac{2}{4}$		$\frac{1}{2}$	1 	1
Essex	Male Female. Total			$egin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline 2 \end{bmatrix}$	1 1	53	$-\frac{4}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{1}$	3	1 1	
Frontenac	Male Female. Total					5 2 -7	$-\frac{1}{2}$	-1 $1$ $1$ $2$		1 	
Grey	Male Female.	1		i		6 5	1 	1	i		1 1 2
Haldimand	Male Female.					2 8 10	3 	1			1 1 -2

## BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

_	RES	SPIRA	TORY	Orc	ans.		DE				ILDR	Disea	ASES	D <sub>1</sub>	EVELOP- ENTAL SEASES OF OMEN.	DEVELOP- MENTAL DISEASES OF OLD PEOPLE,			
Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Still-Born.	Infantile Premature.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Other Malformations.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Paramenia.	Childbirth.	Old Age.	Total.	Other Diseases and cause not given.	Grand Total.
i	1 1		· · · · ·	1	i		1	1	 		i	1	4		2	$rac{4}{2}$	46 30	$\frac{26}{31}$	72 61
1	2			1	1		1	1			1	1	8		2	6	76	57	133
4	4 2		$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$egin{pmatrix} 2 \ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ \dots \end{vmatrix}$	3 3	2	4		1	1 1	1	3 11		2	$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 14 \end{array}$	178 140	40 39	218 179
4	6		21	3	$-\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{}{2}$	8		1		1	14		2	38	318	79	397
3	4 4		13 14	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$egin{bmatrix} 1 \ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	4	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 1 \end{array}$	4 3		·i	 1	$\frac{2}{2}$	17 11		2	19 16	179 174	48 18	227 192
3	8	1	27	4	3	4	3	7		1	1	4	28		2	35	353	66	419
3	<b>4</b> 6	1	11 3	<sub>1</sub>		3		3		1	i	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	19 17		2	31 22	198 199	58 50	256 249
3	10	1	14	1		3	2	6		1	1	5	36	<u></u>	2	53	397	108	505
2	6 5		11 4	3	1 1	2	1 1	3 2		1			14 11		····· <u>·</u>	19 23	149 144	38 22	187 166
2	11	1	15	3	2	2	2	5		1			25		2	42	293	60	35 <b>3</b>
1	2		19 11		2	2	1	3 1		i	• • • • •	1 4	17 17		2	19 22	172 167	73 66	245 233
1	3		30		2	2	2	4		1		5	34		2	41	339	139	478
	2 1		3 4		1 1	1				::		1	9 6		2	17 15	103 77	137 132	240 209
	3		7	3		2	,		-			1	15		2	32	180	269	449
i	10 5	···i	11 10		1	1 1	1					$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 1 \end{array}$	10 12		2	27 20	165 160	90 51	255 211
1	15	1	21		1		2	1		_		3	22		2	47	325	141	466
	2 2		9		1	2 3		1					47		2	10 12	70 79	32 22	102 101
	4		15		1	5		1					11		2	22	149	54	203

# TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

						Mı	ASMA	ATIC.				
COUNTIES.		Pox.	ss.	ina.	ıeria.			Whooping Cough.	Infantile Fever.	elas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	1E3.
	SEX.	Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria	Quinsy.	Croup.	Whoop	Infant	Erysipelas.	Metria	Influenza.
Halton	Male Female.				4		4	2			4	
	Total				8		5	6		3	4	1
Hastings	Male Female.				20 23		8 5	6 7	1	1		2 2
	Total				43	1	13	13	1	$\frac{2}{-}$		4
Huron	Male Female.				12 17		10 8	<b>4</b> 8		$\frac{1}{2}$	7	1 1
	Total				29		18	12 —		3	7	2
Kent	Male Female.		1		21 16		7 3				i	2
	Total.		1		37					1	1	
Lambton	Male Female			i	. 8		5			1	4	ii
	Total.			1	13	1	8	2		1	4	_1
Lanark	Male Female			<sub>i</sub>	12 10		1	1 1			$\frac{1}{2}$	2
	Total.	-		1	22	 2	1	2			2	2
Leeds and Grenville	Male Female			1	20 18		6			<u>2</u>	i	1 1
	Total.	-		1	38	3	10	5		2	1	2
Lennox and Addington	Male Female		. 1		. 14 3 17	1	1 0	2 2		$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\2 \end{vmatrix}$		2 2
	Total.	-	. 1	L :	3 31	1 1	7	4	-! -! -	4		4
Lincoln	Male Female		. 1	2		4				1 3		
	Total.			3	4	6		5 2		4	4	

## BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

				MIAS	SMATI	c.					Tuber	CULAR.		N	ERVOUS	System	r.
Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Ague.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis (Consumption of Lungs.)	Hydrocephalus.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.
<b>4</b> 2	9 5	$rac{4}{2}$				3 7	i		6 4	1		18 33	1 1			3 4	5 3
6	14					10	1		10	1		51	2			7	8
4	7 3	2 5				6 4	$\frac{2}{3}$	$^2_2$	2 1			33 48	6 2			$\frac{1}{2}$	4 2
4	10	7				10	5	4	3			81	8			3	6
5 5	13 13	7 6	$\frac{2}{1}$		2 4	11 20	4	$\frac{3}{2}$	5			23 31	$\frac{2}{3}$		3 2	5 6	4 6
10	26	13	3	1	6	31	4	5	8			54	5		5	11	10
$_{1}^{2}$	12 4	3	i		1 5	4		<b>3</b> 6	2	1		15 24	3			$\frac{2}{1}$	2 <sup>-</sup> 4
3	16	3	1		6	5		9	2	1		39	6			3	6
7 5	9 10	4				6 3	<u>.</u>	6 3	4 3			16 27	i		3	7 5	4 4
		8				9	2	9	7			43	1		3	12	8
	1 3	3	i	 		4	3		9		1	11 20	2 3			$\frac{1}{2}$	3
	4	7	1		 	4	5		18		1	31	5			3	4
3 2	9	7 6	i			5	2 3	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$	5 1			32 62	4 3		3	1 5	6 5
5	12	13	1			9	5	3				94	7		3	6	11
····	2 2 		3			2 2	3		2			15 21				24	5
	4	4	3			4	5		6	1		36	3			6	6
1	6	3	• • • •			13		5	12			1 00				3 5	
2	12	7	2			20	5	5	16	1	2	65	3			8	8

## TADLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

7				N	Tervo	ous S	YSTE	м.			
COUNTIES.		Insanity.	Chorea.	Epilepsy.	Tetanus.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Inflammation of Brain.
	SEX	Ins	CPC		Tet						_
Halton	Male Female. Total.	1		$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-\\-\\2 \end{bmatrix}$		$\begin{bmatrix} \dots \\ \dots \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$	$-\frac{2}{1}$	1	$-\frac{1}{2}$		$-\frac{1}{2}$
Hastings	Male	1		1		10	4	/ 1	1 1	4	$\frac{2}{1}$
	Female. Total.	1		1		17	$-\frac{2}{6}$	1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	1 5	3
Huron	Male Female.	1		1		77	2 4	i	2	1 1	1 1
Kent	Male	1		1		$\begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ -12 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	6	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \cdots \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$-\frac{2}{3}$	$-\frac{2}{1}$	1
	Total					19		2	3	2	1
Lambton	Male Female.			2	3	5 3 8	3		5	$-\frac{2}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$
Lanark	Male			1	3	2	2		3		_ <del>_</del>
•	Total.			1		$-\frac{3}{5}$	3	1	4		1
Leeds and Grenville	Male Female.	1 1		1		8	5	$\frac{2}{1}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	<sub>i</sub>
	Total	2		1		16	8	3		3	1
Lennox and Addington	Male Female.										· · · · ·
	Total.,										
Lincoln	Male Female					7 9	3 4		2	1 4	
	Гota	•••••			1	16	7	2	2	5	1

## BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

	Res	PIRA	TORY	Org	ANS.		DE				TAL I	Disea en.	SES	Dis	VELOP- ENTAL SEASES OF OMEN.	DEVELOP- MENTAL DISEASES OF OLD PEOPLE.			
Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Still-Born.	Infantile Premature.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Other Malformations.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Paramenia.	Childbirth.	Old Age.	Total.	Other Diseases and cause not given.	Grand Total.
	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	11 6	3		4	1	4		'n	i	$\frac{1}{2}$	4 2		4	16 7	130 115	28 24	158 139
	10	3	17	3		4	1	8	-	1	1		6		4	23	245	52	297
	2 1		15 10		$\frac{1}{2}$	4 6	2	$\frac{2}{1}$		1 1		5 6	14 9		7	$\begin{array}{c} 29 \\ 32 \end{array}$	207 200	118 96	32 <b>5</b> 296
	3				3	10	5	8	-	2	<u></u>	11	23		7	61	407	214	621
i	1 9		25 15		 1	2 5	2	$\frac{2}{3}$			i	6 2	15 11		 5	26 26	208 244	110 64	318 308
1	10		40		_1	7	4	5	- '	-	1	8			5	52	452	174	626
í	5		21 11		$rac{1}{2}$	6	2 2	$\frac{\dots}{2}$				$\frac{1}{2}$	16 8		$\cdots \ \dot{2}$	35 15	179 139	64 78	243 217
	5	1	32		3	12	4	2	-	1		3	24		2	50	318	142	460
	3	1			1 1		3 4	2				1 1	12 10		5	19 13	161 149	63 54	224 203
	9	1	35			2	7	2		-		2	22		5	32	310	117	427
1 4	0		15 14			···.i	1	4					13		$\cdots \frac{1}{2}$	17 15	123 114	44 34	167 148
5	12		29			1	1	_4	-	2			21		2	32	237	78	315
	4		19 14	<u>i</u>	i	4 5	1	3				$\frac{3}{2}$	20 12		6	32 29	213 218	78 67	291 285
	5		33	1	1	9	2	6				5	32		6	61	431	145	576
			4						.:		•		15 • 12		5	20 16	112 108	44 34	156 142
	3		8	1		2	1	1		-	 	<u></u>	27		5	36	220	78	298
		 · · · ·	21 14	4	1	1 4	2 4	$\frac{2}{1}$	• • •			3	12 11		1	13 13	172 165	76 54	248 219
	12		35	4	1	5	6	3				3	23		1	26	337	130	467

## TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

						M	[IASM	ATIC.				
COUNTIES,	SBX.	Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Croup.	Whooping Cough.	Infantile Fever.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Influenza.
Middlesex	Male Female. Total			1 1 2	9		3 3			$\frac{1}{2}$	8	
Muskoka	Male Female. Total			$\frac{1}{3}$	_	····	2 2 2	3 1 4				i 1
Norfolk	Male Female. Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	····	$-\frac{2}{4}$	31. 27 58	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 5 -7	 1		i 1 		i 1
Northumberland and Durham	Male F.male.  Total		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 2 4	21 20 41	:::: :	5 1 -6	4 9  13		$-\frac{1}{2}$	3	1 1
Ontario	Male Female. Total.		 	$-\frac{1}{2}$		 	5 6 11	3 1 4		1 4 -5	4	3 1 -4
Oxford	Male Female . Total	1  1		1  1	14 26 40	••••	9 9	$-\frac{2}{4}$	 	$-\frac{1}{2}$	····· <u>2</u> 2	
Parry Sound	Male Female. Total			:::: 	3 6 9		<u>2</u> 2	1 1		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\-3\\- \end{bmatrix}$	······································	
Peel	Male Female. Total			3	5	····· ····	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-2\\- \end{bmatrix}$	2 4 —6		$-\frac{1}{2}$		3
Porth	Male Fema'e. Total		1	$-\frac{4}{3}$	15		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\7\\-9 \end{bmatrix}$	 1 1			5 	****

## BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

				Міа	SMAT	ic.					Tuber	CULAR.	1	N	ERVOUS	s Syste	M.
Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Ague.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Eheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis (Consumption of Lungs).	Hydrocephalus.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.
4	35 19	8	3		<u>2</u>	16 20	1 1	5 6	$\frac{2}{6}$		1	53 63	6 7		1	9 3	16 6
7	 54 	14	3		2	36		11	8		1	116	13		1	12	22
$^2_1$	4 1	$^6_1$	3			4			1 6	1		8 6	1		1	1	1
3	5	7	3			5			7	1		14	1		1	1	1
$_2^1$	5 6	$\frac{7}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$			6 4	1 1	5 4	8 14		•••••	11 15	$rac{1}{2}$		3	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$	7 3
3	 11	$-\frac{3}{10}$				10	$-\frac{1}{2}$	9	22			26	2		3		10
3	14	9 2	2 3			11 5	5 2		17	1		37	4			7	12 8
<u>6</u>	$-\frac{20}{34}$	$-\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{3}{5}$			$-\frac{5}{16}$	$-\frac{2}{7}$	<u>4</u>	$\frac{18}{35}$	1		$\frac{47}{84}$	$\frac{5}{9}$			11	$-\frac{8}{20}$
	11	5	_									31	5				
$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{11}{8}$	1			$\frac{2}{2}$	- 19 - 19	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\-\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	$-\frac{9}{7}$	i1	1	35 66	- 3		3		- 4 3 7
															3		
2	12 8 —	10 7				10 10		3	6 4	1		24 33	5		1 1	1 4	9
5		17	1					5		• 1		57	5		2	5	18
1 1	$\frac{2}{\cdots}$	····i						,.	2		1	4 4	1				3
2	2	1							2		1	8	1				3
$rac{2}{2}$	2 2	$\frac{2}{2}$				$\frac{1}{3}$		1	19 20	. ,	1	14 16	4 1				6 2
4	4	4				4		1	39		1	30	5				8
3	9	6	1		$\frac{1}{2}$	15		2 2	9			20	4			3	2
7		13	1		3	$-\frac{8}{23}$		4	$\frac{9}{18}$			48	$-\frac{3}{7}$			$\frac{1}{4}$	<u>3</u>

## TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

											=
				NE	rvou	s Sy	STEM				
COUNTIES.										ain.	Brain.
	Sex.	Insanity.	Chorea.	Epilepsy.	Tetanus.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Inflammation of Brain
Middlesex	Male			2		22	18	3	$\frac{2}{1}$	4 2	
	Female. Total			3 5		$\frac{9}{31}$	$-\frac{9}{27}$	1 4		$-\frac{2}{6}$	$-\frac{2}{2}$
Muskoka	Male					10	4	$\frac{2}{2}$		4 5	$\frac{2}{1}$
	Total	<u> </u>				15		4		9	3
Norfolk	Male Female.			1 1		11 11	3 1	··· <u>·</u>	i	1	$\frac{2}{3}$
	Total			2		22				2	5
Northumberland and Durham	Male Female.	i		2		13 4	4 3	4 5	2 5	2 2	$\frac{2}{1}$
	Total	1	·	2		17	7	9	7	4	3
Ontario	Male Female.		1	1		$7 \\ 2$	$\frac{7}{2}$	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \end{array}$	4 2	3	1 1
	Total			1		9	9	3	6	4	
Oxford	Male Female.			1 1	1	~	3 5	6 3	1 1		2 1
	Total			2	1	18	8	9		1	3
Parry Sound	Male Female.			1	<sub>i</sub>	$_{1}^{2}$					
	Total			1	1	3					
Peel	Male Female.		 			$\frac{4}{3}$	1	1	$\cdots_{\dot{2}}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	····i
	Total					7	1	1		3	1
Perth	Male Female.			1		8	$rac{2}{4}$		<u>.</u>	1	3 2
	Total			1		16	6		2	2	

BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

	RES	PIRA	rory	Org.	ANS.		DEV				al I	Disea n.	SES	Dis	ELOP- NTAL EASES OF OMEN.	DEVELOP- MENTAL DISEASES OF OLD PEOPLE.			
Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Still-Born.	Infantile Premature.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Other Malformations.	Tething.	Infautile Debility.	Paramenia.	Childbirth.	Old Age.	Total.	Other Diseases and cause not given.	Grand Total.
	9	1 1	38 22	$\frac{1}{3}$	1 1	12 9	8 8	12 6		2		$rac{1}{2}$	33 18		6	49 34	399 323	174 148	573 471
	18		60	4	2	21	16	18	<u> </u>	2		3	51		6	83	722	322	1.044
	1		7 2		1	5	3	6 5				$\frac{1}{2}$	11 6		3	5 1	101 71	32 9	133 80
	1	. )	9		1	 8 	7	11	-			2	17		3	6	172	41	213
5	$\frac{1}{2}$		13 9		3	3 3	<sub>6</sub>			1			12 3			15 10	156 156	38 30	194 186
5			22		3	6	6			2			15		• • • • •	25	312	68	380
1	1 9		39 25	1	2	12 6	$rac{\cdots}{2}$	$\frac{2}{1}$				1	13 16		8	35 35	291 281	64 57	355 338
1	10		64	1	2	18	2	3				1	29		8	70	572	121	693
	7 2		19 15		1 1	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 1	3					24 9		4	30 29	214 193	92 62	306 255
	9		34		2	4	2	3	-				33		4	59	407	154	561
1	8	<u>i</u>	26 25	$\frac{1}{2}$	<u>i</u>	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	<u>2</u>	4	i			$\frac{1}{2}$	15 7		••••	20 24	211 206	67 60	278 266
1	14	1	51 ——	3	1	5	2	5	1		1	3	22			44	417	127	544
	i		$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \dots . \end{bmatrix}$					i	1				3 4			1	28 25	55 40	8 <b>3</b> 65
	1		2					. 1	1			<u> </u>	7			1	53	95	148
	$\frac{4}{2}$	) 	8 10	$\begin{vmatrix} \cdots \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	i	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 2	 1		1	 	1	10 10		i	22 10	128 113		175 149
	6		18	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	4	3	1	-	1		2	20		1	32	241	83	324
	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 2 \end{array}$		20 10	3	:	$\frac{4}{2}$						$\frac{1}{3}$			5	23 24	187 176		250 227
	8	1	30	3	1	6	3					4	24		õ	47	363	114	477

## TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

		Miasmatic.										
COUNTIES.								ď			al Fever).	
	Sex.	Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Croup.	Whooping Cough	Infantile Fever.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Influenza.
Peterborough	Male Female. Total				$ \begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 7 \\ \hline 15 \end{array} $		4 4 8	4		1	$\frac{2}{2}$	2
Prescott and Russell	Male Female. Total	$\begin{bmatrix} 3\\2\\-\\-\\5 \end{bmatrix}$		9 11 20	8 11 19	1 1	$\frac{12}{14}$	3 1 4			1	$\frac{1}{2}$
Prince Edward	Male Female. Total							$\begin{bmatrix} 3\\2\\5 \end{bmatrix}$			1	1 1
Renfrew	Male Female.			3 3	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 8 \\ \hline 15 \end{array}$		$\frac{3}{6}$	5 10 15		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\-3 \end{bmatrix}$	2	2 1 3
Simcoe	Male Female.	1 1 2		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\-4 \end{bmatrix}$	$     \begin{array}{c c}                                    $		$\begin{bmatrix} 8\\3\\11 \end{bmatrix}$	3 4 7		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\-5 \end{bmatrix}$	3 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-2\end{bmatrix}$
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	Male Female.	8 4	1	4 6	23 27	1 1	7 5	6 3	1	$\frac{1}{1}$	4	3
Thunder Bay	Male Female.		1	1 4	50		12 1 2	9	1	1	2	3
Victoria	Male Female.	,		1 2	4	1	3 4	4 8		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	2	1 1
Waterloo	Total Male Female.		1	2 2	9 10	1	4 8	12	2 2	2 2	4	2 2 2

# BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

				Mias	MATIC	J.					Tuber	CULAR.		N	ERVOUS	System	м.
Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Ague.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis (Consumption of Lungs).	Hydrocephalus.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.
1 4	10	3 3	2			$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	1	1	2			14 15	$_{1}^{3}$			1 1	6
5	17	6	2			4	2	1	2			29	4	<u></u>		2	12
1	1 1	3 2			6 3	2 1	1	4 9	18 20			6 31				i	4
2	2	5			9	3	1	13	38			37				1	4
1	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	3 1	2			1 2	1	2 2	10 6			15 16	3			4	2 5
1	5	4	2			3	1	4	16			31	3			5	7
1	4 2	2	2			3	1	1 3	26 20			6 9	4			$\frac{2}{2}$	4 4
1	6	2	2			3	1	4	46			15	5			4	8
7 2	11 10	3 2	2		6	2 7	2 3	3 6	16 23			15 35	6		2	3 3	7 3
9	21	5	2		6	9	5	9	39			50	8		2	6	10
2	5 11	1 7	1	i	1	4 5	1 2	2 2	11 20	 	1	39	4		1	1 4	6 5
2	16	8	1	1	1	9	3	4	31		1	83	5		1	5	11
$^2_1$	2	. 7				2	 1	1				5 6	 			i	
3	2	8				2	1	1				11				1	
$\frac{2}{1}$	1 7		2		2	4 5		1 3	2 4			23 24	4		1		1 4
3	8	3	2	-	2	9		4	6			47	5		2	4	5
3	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$	9 5				9 6	2 2	4 3	10 11	]	L	. 17 27	6		1 1	5 4	7 4
-6	15	1	-			15	4	7	21		·	. 44	8	3	2	9	11

# TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

				N	ERVO	us S	YSTE	1.			
COUNTIES	Sex.	Insanity.	Chorea.	Epilepsy.	Tetanus.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Inflammation of Brain.
Peterborough	Male Female. Total					$-\frac{2}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 4 \end{array}$	 1 1	$-rac{4}{5}$	3 1 - 4	1
Prescott and Russell	Male Female.			$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	1  1		1 1 -2			1 1 2	
Prince Edward	Male Female. Total					$\frac{1}{2}$	5 1 —6			 	
Renfrew	Male Female. Total					4 5 9	$\frac{1}{2}$		1	1	1 1 
Simcoe	Male Female. Total			1		$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	$\frac{-}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	 1 1	2	
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	Male Female.					6 4	$-\frac{9}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1		
Thunder Bay	Male Female.					2					
Victoria	Male Female.		1	1 2		6 7	 4 5	_		3 1	
Waterloo	Total Male Female.	1	1	$\begin{bmatrix} & 3 \\ & -1 \\ & 2 \end{bmatrix}$		13 13 17	9 4 5	1	1	2	1 -4 3
	Total	1		3	1	30	9	2	1	3	7

# BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

	RES	SPIRA	TORY	Ord	ANS.		DE				AL I	Disea	ASES	DIS	VELOP- ENTAL SEASES OF OMEN.	DEVELOP- MENTAL DISEASES OF OLD PEOPLE,			
Laryngitis,	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Still-Born.	Infantile Premature.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Other Malformations.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Paramenia.	Childbirth.	Old Age.	Total.	Other Diseases and causes not given.	Grand Total.
	8 5		11 8	$\frac{1}{2}$		3 1	4					1 4	11 10		1	11 10	124 106	58 63	182 169
	13		19	3		4	4					5	21		1	21	230	121	351
		1	6		1	$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	1 1	 1					43 23		5	13 14	149 167	40 16	189 183
		1	6		1	3	2	1					66		5	27	316	56	372
	3		3 3		1	3 1	1	$\frac{1}{2}$				1	7 6		2	16 11	85 76	12 14	97 90
	3		6		1	4	_1	3				1	13		2	27	161	26	187
	4		11 6	1	2	2 	3	4				<sub>1</sub>	15 13			17 13	146 124	70 69	216 193
			<u>17</u>	1	2	$\frac{2}{-}$	3					1	28			30	270	139	409
			16 19	i	$\frac{1}{2}$	7 3	3	2 1			1	$\frac{2}{4}$	46 24			38 28	263 248	136 95	399 343
			35	1	3		<u>6</u>	3	-		1	6	70			66	511	231	742
 1	7		13 19	1	1 1	3	1	1				$\frac{4}{2}$	45 18		6	41 39	263 265	99 66	362 331
1			32	1	$-\frac{2}{}$		1	1				$-\frac{6}{}$	63		6	80	528	165	693
	4	1	6 7		1	2	2 		1				$\frac{1}{2}$		2	1	46 31	40 37	86 68
		1				2	2		1.	- -	! ,		3		2	1	77	77	154
	1		10 6	3	1	2 1			1		1 1	1 2	19 13		2	14 11	138 127	48 45	186 172
				3	1	3	4		1.	-	2	3	32		2	25	265	93	358
·····	_	2	13 15	3	1	3 2	6	4	1.		2 1	2 2	14 9	!	4	17 19	208 195	64 57	272 252
	10	2	28	3	2	5	7	4	2		3	4	23		4	36	403	121	524

# TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

,						M	IASMA	ATIC:				
COUNTIES,	Х,	Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Croup.	Whooping Cough.	Infantile Fever.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Influenza,
Welland	Male Female.	Sm	. :   Me	98 		ි   ල්n	4 3	M	:   Inf	Er	₩ 	₽II 2
Wellington	Total  Male Female.			1 1	14 24			$\frac{1}{2}$		2 1	1 	1 2
Wentworth	Total  Male Female.		1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 3\\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	38 18 11		11 13 6	$-\frac{8}{6}$		3 2 3	2	3 1
York	Total  Male Female.	5	$\frac{}{}$	9 13 17	29 25 28		19 			5 4 7	7	1 2 3
	Total	5	-	30	53	3	27			11	18	
Total Males Females		33 12	12 17	63 78 141	454 510 964	$\frac{6}{5}$	196 150 346		3	52 46	117	36 28

# BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

				Міа	SMATI	ic.					Tuber	CULAR.		N	ERVOUS	Syste	м.
Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Ague.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis (Consumption of Lungs.	Hydrocephalus.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.
1	2 3	6 2				11 8		$\frac{2}{3}$	4			19 20	1			1 1	3
1		8				19		5	8		,	39	1			2	3
6	17 13	4 4	1 1		3	5 10	<u>·</u>	1 3	16 19			27 36	$\frac{2}{2}$		2	3 2	5 5
7	30	8	$\frac{1}{2}$		4	15	$-\frac{2}{2}$	4	35			63	4		2	5	10
····ż	27 19	23 11	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$			8 9	3 2	3 4	41 27	2 1	1	44 67	5 3	•••••	1 1	 8 10	6 3
2	46	34	4			17		7	68	3	1		8		2	18	9
7 6	53 53	43 38	2 6		4	27 32	7	2 7	55 61	1 1	4 2	124 140	13 11		1 4	20 10	18 14
13	106	81	8		4	59	8	9	116	2	6	264	24		5	30	32
								1.							-1		
95 73	362 304	237 168	37 30	2 2	41 22	253 224	50 49	74 86	351 366	12 3	11 5	931 1226	117 80	1	33 28	121 102	188 167
168	666	405	67	4	63	477	99	160	717	15	16	2157	197	1	61	223	355

#### TABLE I.—CAUSES OF DEATH

				Ne	ervou	s Sy	STEM				
COUNTIES.				·		ons.	isease.	isease.	tis.	Congestion of Brain.	Inflammation of Brain.
	SEX.	Insanity.	Chorea.	Epilepsy	Tetanus.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.	Meningitis.	Congesti	Inflamm
Welland	Male Female.	i		i	1	8	3	····ż	2 1	2 1	
	Total.,	1		1	1		6		3		
Wellington	Male Female.			$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\3 \end{bmatrix}$		$-\frac{14}{8} \\ -\frac{22}{22}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -3\\5\\-8 \end{bmatrix}$	3	i 1	5 3 8	$-\frac{2}{4}$
Wentworth	Male	1	<sub>i</sub>	2	1	18 17	6 10	1 2	8 2	 5 5	4 2
	Total.	1	1	2	1	35	16	3	10	10	6
York 2000-2011	Male Female	1		3		37 35	17 9	5 1	17 17	14 7	16 8
	Total.	1		3		72	26	6	34	21	24
Total Males Females		10		30 25	10 2	323 250	145 110	39 40	66 58	72 43	55 40
Grand Total		16	3	55	12	573	255	79	124	115	95

Sooner or later death and the grave fall to the lot of all. When however it is found that over one-third die before they reach the end of their fifth year, that nearly one-half die before the end of their twentieth year, and that a large number of the remaining half die while yet young and in the prime of life, it becomes a matter of much interest and concern to the State to ascertain the various causes which operate in the destruction prematurely of so many lives.

It was, when considering how the recurrence of the terrible plagues that visited Lon don in the sixteenth century could be averted, that the first move was made to find out where and under what circumstances people died, and how many died in different localities. An imperfect sort of registration was then established from which many valuable hints were obtained. But it was only in 1837 that anything like a perfect system of registration was carried out. At this time an Act of Parliament respecting it came into force. The measure received the cordial co-operation and assistance of the physicians, surgeons, and apothecaries; to whom circulars were sent by the Presidents of their Associations. The

BY COUNTIES.—Continued.

	Res	PIRA	TORY	Org	ANS.		DE				AL E	DISEA	SES	DIS	VELOP- ENTAL SEASES OF OMEN.	DEVELOP- MENTAL DISEASES OF OLD PEOPLE.			
Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Still-born.	Infantile Premature.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Other Malformations.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Paramenia.	Childbirth.	Old Age.	Total.	Other Diseases and cause not given.	Grand Total.
	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$		6		1 1	1 1	<u>i</u>	$egin{pmatrix} 1 \ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	ļ 			3 1	8 2		3	12 17	104 104	77 37	181 141
			12		$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$		3	-	-		4	!		3	29	208	114	322
		• • • •			4		_		-	-		<u> </u>	-						
	9 8	1	15 28			6 8	$\frac{2}{3}$	1 3	 	 		$\frac{2}{1}$	28 21		5	26 38	236 271	110 63	346 334
	17	2	33	5		14	5	4		••		3	49		5	64	507	173	680
3	10 15	···· <u>·</u>	33 26	1	3	11 8	11 14	15 7		·		2 1	31 18	<sub>1</sub>	i	25 29	407 366	161 104	568 470
4	25	2	59	1	6	19	95	22		1		3	49	1	1	54	773	265	1038
2 1	31 34	4 2	50 30	3	3	34 17	25 18	29 16	<b>2</b>	1		11 3	62 60	 1	10	67 78	885 845	355 264	1240 1109
3	65	6	80	9	6	51	43	45	2	2		14	122	1	10	145	1730	619	2349
14 22	210 182	16 11	601 449	34 30	27 38	155 121	102 88	122 78	6 2	7 12	7	64 56	686 478	<sub>5</sub>	123	875 786	7534 7091	3069 2359	10603 9450
36	392	27	1050	64	65	276	190	200	8	 19	14	120	1164	5	123	1661	14625	5428	20053

law has been improved by amendments from time to time, and in 1874 physicians were compelled under a penalty to return certificates of death. And thus from materials at first very imperfect, but continually improving, a national system of vital statistics has been established in Great Britain, and a series of reports, annual, quarterly, and weekly, have been published by the Registrar General, under the superintendence of Dr. William Farr, which afford an insight into the varied conditions of life, health, and disease, which previous to the establishment of civil registration it was impossible to obtain.

To such perfection has the registration of deaths now arrived in England that every Tuesday copies of a printed report of ten pages are sent all over the kingdom, giving the causes of deaths, with conclusions and warnings to be drawn from them, for the previous week ending on Saturday, collected from twenty-three cities in the kingdom, with an aggregate population of over eight millions of people. The report also contains the latest information respecting the health, etc., of the chief cities of the world. And thus

as Dr. Farr has remarked, observers, like watchmen on the walls, are ever on the look out, and neither plague, cholera, or any other great epidemic, can take the nation by surprise.

As touching the value of the registration of vital statistics for the convenience of public reference, etc., the following is important. According to the thirty-eighth Annual Report of the Registrar-General of Great Britain, the provisions of the Registration Act are becoming more generally known by the legal profession, and increasing numbers of certificates are required for proof of death and for pedigree purposes. A considerable number of applications for birth certificates are made by candidates for Civil Service clerkships, and for many other purposes. The annual number of searches at the office of the Registrar-General is increasing rapidly.

The total number of searches in 1875 was 26,356, and the number of certificates issued

was 20,283.

The total number of deaths registered in Ontario in 1877 was 20,053; 10,603 males and 9,450 females. This number exceeds that of the previous year by 1,430.

The mortality in 1877 was at the rate of one death in 87 persons living, or 12.3 per

1,000 of the population.

It has been estimated, by comparing the mortality, general condition of the people, climate, etc., of other countries with those of Ontario, that a death rate of 18 per 1,000 living would be shown to be about the average in Ontario, if the returns were complete.\*

It must be observed, however, that already the returns from many places may be regarded as fairly complete and reliable. The six largest cities for example, excepting Ottawa (from which the returns are very incomplete), viz.: Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, St. Catharines and Belleville, collectively, return a death rate of 20 per 1,000 living. Toronto returns a mortality of 23.6 per 1,000; Hamilton 20, and Belleville 21. The other three are below the average of the six.

The twenty largest cities and towns in Ontario, with an aggregate population of 267,289 or about 16.5 per cent. of that of the entire Province, return 4,365 deaths, or about 21 per cent. of the total number registered. The much larger proportionate returns from the cities are still further evidenced by the fact that five of the largest cities (excepting Ottawa), with a population of 145,231 or about nine per cent. of the total population of the Province, re-

turn 3,042 deaths, or about 15 per cent of the total death returns.

Of the total number of deaths returned then, a very larger proportion, it will be observed, comes from the cities and towns than from the rural districts, as reported last year. And it will be well to state again that this must be owing to the greater facilities afforded in the cities, to the public for registering, by the proximity of the people to the registrar, to the greater amount of interest taken in the subject of registration by people in the cities, and to

the greater value they place upon the returns of vital statistics.

In the cities too, the registrars are better able to look after cases of deaths as well as births and marriages, and to compel neglectful people to have all such cases registered. It must be again observed, that the much larger proportionate returns from the cities cannot be to a greater extent attributable to an actually larger death rate in the cities. Because though the mortality in young children from diseases of the alimentary canal is almost always larger in densely populated localities than in localities more sparsely populated, two at least of our most prevalent and fatal diseases—diphteria and typhoid fever—are known to be usually more prevalent in rural districts. It is well known that there are many extensive tracts of undrained land in the country, and that other insanitary conditions prevail chiefly in rural localities, which cannot fail to produce their usual effects upon the public health.

The returns show that only 89.1 females died to every 100 males; or 47.13 females and

The returns show that only 89.1 females died to every 100 males; or 47.13 females and 52.87 males in every 100 deaths. A larger number of males in proportion to females and in proportion to the whole number of deaths, died in 1877 than in 1876; and again, a larger

number in 1876 than in 1875, as shown in the following table:—

<sup>\*</sup>Interim Report of Registrar-General first half of year 1876.

#### ONTARIO.

	Ln	187	o there w	rere 4,941	male decedents	to 4,409	females o	r 108 males	s to 100 females.	
	"	187	6 "	9,746	"	8,877	66	109	"	
	"	187	7 "	10,603	"	9,450	"	112	"	
n	18	<b>7</b> 5	there were	e 13, <b>5</b> 03 <b>n</b>	nale births and	12,465 f	emales or	108 males	to 100 females.	
"	18	376	66	19,733	"	18,746	. "	105	66	
66	18	377	66	20 659	"	19,298	"	107	"	

#### RHODE ISLAND.

1875, 2,108 1876, 1,969			males to 100 females.
18 <b>75</b> , 3,362 18 <b>76</b> , 3,291	. ,	106.9 108.3	66

#### MASSACHUSETTS.

Deaths in 12 years from 1865-76:

174,053 males to 173,972 females; proportion between males and females nearly the same.

Births..... 241,078 " 227,725 females or 105 males to 100 females.

#### MICHIGAN.

Deaths in 1	1 years,	from 186	5-75:					
	157,568	males to	157,303	females or	100.2	males to	100	females;
Births			207.315		105.8		"	-

By the return from Rhode Island it appears that a larger number of females than of males die.

It would be interesting to know the causes of this; why it is that while in Ontario a larger number of males die than of females, in Rhode Island the reverse is the case. But the most singular thing in connection with this part of the returns in the two countries is that, while in Ontario the number of births of males exceed that of the births of females in pretty nearly the same ratio, the number of deaths of males exceed that of the deaths of females; yet in Rhode Island though the number of births of males exceed that of females (even to a greater degree than in Ontario), more females die than males.

In Michigan, during a period of eleven years, from 1865 to 1875 inclusive, the average number of deaths of males exceed by only a fraction that of the deaths of females. During the same period the number of births of males exceeded that of females in about the same ratio, as obtained in Ontario, the average in that Province of the last three years being taken. There is a striking difference in the excess of births over deaths returned in Ontario, as compared with similar returns in Rhode Island and Michigan. Taking the average of the last three years in Ontario, the number of births returned exceeded the number of deaths by considerably over 100 per cent. In Rhode Island, in 1875 and 1876, the return of births exceeded the returns of deaths by only a fraction above 50 per cent. While in Michigan, during the eleven years, 1865 to 1875 inclusive, the average excess of births over deaths in the returns was considerably less than 50 per cent. In England during a series of years from 1868 to 1877 it was a little over 70 per cent., and in Ireland during the same period the births were only slightly in excess of the deaths. The number of male births, as compared with that of females, is greater in Ontario than in England. It is a noticeable feature in the returns in Ontario that, while in 1875 the excess of births was as 26 to 9.3, not very much short of three births to one death, in 1876 the excess had decreased to only a little over two births to one death, and in 1877 a further decrease is exhibited.

This large excess of births over deaths in Ontario must be attributable to a greater amount of attention being given to the registration of births than to that of deaths, the people being apparently more particular about registering births than they are about deaths. Most parents are assumed to take some pride in registering the births in the family.

The following Table shews the death rate, at different ages, for the years 1876 and

1877:--

	18	376.	18	377.
	No.	Per cent. of the whole.	No.	Per cent. of the whole
Total under one year from one year to five years	3,844 2,471	21.4 13.7	4,704 2,841	24.1 14.6
Total under five years	6,315	35.1	7,541	38.7
Total from 5 to 10 years.  " 10 " 20 " " 20 " 30 " " 30 " 40 " " 40 " 50 " " 50 " 60 " " 60 " 70 " " 70 " 80 " " 80 " 90 " " 90 and over.	1,012 1,341 1,696 1,316 1,116 1,099 1,311 1,595 917 228	5.6 7.5 9.5 7.4 6.2 6.1 7.3 9.0 5.1 1.2	1,064 1,391 1,687 1,310 1,144 1,098 1,389 1,572 1,000 272	5.6 7.1 8.6 6.7 5.8 5.6 7.1 8.1 5.2 1.5
	11,631	100.00	19,472	100.00

The returns of 1877 shew an increased mortality among children under one year of age, the increase amounting to nearly three per cent. of the total deaths returned. In 1877, 4,704 children died under this age, or 24.1 per cent. of the whole number of deaths registered, as against 3.844, or 21.4 per cent. in 1876, an increase of 860, or 22.4 per cent. over 1876. The returns also shew an increase of nearly one per cent. (of the totals) in deaths of those between one year and five years of age. So that the percentage of deaths under five years of age was much greater in 1877 than in 1876; the increase amounting to nearly 20 per cent. of the deaths under five, or 3.6 per cent. of the total number of deaths returned. Of all the deaths returned in the year, 20,053, 4,704 or 24.1 per cent. (not much less than one-fourth) died before reaching the end of their first year of existence, and 7,541, or 38 per cent., considerably over one-third died before reaching the end of their fifth year. Looking further on, 9,996 (hardly 31 less than one-half the totals) died before reaching maturity, so that nearly half the children born in the Province die without contributing in any way to its resources. The fact that nearly one-fourth of all who are born die before completing the first year of their age; that over one-third die before the end of their fifth year, and almost one-half before the end of their twentieth year (only a very little over one-half reaching manhood or womanhood) reflects but little credit upon the manner in which the resources of medical science in the nineteenth century are applied, and the method in which the sanitary regulations are enforced.

As regards the number of deaths under one year and under five years in Ontario, the Province compares favourably with some other countries. In the whole of England the proportion dying under one year is about twenty four per cent. of the total number of deaths; while in the cities there, it is considerably greater. Boston has returned 25 per cent. and New York 30 per cent. of the mortality, as under this age. On the other hand, however, in Philadelphia the returns shew a death rate among children under one year, of 22 per cent.; Rhode Island, during a period of ten years, 18 per cent.; and Geneva, Switzerland, 15 per cent. In Norway, only 25 per cent. perish before reaching maturity, or twenty years of age. In the United States, according to the returns, 35 per cent. of

males, while in Ireland 51 per cent., a somewhat larger number than in Ontario, fail to reach maturity.

The number of deaths and the sex of the deceased in each month of the year in each

county in the Province, is given in Table H.

The following Synopsis of the Table shews the number of deaths in each quarter of the year, and also the order of deaths by months:—

									ole num-
				Males.	Females.	Total.	1	per of d	leaths.
Quarter	ending	March	31	2,841	2,536	5,377	or	26.8	per cent.
"	"		30	2,516	2,281	4,797	"	23.9	- "
"	"	Sept.	30	2,827	2,466	5,293	"	26.3	"
+6	"	Dec.	31	2,365	2,106	4,471	"	22.2	"
Date of	death of	mitted		54	61	115			
				10,603	9,450	20,053			

#### ORDER OF DEATHS BY MONTHS.

	Males.	· Females.	Total.
March	1,007	914	1,921
August	1,019	889	1,908
April	905	843	1,748
February	938	807	1,745
May	896	820 •	1,716
January	896	815	1,711
September	896	801	1,697
July	912	<b>7</b> 76	1,688
October	- 808	739	1,547
December	761	<b>7</b> 18	1,479
November	796	649	1,445
June	715	618	1,333
Not given	54	61	115
	10,603	9,450	20,053

The month of March shews the highest number, and the month of June the lowest number of deaths.

Of deaths from all causes, and in both sexes at all ages, in 1877, a larger number took place in March, as shewn in preceding table, than in any other month. In 1876, August claimed the largest share, and March was second in the list. In 1877, August follows close upon March as to numbers; only thirteen less dying in the former than in the latter month. In March much the largest number died from diseases of the respiratory organs; in August, from diseases of the alimentary canal. In both months the mortality was greatest among young children; Pneumonia carrying off the largest proportion in March, and diarrhea and infantile debility destroying most in August. In March 183 more males died than females. In every other month more males also died than females. April gives the next highest mortality, as it did in 1876, though 140 less deaths were registered in this month than in August. February stands fourth in both 1876 and 1877. In 1877, the smallest number died in June. In 1876, the smallest number died in November, and June came next. Nearly fifty per cent. more died in March than in June.

Much profit might arise from the study of the fluctuations in the mortality from month to month. In noticing them in the mortality list throughout the year, commencing with January, we find that 1,711 deaths were recorded in this month; 232 above the record for December. In February, 1,745 died, or 34 more than in January. In March the rise is much more marked again, and instead of an increase on the previous month of only 34, there is one of 176—1,921 deaths being recorded this month—442 more than in December. In April there is a marked fall in the mortality, and it reaches down nearly to that

of February, the decrease now amounting to 173; only three more dying in this month

than in February.

In May there is a much less marked fall, 32 less dying this month than in April. In June, the greatest fall in the mortality during the year takes place; 383 less dying in June than in May. But the rise again in July is almost as great as the fall in June, and 355 more die in the former month than in the latter. Again in August there is another great rise in the mortality, and 220 more die in this month than in July. While in June, 1,333 deaths are registered, in August there 1,908; a rise in two months of over 43 per cent. or an increase in the mortality of 575 deaths. In September, there is a fall in the mortality of 211, in October another fall of 150, and in November one of 102. In December there is a slight rise of 34 deaths, the commencement indeed of the greater rise in January.

The curve or wave of death then commencing to rise in December, ascends rapidly in January, makes a slight further elevation in February, and again swells up rapidly and reaches its highest point, for the year in March. In April it sinks down almost, but not quite, to the level it attained in February; in May it sinks a little lower, and in June falls down rapidly again to its lowest level, for the year. It has now since March fallen a greater distance than it had ascended between November and March. In July it rises again rapidly, as it does likewise in August, when it mounts almost to the level attained in March. It then sinks again gradually, but rather rapidly, through September, October and November, when it is not very much above the low level it reached in June.

The two highest points then in the death wave were made in March and August and the two lowest in June and November. The greater declivity or sweep in thecurve was between March, when it reached its greatest altitude, and June when it sunk to its lowest level;

and the smaller declivity or sweep was between August and November.

The fluctuations in the mortality—rises and falls in the death wave, are doubtless owing chiefly to two leading series of causes: 1st. To insanitary conditions and environments; and 2nd, to vicissitudes of temperature and humidity or changes in the weather. The first series embrace neglect of individual hygiene as well as of general public health measures, errors in diet, neglect of the skin, unsuitable clothing, &c., as well as the use of impure water, breathing foul air, living on undrained soil, &c. While doubtless the weather has much influence on the mortality of a country, its influence is secondary. It acts through primary causes, the insanitary conditions. Were this not the case the weather changes would affect all alike, or nearly all alike, the death-rate would be much the same in different but adjacent and naturally similar localities, in the country as in the town, and so on. But this is not the case. Where insanitary or unhygienic conditions are greatest, there the mortality is greatest; where there are good sanitary environments, there the death rate will be drawn down to its minimum. Mr. A. Buchan, Secretary of the Scottish Meteorological Society, and Dr. Mitchell, having made a careful examination of the returns for London, England, as furnished by the Registrar-General for a period of thirty years, say "that investigations shew that in different places deaths from particular diseases exhibit very different degrees of sensitiveness to weather." The very different degrees of sensitiveness to weather must be chiefly attributed to the different sanitary conditions of the different places. There is perhaps some danger of attributing too much in the causation of disease to the influence of the weather, over which man has no control, and too little to the influence of unhygienic environments, which are quite controllable by human skill and ingenuity.

The following is a Record of the ten highest Causes of Death for the years 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874 1876, and 1877.

1871.		1872.		1873.		1874 *		1876.		1877.	
Whole number of deaths registered	9182	Whole number of deaths	10745	Whole number of deaths 11069	11069	Whole number of deaths 10352	10352	Whole number of deaths 18623	18623	Whole number of deaths	20053
Phthisis	1042	Phthisis	120	Phthisis	1217	Phthisis	1143	Phthisis	2259	Phthisis	2157
Scarlatina	630	Scarlatina	642	Old age	778	Pneumonia	642	Old age	1400	Old age	1991
Pneumonia	208	Old age	545	Lung disease	533	Old age	536	Diphtheria	864	Infantile debility	1164
Exhaustion	467	Pueumonia	514	Typhoid fever	401	Typhoid fever	369	Pneumonia	786	Pneumonia	1050
Old age	414	Diarrhea	407	Heart disease	399	Heart disease	351	Lung disease	662	Diphtheria	964
Heart disease	333	Heart disease	350	Cerebro-spinal meningitis	324	Diarrhœa	334	Heart disease	569	Scarlet fever	717
Typhoid fever	261	Dysentery	342	Stomach disease.	321	Enteritis	283	Convulsions	544	Heart disease	269
Dropsy	241	Exhaustion	332	Brain disease	278	Convulsions	267	Diarrhœa	539	Diarrhœa	999
Convulsions	209	Typhoid fever	329	Pneumonia	276	Dropsy	239	Typhoid fever	436	Convulsions	573
Diarrhœa	202	Brain disease	318	Cholera infantum	276	Lung disease	231	Dropsy	381	Enteritis	497
							-		-		

\* No report issued in 1875.

The Table subjoined shews the total deaths registered in each County, the number who died from Phthisis out of that number, and the per centage thereof.

COUNTIES.	Total number of Deaths.	Number of Deaths from Phthisis.	Per centage of the whole.
Algoma Brant	1038	11 63 666 81 39 48 20 31 31 51 81 54 39 43 31 94 36 65 116 14 26 84 66 57 8 30 48 29 37 31 15 50 33 11 47 44 39 63 111 264	8 per cent, 16 " 15 " 16 " 11 " 10 " 4 " 6 " 17 " 13 " 8 " 10 " 16 " 12 " 14 " 11 " 10 " 10 " 10 " 10 " 10 " 10 " 10
Total	20053	2157	10 per cent.

Six Counties give the same average as the whole Province, seventeen above and seventeen below.

The Comparison of per centage of the specified Causes of Death between the years 1876 and 1877.

	1876.		1877.
Whole number of deaths from specified causes	17508	Whole number of deaths from specified causes	19260
	Per cent. of the whole number of specified causes.		Per cent. of the whole number of specified causes.
Phthisis	12.9	Phthisis	11.2
Old age	8.0	Old age	8.6
Diphtheria	5.0	Diphtheria	4.8
Pneumonia	4.0	Pneumonia	5.4
*Lung disease	3.5	Heart disease	3.6
Heart disease	3.0	Convulsions	2.9
Convulsions	3.0	Diarrhœa	3.4
Diarrhœa	3.0	Enteritis	2.5
*Typhoid fever	2.5	Infantile debility	6.0
*Dropsy	2.0	Scarlet fever	3.7

<sup>\*</sup> These three diseases have decreased in numbers in 1877, and are not now on the list of the ten highest causes of death. Their places have been taken by Enteritis, Infantile Debilty and Scarlet Fever.

The certified causes of deaths, as given in the returns for 1877, are yet in many cases quite unsatisfactory. But this same drawback is still complained of in England, after

over forty years' experience in registration.

Lung disease is frequently given as a cause, without a word as to the nature of the disease, whether tuberculous or otherwise, which it is highly important to know; or as to whether acute or chronic, the returns say not. In 1876, this cause was in the list of the ten highest causes of death; last year it was not in the list. But it is not known whether this disease has decreased in frequency, or whether in some cases the cause has been better defined by the physician giving the certificate and cause of death.

Convulsions is a very unsatisfactory cause to give for death, yet it has been in the list of the ten highest causes for three successive years. It is not to be believed that eleven deaths per week on an average (573 for the year 1877), could have occurred in the Province from convulsions, pure and simple, in which a more definite cause, a cause for the convulsions, could not have been made out by the physician. The localizing of this disease, however, would doubtless be more difficult than the ascertaining the exact nature of

lung disease.

Again, Dropsy is frequently given, and has several times been in the list of the ten highest causes within the last few years. In 1877, however, it was not in this list. is usually not at all difficult to ascertain whether the dropsy is renal or cardiac—a symptom of disease of the kidneys or of disease of the heart, most cases of dropsy being either one or the other; and this is perhaps the most serious defect in the returns, because both kidney disease and heart disease, are affections of a most important character. It is highly desirable, both in the interests of medical science and of the state, that physicians should endeavour to be as definite and as correct as it is possible to be, in certifying to causes of death. The value of statistics for any purpose is greatly depreciated by such But the words of Dr. Wm. Farr, in reference to this point, quoted in the last report, may be again given with profit: "The medical practitioner may have had inadequate means of observation; he may be imperfectly skilled in advanced diagnosis, or the symptoms may be indistinct complicated, and only explicable by autopsy. In such cases the certified cause is vague, but it does not follow that the whole series of the returns, subject to such imperfections, is useless. If the attainable, though imperfect knowledge of disease suffices for the purpose of medical practice, it cannot be worthless for medical statistics."

Phthisis or consumption still maintains its persistent and almost universal place at the head of the list of causes, of death, destroying nearly double as many lives as any other specified disease, not including old age, and it is likely to maintain its accustomed place for some years to come, unless some active and malignant epidemic should chance to visit this province, and outstrip it in the race for victims. One important point is that while the returns had shewn a gradual and steady increase in the percentage of deaths from this disease during several years, in 1877 there appears to be a slight decline. While in 1876, 2,259 cases of death were registered as having been caused by it, in 1877 there were 2,157, or 102 less than in 1876. The percentage of deaths from it was 12.9, in 1876 and 11.1 in 1877. In view of the previous gradual increase, it cannot be expected that a continued decline will now follow, unless some means be employed to suppress its ravages. Although the deaths by consumption of males and females collectively were numerically less in 1877 than in 1876, we find that in the former year 70 more females died of it than in the latter. In 1876 there were 225 more females than males who died of consumption; while in 1877 the returns shew 295 more females than males who died of it. Females, it is well known, as a class, are much more sedentary in their habits than males, and are therefore more exposed to the ill effects of foul air, arising from want of ventilation, and the greater mortality among females from this disease may to some extent at least be fairly attributable to this cause. Consumption destroys a large number in every month, and at every age, but April, March and May respectively were the months in which the greatest numbers fell a prey to this disease in Ontario in 1877. Nearly 33 per cent. died between the ages of 20 and 30. More indeed died in this than in any other decennial period of life. The next largest number died between 30 and 40, and the third largest of males between 40 and 50, and of females between 15 and 20.

In proportion to the number of deaths returned, the County of Halton shews the greatest mortality from consumption; namely 51 deaths in a total of 297, or 17.2 per cent. or 2 per 1,000 living. In 1876, this county appeared from the returns to have suffered most from typhoid fever. During that year the united Counties of Leeds and Grenville returned the largest percentage of deaths from consumption; 18.7 per cent. of the total deaths returned from these United Counties. In 1877, these United Counties rank third in this respect, returning 16.3 per cent. or 1.4 per 1,000 living; while Prince Edward is second, returning 16.5 per cent. or 1.3 per 1,000. Carlton, Brant, Bruce, and Haldimand, come next in order. While in six counties, each return about the same death rate from consumption as the average of the entire province, seventeen give returns above that average and seventeen below it. Renfrew appears more exempt from this scourge than any other county, returning in 1876 only 5.8 per cent. or .056 per 1,000, and in 1877 only 3.6 per cent. or .046 per 1,000. Frontenac, Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry, Parry Sound, Muskoka, and Simcoe, come next in order in this respect, 1877, though in 1876, Frontenac was above the average of the Province, and returned a death rate from consumption nearly three times as large as in 1877. From York, Wentworth, and Middlesex, including the three large cities, Toronto, Hamilton, and London, the returns of 1877 shew a mortality from consumption below the average of the Province, though the total returns from the cities are fuller than from the rural districts.

Brant, Bruce, Haldimand, Lincoln, Northumberland and Durham, and Welland, were above the average in both 1876 and 1877, while Oxford, Huron, Welland, and Wentworth, which were above the average in 1876, are somewhat below it in 1877, Lanark which returned a death rate from this disease in 1876 of 17. 3 per cent. of the totals from the county, returned in 1877 only 9 per cent., or a little above half the pro-

portion of the previous year.

Toronto returned a large number of deaths from this disease—over 3 per 1,000 living or about double the average of the whole Province. This was doubtless largely owing to the fact that many had entered the General Hospital from other localities in advanced stages of this disease, as well as in consequence of the total returns from Toronto being more complete than from the Province. Belleville, Kingston, St. Catharines and London also shew a high death-rate from consumption; 2.7, 2.7, 2.6 and 2.3 per 1,000 living respectively. Port Hope and Woodstock each return a fraction above 2 per 1,000. In the whole of England it is about 2.47 per 1,000; in Massachusetts, 3.2 per 1000. It would be interesting, and might prove highly profitable, to learn by investigation why the mortality from this cause is four or five times greater in some counties in Ontario, than in others, and why, in the same county, the number of deaths from it one year is twice as large as it is in While the nature of the soil and the face of the country, as affecting the drainage, would no doubt be found largely to account for such a wide difference in the deathrate from this disease in different localities, it may fairly be assumed that habits of life, which, in two or three generations, may engender hereditary predispositions and taints, would also be found to contribute very largely to these results.

Consumption is gradually becoming to be regarded more and more a preventable

Consumption is gradually becoming to be regarded more and more a preventable disease. The replies from a large number of medical practitioners in Ontario, to questions sent to them by the Select Committee on Public Health of the Provincial Legislature during the last session of this body, afford strong confirmatory evidence that it is so to a great extent. Want of ventilation and wet soil due to insufficiency of drainage, are regarded as two principal causes of the disease, and these two evils may be readily remedied

by proper sanitary regulations.

Statistics shew that the number who die from what is commonly called old age, in

Ontario, compares favourably with that shewn in other countries.

This cause of death comes second in the list of the ten highest causes. For 1877, 1,661 deaths from old age were registered in the Province, being 8.2 per cent. of the total number of deaths returned. In Rhode Island, of all the deaths registered, 5.8 are from old age; in Ohio, 4.7; in Michigan, 3.82; in Massachusetts, 5 per cent., and in England, 5.21 per cent.; so that it appears a larger proportion attain old age in Ontario than in any of these countries. Though it is probable that, in not a few of the cases, death was very much hastened, if not immediately caused by some special organic lesion arising more or less directly from preventable causes, and that natural Euthanasia carried off only a

portion of the 1,661, yet this was probably not more frequently the case in Ontario than in the other countries cited, and the comparison is still favourable to this Province.

In 1877, of the total deaths registered, 2,844 had survived 70 years, and 1,272 had survived 80 years—in 1876, 2,740 survived 70, and 1,145 survived 80 years, so that a somewhat smaller proportion of the total number of deaths returned lived to exceed these ages in 1877 than in 1876.

Notwithstanding this, it is a noteworthy fact and one calculated to awaken serious thought, from a sanitarian point of view, that nearly 500 more died in 1877 in this

Province from one single preventable disease, consumption, than from old age.

Infantile debility appears for the first time in the list of the ten highest causes of This may be accounted for in the following way. Previously, in the returns of infant mortality, the cause of death was found, in many cases, to have been omitted, and the Inspector, when visiting the various divisions, urged upon the Division Registrars the absolute necessity of remedying this important essential so as to complete the returns. It is probable, therefore, that medical men, in many instances, have given infantile debility as the "cause of death," without duly considering the importance of defining it more accurately. But the cause of death might nearly as well have been omitted altogether, as attributing it to infantile debility, is about as unsatisfactory an explanation as could well be given. It is fair to assume that the debility was, in many instances, caused by insufficiency of nourishment, but it is hardly to be supposed that there had been in many cases an absolute want of food on the part of either the infant or of the mother; rather that there had been an inability to properly digest and assimilate the food, and the true cause of death was probably not unfrequently a diseased condition of the alimentary canal and other digestive and assimilating organs. This condition being caused, not unfrequently, by improper food, and perhaps, in some cases, terminating in a general tuberculous or scrofulous condition. It is most desirable, as already urged, that physicians in certifying to the cause of death should consider the importance of being as definite and explicit as possible.

Pneumonia or inflammation of the lungs generally ranks high in the list of the chief causes of disease. In the two last years it was fourth in the list. In 1874 it was second. The proportion of deaths from this disease in 1877 was about 3.2 per cent. greater than in 1876. 4.3 per cent. of the total deaths returned in 1876, and 5.4 per cent. in 1877 were from this cause. Of the 1,050 who died of this disease this year, 420 were under five years of age, and 249 under one year. 601 were males and 449 females. The largest number died in March, and the smallest number in August. There was a gradual monthly increase between August and the ensuing March in the number of deaths from this disease, which fact is well worthy of consideration. The following are the returns during this period:—August, 25 deaths; September, 29; October, 44; November 64; December, 72; January, 121; February, 163; March, 177; and a like gradual, but especially after April and May, more rapid decline from March to August. In every month a larger number of males than of females died of pneumonia. After the age of five years the largest number died between the ages of sixty and seventy. Pneumonia is not classed among preventable diseases, nor is it usually regarded as a preventable disease, but probably few will be disposed to doubt that

it may be largely prevented by close attention to individual hygiene.

Diphtheria was third on this list in 1876, but fifth in the year under consideration. Though further down in the list this year, one hundred more deaths were caused by it than in 1876. The percentage of deaths in 1877 was 4.8 per cent. as against 5 per cent. in 1876. Every month claimed a fair share of victims, but in October, January, November, and December it was most fatal. Though it proves fatal at all periods of life it is chiefly so between the ages of one and five. This disease appears to be on the increase in many countries, and is especially regarded as a filth disease and therefore preventable. It seems more than other diseases, not even excepting typhoid fever, to be intimately connected in some way with sewer gases and other foul gaseous exhalations of putrid matter, especially in cellars. It nevertheless finds soil for its development and propagation as well in the palace of the prince as in the cottage or hovel of the poor. Experience has shewn that diphtheria is more prevalent proportionably in rural than in urban districts. The returns from this Province afford evidence of this. Twenty of the largest cities and towns return 140 deaths from diphtheria or one death to about 1,909 persons living, while the whole

Province returns 964 deaths, or 1 to 1,679 persons living. It must be remembered that the

returns are fullest from the cities and towns.

Diphtheria seems to have prevailed epidemically in several towns in 1877. In Belleville the mortality from it was 2.5 per 1,000 living; in Chatham it was 2 per 1,000, and in Woodstock 1.7. The average of the twenty largest towns was .52 per 1,000 living. Of the twenty largest cities and towns besides the above, Hamilton and Toronto were the only two which shewed a death rate from this disease above the averge. The mortality from it

in these cities being .73 and .59 respectively per 1,000 living.

Scarlet fever or scarlatina must have prevailed somewhat epidemically also in 1877, it being the first year since 1872 in which it has been placed amongst the ten highest causes of death. This is especially a disease of childhood, and the largest number died of it between the ages of one and five; the next largest between 5 and 10; and the third largest under one year. Only 22 in all of the 717 deaths are returned as dying of this disease after the age of 20 years. Of the 717 deaths 65 were in Toronto, 59 in Hamilton, and 12 in Port Hope; shewing a death rate from it of .96, 1.8 and 2 per 1,000 living respectively in these towns. The rate for the Province was about .44 per 1,000. The spread of the disease may be almost entirely prevented by complete isolation. Hundreds of cases may rapidly spring from one.

Diarrhœa destroyed the lives of 666, a slight increase over the previous year. Nearly all of the decedents were under five years of age. Only 29 died of the disease between the ages of 5 and 60. 54 died of it over 60. The remainder, 573, being under 5, and 419 under one year. Hence this disease may be regarded as peculiar to infancy. Nearly all died in August, July and September. Two hundred and thirty-eight died of Diarrhœa in 20 of the largest cities and towns, with an aggregate population of 267,289. While the returns shew a death rate from this disease of about .41 per 1,000 living for the Province, the 20 largest towns and cities return .8 per 1,000, nearly double that of the whole Province. Looking at the total returns, the Province shews a percentage of deaths from this disease of 3.3 of those from all causes, and the 20 towns a percentage of 5.4. Toronto returns a percentage of 5.1 per cent, somewhat less than the average of the cities. Hamilton one of 6.2 per cent. London one of 7.2 per cent. Guelph a per centage of 11.9, while the returns from Peterborough shew that over 15 per cent. of the deaths in that town were caused by diarrhœa—a percentage three times as high as that of Toronto.

This disease is for the most part caused by foul air, improper food and bad water. Foul air has been shewn, and is generally believed to have an important influence in its production. It may be that the foul air is absorbed largely by the food, especially by milk, which, it is well known, readily absorbs foul odours, and which is a common food for infants. Hence we find diarrhee is most prevalent during the warm dry weather, when emanations from faecal and other organic refuse are most abundant—when disease germs attain their greatest rapidity of evolution. It is probable that many of the deaths from this disease of the more aged, and of those which took place in the colder months, were of a chronic nature, and it would be very desirable if the returns clearly specified whether the disease was acute

or chronic

Convulsions, as before observed, is a very unsatisfactory and unprofitable cause to give for a death, as convulsions are caused by such a variety of conditions. Of the 573 deaths returned from this cause, 499 were of children under five years, and 384 of those under one year, so that they were for the most part infantile convulsions, the cause of which, in many cases, is undoubtedly very obscure. As the largest number died of this affection in January, February and March, respectively, when many infants died of pneumonia, and the next largest in number in August, July and September, (in the latter months most deaths were caused by diarrhoea) it may be inferred that the cause of the convulsions in many cases was either disease of the respiratory organs or of the alimentary canal.

Enteritis or inflammation of the inner lining of the small intestines has crept up again, and stands tenth in the list, taking the place which dropsy held in 1876, and causing 497 deaths. Not much short of half of these, namely, 222, were those under five years of age, and over one third, 175, died during the months of August, September and July. Though not at all generally regarded as a special disease of childhood, it is shewn to have been very much so in this Province in 1877, and it may be surmised from the ages of the decedents and the periods of greatest mortality that the causes in many instances were similar to those of diarrheea.

Typhoid fever has been kept out of the list of the ten highest causes of death, in 1877, for the first time in many years. This is not because a smaller number died of the disease, but because ten other diseases were comparatively more fatal. It ranks,

however, as the eleventh in the list.

It caused 477 deaths in 1877 as against 436 in 1876; an increase of 41 deaths, and a slight increase in percentage as regards the whole number of deaths returned from all causes. This, like diphtheria, is notably a preventable disease. It prevailed at all seasons, but was most fatal in October, November and September, during which three months 251 (considerably more than half the total number) died from it. It is fatal at all ages, but prefers, seemingly, to prey upon those in the prime of life, differing from diptheria in this respect which is more prone to attack those under five years of age-349 of the 477 died of this disease between the ages of ten and fifty, and 127 between twenty and thirty.

Cholera infantum destroyed the lives of 405 little ones, nearly all during the months of August, July, and September. This disease is not unlike diarrhoea, and the causes of

it are much the same, and hence, chiefly preventable.

Croup was the cause of 346 deaths; 285 of which were of those under five years of age, and the remainder (except one) under 15 years.

This disease is most common during the colder seasons; only 45 dying during the

four months, June, July, August, and September.

Of other diseases, affections of the brain, including congestion and inflammation of this organ, apoplexy, paralysis, meningitis, and hydrocephalus, caused 1368 deaths in the year under review. Bronchitis destroyed the lives of 392, nearly half of whom were less than five years old, 160 deaths having occurred from that cause during the first three months of the year. Only 45 deaths from small pox were recorded during the year.

No death was returned as occurring from that dread disease hydrophobia.

In reviewing all the causes of death in Ontario it cannot but strike the careful observer that a very large proportion are preventable, or are regarded as preventable diseases. Diphtheria, typhoid fever, and scarlet fever, are held to be particularly so, and these diseases caused over 2,000 deaths, representing hundreds of thousands of days of sickness. Phthisis, diarrhea, cholera infantum, and infantile debility, causing between 3,000 and 4,000 deaths, are really little less preventable; while even pneumonia, with its 1,050 victims, and many other of the diseases proving fatal, may undoubtedly be in a large measure prevented by individual hygiene if not by public health measures.

# TABLE K.

# DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.

# TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.

COUNTIES.	${f A}{f g}$	ents.	Ar	tists.	Brick	makers.	Black	smiths.
	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
Algoma Brant Bruce Carleton Elgin Essex Frontenac Grey, Haldimand Halton Hastings Huron	i i	28	1	45			2 1 1 1 1 1	150 24 28 56 76 24
Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Muskoka. Norfolk Northumberland and Durham	1 1	38 27	i 1	26	1	38	3 1 2 1 5	99 54 153 57 208
Ontario Oxford Parry Sound Peel Perth Petrhorough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew	1	41 50			2	82	1 1	23
Simcoe Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry Thunder Bay Victoria Waterloo Welland Wellington Wentworth York	2  1 1 1 9	31 46 402	1	45	1	78	2 1 2 1 2 4 14	147 94 57 61 181 697
Total	19	831	3	116	6	360	54	2695

TABLE K.—Deaths by Occupations.—Continued.

Br	ewers.	Bric	klayers.	Bar	bers.	Buto	hers.	1	x-keepers and lerks.	Ва	nkers.	1 :	akers and ectioners.
No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
	57	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 4	66 160 57 66	1	23	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1	101 77 30 28 75 40 40 57 60 80 52 136 291	3 2 1 1 1 7 1 2 2 6 3 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 3	122 84 76 	1	47	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22 22 22 44 44 66 65 97 42 22 22 48 90
1	57	13	602	4	142	25	1268	93	3904	1	47	16	605

TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Carp	enters.	Cabine	etmakers.	Cod	pers.	Co	oks.
	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
Algoma Brant Bruce Carle.on Elgin Essex Frontenac Grey Haldimand Halton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Muskoka Norfolk Northumberland and Durham Ontario Oxford. Parry Sound Peel Perth Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew Simcoe Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry Thunder Bay Victoria Waterloo Welland Wellington Wentworth York	3 1 2 2 4 2 5 5 1 4 2 2 1 1 3 3 6 5 5 1 1 1 2 2 1 5 1 3 3 5 4 6 6 2 1 3 6 6 2 1	70 213 64 85 21 125 466 270 301 51 64 141		75 73 79 35 62 193 54 25 79 71 25 68 29 46 125 96	1	71 143 74 215 66 128 62 33 33	1	30
Total	133	7263	23	1135	17	1053	4	202

TABLE K.—Deaths by Occupations.—Continued.

	emists and aggists.	Cler	g <b>ym</b> en.	Cont	ractors.	Ca and M	rriage Waggon akers.	Der	ntists.	Engi	neers.	Edi	tors.
No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
2 1	49 43 57 51 34	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2	83 93 83 37 77 44 85 157 33 34 116 65 53 60 62 182 160 305	1 1 2 2 1 1 4 2 2	61 47 92 22 55 48 50 86 130 48 64 261 104	1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	206  86 73  30 32  34  64 35  130  23  64  42 49 67 54 152		67 22 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88		45 46 48 31 112 38 81 149 44 82 33 98 56		44 37
9	318	31	1917	19	068	25	1199	6	271	22	1095	2	81

TABLE K.—Deaths by Occupations.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Fai	mers.		mers' ives.	Gar	deners.	Gen	tlemen.
	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages,
Algoma Brant Bruce Carleton Elgin Essex Frontenac Grey Haldimand Halton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Muskoka Norfolk Northumberland Ontario Oxford Parry Sound Peel Perth Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew Simcoe Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry Thunder Bay Victoria Waterloo Welland Wellington Wentworth York	3 34 85 666 47 54 95 41 43 74 115 63 64 51 110 54 39 182 21 54 10 66 64 41 43 95 182 21 54 40 95 64 41 110 64 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	134 2185 4979 3784 2954 2904 3235 5671 2695 2575 4831 6881 3604 3632 3536 2424 11146 1175 3299 6931 3860 3648 686 4325 4541 2946 2213 3346 2424 11146 3646 4325 4541 2946 2047 2047 2047 2047 2047 2047 2047 2047	23 52 31 31 31 40 23 60 23 85 55 55 46 79 53 44 9 9 53 81 63 74 63 74 63 74 63 74 75 75 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	1228 2896 1839 1912 2325 1261 3459 1894 2254 2598 5382 2778 2778 2625 4663 2868 2505 5409 399 2956 4783 3629 4371 2587 1297 2111 1208 1513 4399 5322 1779 2445 2574 5254 2254 2385	1 1 1 1 1 2 2	168 32 44 82 70 80 62 79 72 126	7 2 2 2 2 5 2 3 5 4 7 7 2 3 3 7 3 1 8 9 6 4 5 1 1 1 2 5 1 6 6 3 2 4	
Total	2482	153457	1789	105176	30	1799	135	9391

TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Continued.

Hac	ekmen.		ers and ermen.	Hous	sewives.	Labo	ourers.	Lum	bermen.	Lav	wyers.		liners and makers.
No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45 60 58 58	1 1 1 2 2 3	51 91 59 53 46 48 107 119	50 33 37 29 35 49 41 28 23 66 64 63 22 20 00 27 48 30 71 100 111 27 67 62 54 4 4 27 38 30 26 66 66 66 36 36 46 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 48 48 38 38 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 4	2728 1526 1917 2138 1699 2672 2085 1337 1267 3538 2522 1516 84 1221 2612 21466 3748 5536 414 1248 3729 2979 2918 179 1250 1977 1404 1344 1196 1895 2117 68 1672 3067 2040 3168 478	4 14 10 12 8 8 29 25 5 12 12 19 10 19 9 9 18 8 12 20 4 4 12 32 20 10 11 20 11 20 11 20 11 20 11 20 11 20 11 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	276 870 561 711 350 1420 1295 518 592 52527 888 591 930 489 921 696 1587 3118 184 1095 589 214 719 943 362 965 523 684 842 1098 610 182 1014 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3	60 108 60 30 67 30 54 66 150	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	40 49 48 47 25 106 54 132	3 3 1	63 68 59 122 25 21 32 25 48 22
8	445	16	815	1934	105277	807	42109	16	742	15	754	16	507

TABLE K.—Deaths by Occupations.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Ma	sons.	Macl	inists.	Mou	lders.	Mi	llers.
	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
Algoma Brant Bruce Carleton Elgin Essex Frontenac Grey Haldimand Halton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Leennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Muskoka Norfolk Northumberland and Durham Ontario Oxford Parry Sound Peel Perth Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew Simcoe Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry. Thunder Bay Victoria Waterloo Welland Wellington Wentworth	1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1	66 30 33 33 33 138 57 48 65 31 184 74 63 138 132 58 62 80 137 45 115 166 139 61	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1	155 27 23 82 121 23 36 29	1 3 3	26 117		38 52 65 58 
York	41	372	20	755	10	418	24	1344

TABLE K.—Deaths by Occupations.—Continued.

Millw	rights.	Min	ers.	Musi	cians.	Manufa	cturers.	Mercl	hants.	Otl Occup	ner ations.
No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
							-				
1	47					1	90	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 1 2 2 3	220 69 182 47 79 56 42 108	9 4 3 5 5 4 1	549 261 138 250 242 246 197 67
1	43			1	32	1	107	1	98 134 47 75 83 130	6 5 4 5 3 5	300 255 64 302 120 179
1	110 33			1	38	3	135	3 8 1 7 1 2 2	159 426 48 41 407 34 86  56 93 72	3 11 3 4 6 7 1 1	167 513  151 160 230 277 22 21
								4	160	1	257
1 1 2	64 72	5	170			i	83	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	53 126 82	1 1 1 4	24 44 34 242
2	102	1	40	4	214	8 6	387 263	6 7 27	270 348 1148	6 10 26	183 514 1318
13	776	6	210	6	284	23	1152	105	4979	154	7391

# TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Continued.

-								
	Pair	iters.	Prin	iters.	Pump	makers.	Pe	dlars.
COUNTIES.								
	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
		12800.		115000		115001		11500.
41								
Algoma	····i	75			····i	36		
Bruce								
Carleton Elgin	····i	24				• • • • • • • •		
Essex	î	33						
Frontenac		53					1	43
Grey Haldimand	1		1	44	····i	64		• • • • • • • •
Halton	1	72						
Hastings Huron	1	22						
Kent	3	127						
Lambton								
Lanark Leeds and Grenville	i	62						
Lennox and Addington								
Lincoln	$\frac{1}{2}$	37						
Middlesex	2	93		47				
Norfolk								
Northumberland and Durham	1	32		ļ				
Ontario					1		1	69
Parry Sound								
Peel				28				
Perth	1	37		20				
Prescott and Russell								
Prince Edward	····i	62						
Simcoe							1	
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	1	48		1				
Thunder BayVictoria	,							
Waterloo			1					
Wellington	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$	21 74	- 1	23	1	43		
Wellington	4	145	2	108			1	61
York	7	261	5	195				,
								1
	0.5	4000				1		1
Total.,	30	1278	11	445	3	143	3	173

# TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Continued.

Plas	sterers.	Pau	pers.	Phy	sicians.		ublic cials.	L	vincial and veyors.		ilroad bloyees.	Saw	yers.
No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	28 28 75 69 54 66 47	1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	106 101 60 122 121 67 179 87 88 157 380 115	2 1 1 1 2 3 1 2 1 2 1 1 2	104 79 74 23 145 	1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	52 165 87 107 152 61 246 68 68 68 68 773	i	43 70 45 64	6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	156 42 201 49 26 36 149	1 1 1	138 30 28 40
10	485	26	1721	28	1493	41	2616	4	222	37	1240	5	236

TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Stone	cutters.	Shoe	makers.	Sailors.		Saddlers and Harnessmakers.	
	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
Algoma Brant Bruce Carleton Elgin Essex Frontenac Grey Haldimand Halton Hastings Huron Kent Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex Muskoka Norfolk Northumberland and Durham Ontario Oxford Parry Sound Peel Perth Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward Renfrew Simcoe Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry Thunder Bay Victoria Waterloo Welland Wellington Wentworth	3 1	28 143 185 91 47 49	3 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 1 1 2 1 7 2 1 5 2 4 4 3 4 4 2 4 4 3 4	193 53 65 29 114 	2 	200 28 28 28 41 146 23 163 70 52	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	61 59 44 68 
York	20	893	9 77	4361	25	139	21	1000

TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Continued.

Seamst	resses.	Serva	ints.	Tinsm	Tinsmiths, To		sters.	Tavern Keepers.		Tobacc	onists.
No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.
2 	52 84 28 68 82 47 47 62 26	1 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 3 3 12 46	35 70 349 555  45 69 40 213 251 22 23 43 75 104 135 45  72 26 107 448 1868	1	34 47 39 54 88 70 133 76 81 72		40 45 57 34 68 73 50 50	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	31 51 540 544 233 57 53 48 33 		
22	751	108	4595	18	912	13	663	. 58	2864	J	

# TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Teachers.			Telegraph Operators.		Tailors.		Tanners.	
J=4	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	
AlgomaBrant	1	25			3	165			
Bruce	3	147			1	68 56			
Elgin Essex Frontenac	1	36			$\begin{array}{c c} 1\\1\\2\end{array}$	77 41 150			
Grey Haldimand Halton	1	78	1	26	1 1	71 47			
Hastings. Huron Kent	$\frac{1}{2}$	30 78 70	1	22	1 1	62 58	1	77	
Lambton Lanark Leeds and Grenville	2 1	129 60			$\frac{\bar{4}}{1}$	218			
Lennox and Addington Lincoln Middlesex	2	103			2 4 5	124 209 258			
MuskokaNorfolk	 4	195	•••••		3	157			
Ontario Oxford	1 1	26 21	1	23	2	114	3	93	
Parry Sound Peel Perth	4	146 30	•••••		$\frac{1}{2}$	49 151			
Peterborough Prescott and Russell Prince Edward	1	29 68			1	57	1	39	
Renfrew Simcoe Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	1 1	83 31	••••••		1 1	60 64	1	58	
Chunder Bay	1	22	•••••	,	2	145	••••••		
Welland Wellington Wentworth	5 4	231 138			$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	139 27 308			
York	3	169			11	561			
Total	45	1945	3	71	63	3491	6	267	

TABLE K.—DEATHS BY OCCUPATIONS.—Concluded.

Under	takers.	Volur an Sold	ıd	Watch	makers.	We	eavers.		AGI	
No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	No.	Total Ages.	Total No. of Deaths.	Aggregate.	Average.
	25	1 1 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	76 149 60 174 236 83 267 94 316 171 279 375 70 71 127 70 221 84 140 173 156 662		1 <b>6</b> 3		92 71 88 98 79 263 161 71 106 133 74 68 229 167 57 68 84 4 151 124	8 183 204 179 130 187 203 232 131 144 295 311 193 201 159 311 173 2552 566 50 166 374 268 259 168 259 168 192 139 133 122 139 133 122 125 125 127 212 186 319 453 987	492 10560 11256 10226 8163 10217 11436 13190 7463 8395 16489 18001 9968 9402 18112 10048 13152 32344 2344 9222 21908 14512 14459 1388 9585 11282 7470 7342 7307 7159 15224 17922 10755 7065 11952 10755 18236 24514 51994	61.66 57.74 55.12 57.12 62.78 54.63 56.63 56.85 54.68 58.29 55.89 57.88 51.64 46,80 56.86 58.23 58.03 58.15 57.14 46.88 55.55 57.14 46.88 55.55 57.14 46.88 55.55 57.95 64.15 55.80 47.86 47.86 47.86 47.86 57.05 58.72 59.89 57.27 60.41 58.56 58.56 58.57 57.12 58.72 59.89 57.27 60.41 58.56 58.56 58.57 57.81 58.56 58.57 58.72 59.89 57.05 58.72 59.89 57.05 58.72 59.89 57.05 58.72 59.89 57.17 58.76 58.72 59.89 57.17 58.76 58.76 58.76 58.76 58.77 58.76 58.77 59.89 57.17 58.76 58.77 59.89 57.17 58.76 58.77 59.89 57.17 58.76 59.89 57.17 58.76 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 59.89 57.17 58.76 58.77 58.76 58.77 57.17 58.76 58.77 57.17 58.77 57.17 58.76 58.77 57.17 58.77 57.17 58.76 58.77 57.17 58.77 57.17 58.77 57.17 58.77 57.16 54.11 52.68
3	98	59	<b>4</b> 054	8	321	31	2184	8954	500667	56-nearly.

Some occupations are directly injurious and produce atmospheric conditions which give rise to diseases of the respiratory organs and sometimes of the system generally. Other occupations are more or less indirectly injurious, in a variety of ways owing to the want of exercise in the open air, or, it may be, to the excessive or irregular exercise which they entail. These diseases from both of these sources gradually develop and produce death more or less prematurely.

If we subtract from the whole number of deaths registered (20,053), those who died under 21 years of age and also those whose ages and occupations were not given there will

remain 8,954 whose pursuits in life are registered.

Former tables have only given the age and occupation of these persons. This year a table has been prepared giving the disease which caused their death, by which it will be seen that the ten principal causes of death are as follows:—

Old Age930 or	17.7	per cent.	of the total number	of deaths in	the table,
Phthisis899 or	17.1	- "	"	"	66
Heart Disease307 or	5.8	"	"	66	"
Apoplexy and					
Paralysis302 or	5.7	"	"	"	6.6
Pneumonia265 or			66	"	66
Fever 241 or	4.6	"	"	"	"
Accident191 or	3 6	66	"	e.	"
Debility143 or	2.7	"	"	"	"
Cancer142 or		"	66	"	66

Housewives and farmers' wives, their occupation not being easily defined, have been omitted from the table of causes of death by occupations, as well as have persons to the number of 303, the cause of whose death is not reported to the Department, leaving 5,231

workers of whom the cause of death has been specified.

Of the 2,482 farmers whose deaths are recorded, 623 or 11.9 per cent. died of old age. Soldiers come next with 25 out of 59 deaths or 42 per cent., but among them quite a number of old pensioners of the British army are included. Gentlemen, by which is here meant men of independent means, are next in order with 49 out of 135 or 136 per cent., but doubtless most of them followed some occupation or profession during their lifetime. Weavers have in former reports been noted for their longevity, and their deaths from old age in this table bear out their claim to be a long lived race, though their numbers are few. Their record is 10 deaths out of a total of 31 or 31 per cent.

The number of deaths from phthisis amongst farmers appears large. It must, however, be borne inmind that they compose a very large portion of the population of this Province, and it therefore does not follow that, as a class, they are more liable to this particular disease than persons of other occupations, but rather the reverse, as will be seen by the following

statement :---

No.	of Deaths from all causes.	From Phthisis.	Rate per cent.
Farmers	. 2,482	366	14.7
Labourers	. 803	141	17.4
Carpenters	133	28	21.0
Merchants		30	27.2
Servants	. 108	30	28.5
Book-keepers and Clerks	93	<b>2</b> 8	30.1
Teachers	. 45	15	33.3

In heart disease tailors shew the largest ratio, giving 10 out of 63 deaths or 15 per cent.; shoemakers next, 8 out of 77 deaths or 10 per cent.; gentlemen, 13 out of 135 or 9 per cent; servants, 7 out of 108 or 7 per cent.; labourers, 51 out of 802 or 6 per cent. Farmers, although numerically shewing the largest return, give the smallest percentage, being 126 out of 2,482 deaths or 5 per cent. It is advisable to again repeat the words of the Annual Report for the last year in reference to these tables of death by occupations, viz.:—

"That it is necessary, in order to understand the correct bearing of the tables, to remember the comparative number of the population who died while engaged in each occupation." The average age of the persons dying from various diseases enumerated in this table is 56.

#### DEATH BY OCCUPATIONS.

#### OF AND OVER THE AVERAGE AGE, 56 YEARS.

Occupations.

No. Average

No. Average.

Occupations.

Ocompanions:	2.0.	22.02.0500	- Companions	2.0.	11.01.50
Weavers	31	70	Masons	41	59
Gentlemen	135	69	Millwrights	13	5 <b>9</b>
Soldiers	59	68	Farmers' wives	1789	58
	26	66	Pedlars	3	58
Paupers	41	63	Brewers	1	57
	17	62	Millers	24	56
Clarerman	31	61	Contractors	19	56
Clergymen	2482	61	Contractors	77	56 56
Farmers		60	Shoemakers	1.4	90
Brickmakers	6	60	·		
	UNDE	R THE	AVERAGE AGF.		
Candon	20	z z	6-:1	0.5	477
Gardeners	30	55	Sailors	25	47
Hackmen	8		Saddlers and Harness-makers	21	47
Tailors	63	55	Sawyers	5	47
Provincial Land Surveyors	4	55	Bricklayers	13	46
Housewives	1934	54	Dentists	6	45
Carpenters	133		Lumbermen	16	45
Manufacturers	<b>2</b> 3		Stone-cutters	20	44
Physicians	28		Tanners	6	44
Labourers	807	52	Agents	19	43
Tinsmiths	18	52	Teachers	45	43
Teamsters	13	51	Servants	108	42
Miners	6	51	Book-keepers and Clerks	93	42
Butchers	25		Painters	30	42
Cooks	4	50	Moulders	10	41
Hunters and fishermen.	16	50	Watch-makers	8	40
Lawyers	15	50	Editors	2	40
Blacksmiths	54	49	Printers	- 11	40
Cabinet-makers	23	49	Artists	3	38
Engineers	$\overline{22}$		Machinists	20	37
Tavern-keepers	58	49	Bakers and Confectioners	16	- 36
Carriage and Waggon-makers	25		Barbers	4	35
Other occupations	154	48	Chemists and Druggists	9	35
Plasterers	10	48	Seamstresses	22	34
Bankers	1	47	Railroad Employees	3 <b>7</b>	33
Musicians	6	47	Undertakers	3	$\frac{33}{32}$
Merchants	105	47	Milliners and Dressmakers	$\frac{3}{16}$	30
Pump Makers	3		Telegraph operators	3	$\frac{30}{23}$
Tump Makers	3	47	relegiabil operators	3	40

<sup>27.7</sup> per cent. of the whole number whose occupations are given were husbandmen, and 27.6 per cent. of the remainder were farmers' wives. The average age of the farmers was nearly 62, that of their wives 59.

The ten occupations which give the highest average age and the ten lowest at the time of death are given below:—

	No.	Average age.
Weavers	31	70
Gentlemen	135	69
Soldiers	59	<b>6</b> 8
Paupers		66
Public officials	41	63
Coopers	17	62
Clergymen	31	61
Farmers		62 nearly
Brickmakers		60
Masons	41	59

#### LOWEST AVERAGE AGE.

	No.	Average age.
Telegraph operators	3	23
Milliners and dressmakers	16	30
Undertakers	3	32
Railway employees	37	33
Seamstresses	22	34
Chemists and druggists	9	35
Barbers	4	35
Bakers and confectioners	16	36
Merchants	20	37
Artists	3	38

The average age reached by members of the three professions, divinity, law and medicine, was 55 against 52 last year.

Masons, shoemakers, tailors and carpenters, averaged the age of 55 at the time of their

death

The visits of the Inspector during 1876 resulted in not a little good, elergymen, medical men and others whom he interviewed having evidently acted upon the suggestions he then made, and doubtless the more their value is recognized the more fully will they be followed.

There visits have been continued this year, about 120 having been made, principally in the rural parts. It will be readily understood that the more central localities do not require

as close supervision.

The order issued last year by the Postmaster-General to the several postmasters in the Province, that they should take charge of the necessary forms, has also been productive of good, those desiring to make returns having ready access to them when required for use.

For full returns the Registrars of the Cities of Belleville, Brantford, London, Hamilton and Toronto, the Towns of St. Thomas, Woodstock, Brampton, Orillia, Cornwall and Pembroke, the Village of London East, the Townships of Colchester, Trafalgar, Brock, Clarence and Waterloo deserve special commendation.

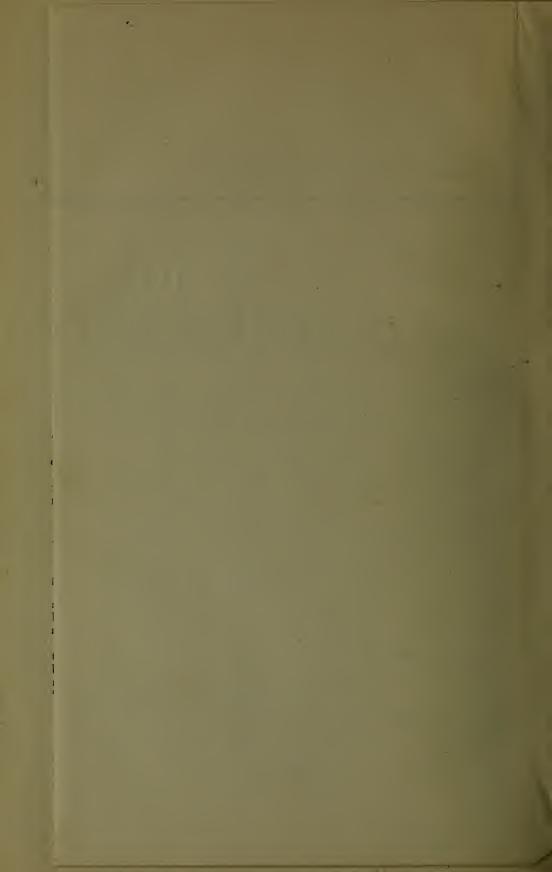
In conclusion I must call attention to the accompanying appendix, embracing notes on the weather and health in Toronto, Kingston and Stratford, for the year 1877, accompanied by plates shewing the changes in each week during that year, for which interesting information this Department is indebted to Mr. Thos. H. Monk, of the Meteorological Office, Toronto.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

ARTHUR S. HARDY, Registrar-General.

H. S. CREWE, Inspector.

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Brickmakers. Blacksmiths	1	2	3			i		1	. 6	1	i			1		i	6	1			í			1		3 1		6	5		1		1	1	4	54
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Merchants Other Occupations		2	2			. 6	2	4	. 30	3	1		2	2	2	2	6	2	2	2	0 1			3 1		.j. 7		18 3	5 .		8 1			1	23	154
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Servants			2		1	1 .		4	30	3				2	2	6					8 3	1 .	1		5	12		8	4 6 3			. 2.		1	1 6	108
Tinsmiths		1	3	1					. 3		1			2			1		4		1				1	1			2							13
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# APPENDIX.

#### APPENDIX

TO THE

# REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL

OF THE

# PROVINCE OF ONTARIO,

FOR THE YEAR 1877.

To the Honourable the Registrar General of Ontario:-

SIR,—I have the honour to enclose herewith a few notes on the weather and health in Toronto, Kingston and Stratford during the year 1877, with plates shewing the changes for each week in the year. A comparison has also been made between the results for Toronto, as given in your last report, and those for 1877.

Before entering directly upon this subject, it will probably be better to compare the total death rate and the deaths from each class of disease under review in the three places. The deaths per thousand were as follows: Toronto, 23.6; Kingston, 17.2; and Stratford, 9.2, or a death rate of 1 in 42, 1 in 58 and 1 in 107 respectively, the population in each place, as furnished me, being Toronto, 67,386; Kingston, 13,253; and Stratford, 8,442.

The death rate in Toronto differs very little from that of last year, but at Kingston it appears rather low; while the returns from Stratford show that it is either an extremely healthy place, or that the registration there is not yet perfect.

The percentage of deaths from the various classes of diseases is as follows:

	Toro	nto.	Kingston.	Stratford.
Class of disease.	1876	1877	1877.	1877.
Miasmatic	25.3	25.1	20.2	21.5
Tubercular	13.5	14,4	15.8	20.3
Nervous	12.6	11.9	11.4	7.6
Respiratory organs	12.4	11.4	14.9	10.1
Developmental Diseases of children	9.7	11.1	9.2	3.8
Total from these classes	73.6	73.8	71.5	63.3
Ages under 1	32.1	28.8	16.7	20.3
1 to 5	14.2	14.2	12.7	11.4
Total under 5	46.3	43.0	29.4	31.6

The facts regarding the weather in Toronto are taken from the records of the Magnetic Observatory. The mean of the rain and snow-fall is calculated from 25 year's observations commencing in 1853, and of the normals the temperature and humidity are those calculated and used for comparison with the daily record. The means for Stratford are taken from the 13 year's observations commencing in 1865. The normal temperature is that calculated from observations taken from 1861 to 1869 inclusive, by C. J. Macgregor, M.A., as published in the Canadian Journal for 1869. The data regarding the weather at Kingston is obtained from the records furnished to the central office of the Meteorological service by the observer S. Woods, M.A., since 1874, when the station was first established, the observations being taken at 7.25 a.m., 4.25 p.m., and 10.50 p.m., Toronto mean time. In order to obtain an approximation to the true mean, a much longer series of observations is needed. It would undoubtedly be of much greater service if statistics could be obtained for a long period in each case (both as regards the death rate and the weather), and the differences from the average shewn. It is, however, merely intended in this paper to draw attention to a few prominent facts, and not to make special deductions from insufficient data, as they would prove of little value and only tend to mislead.

The main object is to point out any features which shew that there is a connection between weather and health so as to draw public attention to the fact that in order to in-

vestigate so important a subject, data regarding the state of health is required.

The curves representing the weather and the mortality from the various causes at the different places are appended. The data upon which these curves are constructed is also

appended and forms table M of this report.

The curve shewing the deaths in Toronto from diseases of the miasmatic class resembles that for 1876 with the following exceptions: The maximum occurs much earlier, and the death rate remains for a larger period above the average. The secondary maximum in September appears to coincide with the remarkably dry weather, which is accompanied with high temperatures. As was the case last year, the deaths when the curve reaches its highest point occurred principally from cholera infantum and diarrhoea, the number of deaths from these causes being 10 and 8 respectively. The deaths from diseases of this class which exceeded those in 1876 were from the following causes, which are placed in the order of their degree of excess: Diphtheria, scarlet fever, diarrhoea,

fever, cholera infantum, remittent fever, small pox, scarlatina, influenza, measles and erysipelas. The causes from which the deaths were lower than in 1876 were whooping cough, dysentery, typhoid fever, cholera, rheumatism, croup and metria. It is remarkable that only five deaths were registered from whooping cough in the year under review, while there were 50 in 1876. It is difficult to account satisfactorily for this great change.

There is no marked feature in the miasmatic curve for Kingston, except it be the ab-

sence of deaths during the latter portion of the year.

The curve shewing the deaths from tubercular diseases in Toronto reaches its maximum in the second week in May, and is above the average from the latter portion of January up to that date, with the exception of the last weeks in March and April. The next highest points are reached in the first week of February and the third week in March.

There is no feature worthy of note in the curve which represents this class of disease

for Kingston.

In Toronto, the year opens with a death rate from nervous diseases far above the average but it then decreases rapidly. The maximum occurs in the third week in April. During the larger portion of September the death rate is very high.

At Kingston, the highest point is reached in February, and no deaths occur in Septem-

ber and October from nervous diseases.

The curve shewing the mortality from diseases of the respiratory organs shews the most intimate connection with the weather this year. In Toronto we find that it is above the average, with one exception, till the end of March, and to some extent shews a connection with the curve of temperature, as when the temperature is below the average the death rate is above. This was also the case in 1876. In the curve for Kingston the connection is not so well marked, but it can be seen that when the temperature is above the average the death rate is undoubtedly lower; out of the seven deaths in Stratford recorded in this class, six occurred when the temperature was very much below the normal, and the other when the temperature was falling rapidly.

The curve representing the deaths from the developmental diseases of children in Toronto, reached its highest point in the 1st week in August and was also high in the last week in September. The greatest number of deaths again occurred when the temperature was above the normal, or shortly after, and the death rate was lower when the temperature was below the normal. The only deaths recorded in Stratford in this class would also appear to be under the same influence, as two of the cases occurred when the temperature was above the average, and the

other when it was but slightly below, and had been very much above.

It will be seen that the data regarding the mortality at Kingston and Stratford are entirely inadequate for obtaining satisfactory results. In future discussions it will probably be found better to divide Ontario into districts in which the climate may be said to be the same.

The advantage of obtaining weekly statistics for comparing the influence of weather on health is now almost universally recognized. In fact, in all the principal cities in the world this system is carried out, and we are rapidly approaching the time when every civilized country will acknowledge the necessity of a similar system for registering the state of health. It is already being accomplished to some extent, but the vast importance of the subject remains yet to be seen. In London, New York and some other cities, the prevalence of certain diseases is reported by the physicians, but the practice is not carried out in all cases. There is no satisfactory reason why physicians should not report concerning every disease which comes under their notice. The real value and importance of this will be appreciated by every one who gives attention to the subject. We feel assured, however, that the time will come when we shall be able to say how far the course of disease is influenced by the prevailing atmospheric conditions. There appears to be no difficulty which could not be surmounted in order to obtain so desirable an end. If physicians would only report once a week the cases which come under their notice, and state the progress of the disease according to some plan to be decided upon-say for instance, using a scale of 0 to 10, to represent the course of the disease-0 being perfect health, and 10 death or no hope of recoverymuch might be done. This is by no means all that is required; but once commence such a system, and experience will suggest improvements, while the benefit will be apparent to every one.

Let us give one or two instances which will illustrate what we are endeavouring to point out. It is well known that, on this continent, diseases incidental to childhood are most fatal when the weather is very hot and dry. This fact was referred to in your report for 1876, where the great increase in the number of deaths in Toronto in August (which was an exceptionally hot and dry month) is shown. Another may be seen in the following table (taken from published reports for New York), which shews the deaths during the most fatal weeks in the years mentioned. It will be seen that when the mean temperature is above 80 degrees the number of deaths is largely increased.

Year.	Week.	Total deaths.	Total deaths under 5 years of age.	Mean temperature.
1867	32nd	708	457	75
1868	29th	1,142	706	88
1869	28th	726	501	76
1870	29th	1,040	646	82
1871	28th	822	504	79
1872	27th	1,591	1,007	84
1873	30th	944	629	79
1874	30th	861	590	75
1875	29th 30th	934 939	648 637	75 73
1876	28th	1,293	865	84

Now, if a warning of the approach of abnormally high temperatures were sent to physicians, might not precautions be taken to mitigate their effects?

Again, when the temperature is much below the average, the deaths from pneumonia and other kindred diseases increase very rapidly. Would not a knowledge that a cold atmospheric wave was approaching, be of great service to persons afflicted with such diseases?

These are cases in which the mortality is well known to be influenced by the weather. The deaths from other diseases are also known to be above or below the average, according

to certain atmospheric conditions.

This is a subject which will always have a living interest for those who suffer from diseases excited or influenced by atmospheric changes; but when death occurs, it is apt to be forgotten by the survivors, or does not receive that attention which it deserves. It should, however, be borne in mind that the desired end is not to be attained by the study of a few isolated facts, or the data for one or two years; but by a rigid and close comparison of observations extending over a long series of years. The cost of such a system is not to be compared with the benefits to be derived from the results of an analysis of the information gained thereby. The subject is truly one of vital importance, and, as such, it is to be hoped, will receive the attention it unquestionably merits. It has been said that the study of the science of meteorology is "worthy of the energies of a great nation," surely the same may be said of this branch of it.

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who

-			10						AGF	es.					
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
January 1 to 8	М F	6	2 4		2 1	3		1 3	]	4	1 1	· i	, 	2	19 23
	Total		6		3	3		4	1		2	_1		2	42
" 8 to 15	м F	3 1	3 5	1 4	3	1	3	1	1 3	2	i	2		1	16 23
	Total	4	8	5	6	2	3	1	4	2	1	2		1	39
" 15 to 22	М F	4. (	1 4	1		1 1		$\frac{2}{1}$		2	<u>i</u>	i			20
	Total			_1		2	1	3	1	4	1	_1			29
" 22 to 29	м F	7 5	1 4	3	$\frac{2}{1}$	1 3	$\frac{2}{1}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1		i		3.	20 22
	Total	<b>1</b> 2	5	4	3	4	3	2	3	2		1		3	42
" 29 to Feb. 5	M F	4	$\frac{2}{1}$	3	3 1	3	3 1	3 1	2	i				2	20 15
	Total	8	3	3	4	3	4	4	2	1		_1		2	35
February 5 to 12	м F	4 5	5	1	1	3 1	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\begin{bmatrix} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	2		1 1			2	24 12
	Total	9	5	1	2	4	5	3	2		2	1		2	36
" 12 to 19	M	3 4	2 5		2	i	1 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$		1 1	1	1		i	12 19
	Total	7	7	1	2	1	4	4		2	1	1		1	31
" 19 to 26	M	4	2 4	$\frac{1}{2}$	1.	1 1	3	4		2 1		i			19 19
	Total	8	6	3	2		8	4		3	_1	1			38
" 26 to March 5	M	$\frac{1}{2}$	5 2			<u>2</u>	3		-		1 2	1		<u>i</u>	11 11
	Total	3	7			2	4		1		3	1		1	
March 5 to 12	M	6	1 5		i		1 3			1 1		2		1	11 19
	Total	8	6		1		4	6		2		2		1	30

died in the City of Toronto during the year ending 31st December, 1877.

=			1		-				Mı	ASMA	TIC.							
Small Por.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Erysipelas.	Metria (or Puerperal Fever).	Influenza.	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.
		2	i		1				1							1 1		1 6
			_1		1				1							2		7
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		····i														2	1	$\frac{2}{1}$
		1														2		3

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

								1	AGE	s.		-	ì		
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90,	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
March 12 to 19	м F	1 6	$\frac{2}{1}$	1	<u>2</u>	2		2		$\frac{2}{1}$	1				9 13
	Total	7	3	1	2		1	2		3	1				22
" 19 to 26	M F	<u>2</u>	1 6			3 1		4 3	5 3			i		1	14 17
	Total		7			4	1	7	8			1		1	31
" 26 to April 2	М F	44	4 6		$egin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	1 1	4		4		1 1	1		i	18 18
	Total	8	10		3	$-\frac{2}{-}$	4	1	4			1		1	36
April 2 to 9	м F	4 2	5 7			1 1	3 2	<u>i</u>	1 1	1 1		2		3	19 18
	Total	6		$\frac{1}{-}$	1		5	1		2		2		3	37
" 9 to 16	M F	3 2	····2	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ \end{array}$		1 3		$\frac{1}{3}$			1 1			1	14 14
	Total	5		3		4	$\frac{2}{-}$	4	$-\frac{2}{-}$	3	$-\frac{2}{}$			1	
" 16 to 23	M F	4		$\frac{2}{2}$		3 1		2 1	1	2		<u>i</u>		2	20 18
	Total	8	6	4	1		3	3	$\frac{2}{}$	4		1		2	38
" 23 to 30	М F	5 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	2		1	<u>i</u>	1 4	1	$\begin{array}{c c} 2\\ 1\\\end{array}$	 1			·····i	15 13
	Total	8	3	2	1	1	1	5	$\frac{2}{}$	3	1			1	28
" 30 to May 7	M	1 8	3 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	3	<u>2</u>	i	3	2	<u>i</u>				13 24
	Total	9	7	5	4	3	2	1	3	$\frac{2}{-}$	1				37
May 7 to 14	M	1 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$			8	1 4	i	i	3	2			1	11 21
	Total	4	5	1		8	5	1	1	3	2			2	32
" 14 to 21	M	3 4				i	3	4	 	1 1	i			2	18
	Total	7	5			1	3	5		2	1	1		2	27

_									м	IASM.	ATIC.							
Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Erysipelas.	Metria (or Puerperal Fever).	Influenza.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Еетег.	Scarlet Fever.	Group.	Total Miasmatic.
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TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

								A(	GES.						
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
May 21 to 28	M F	3	3			····i	1	3			3 2	i		2	11 15
	Total	3	7	2		1					5			2	26
" 28 to June 4	$\frac{\mathbf{M} \dots}{\mathbf{F} \dots}$	3	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$		$-rac{3}{2}$ $-rac{3}{5}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{4}{5}$		$-\frac{2}{2}$	i		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11 12
June 4 to 11	м	2				1			1		1			1	 9
	$\frac{\text{F} \dots}{\text{Total}}$	2	$\frac{1}{1}$		3 3	1	$-\frac{2}{4}$		$-rac{1}{2}$	1	1			$\frac{2}{3}$	9 18
" 11 to 18	M F	3 2	···· <sub>2</sub>		1 2		$\frac{2}{2}$	$rac{1}{2}$	1	1		 i		1	10 13
	Total	5					4	3 	1	1		1		1	23
" 18 to 25	M F	6 5	$\frac{1}{2}$		1	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 1 \ \end{array}$	<u>2</u>	1				1		2	14 11
	Total	11			1	3		1				1		3	25
" 25 to July 2	F Total	$-\frac{14}{5}$				$-\frac{2}{2}$	i ! i	$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{3} \end{bmatrix}$			$-rac{2}{3}$	 			$\frac{21}{14}$
July 2 to 9	M	-		-	1	$\begin{vmatrix} \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	2	2						1	24
·	Total	13			$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	i	$\frac{1}{3}$	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$				1	18 42
." 9 to 16	M F	9 5	$\frac{2}{3}$	i	1 1	1	2 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	4	1					21 14
	Total	-			·	-	i		1	1					35
" 16 to 23	M F				1	1	1	2	1	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$	1 4	i			12 21
	Total	15	2		1	1	2	2	1	3	5	1			33
" 23 to 30	M F			i			-	-!	1	-		i		1	20 25
	Total	23	4	1	١	. 6		2 3	1	. 2	1	1		1	45

									М	1ASM2	ATIC.	,		-1				
Small Fox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Erysipelas.	Metria (or Puerperal Fever.	Influenza,	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic,
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TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

									AGE	S.					
DATE.	Sex,	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
July 30 to 6 August	М F	7 4			i	1	2		2	1	1 1			2	18 11
	Total	11	3		1	1	$\frac{2}{-}$	3	2					2	29
August 6 to 13	М F	5 8	$\frac{2}{2}$	1					1		i		1	2	14 13
	Total		4	1	1	1	1	····	1	1	1		1	2	27
" 13 to 20	м F	7 3	$\frac{2}{2}$		i	1 1		1		1	1			4	17 8
	Total	10	4		1	2		2		1	1			4	
" 20 to 27	М F	5 10	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	$\frac{2}{1}$	1		1 1		1			$\frac{2}{1}$	15 16
	Total		1	2	2	3	1		2	1	1			3	31
" 27 to Sept. 3	M F	8 6	3 5 ——		1 1	3		2	2		<u>i</u>				16 19
	Total				$\frac{2}{-}$	3	2	$-\frac{2}{}$	2	_ 1	1				35
September 3 to 10	М F	12 5	$\frac{2}{2}$	i		$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \\ \end{array}$	-	2		1		 			23 11
	Total	17	4	1		3	3		1	$\frac{2}{-}$	1				34
" 10 to 17	M F	6 8	6 4		1 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\ \end{bmatrix}$		$\frac{2}{2}$	1 1	2		::::		2 1	27 18
	Total	14	10			3	2	4			3			3	45
" 17 to 24	M F	3 5	1 1		2	3	5 3		*2 1	1 1	$\frac{1}{2}$				17 16
	Total	8	$\frac{2}{-}$	1	2	3	8	1	3		3				33
" 24 to October 1	F	10	ļ	1		$\frac{2}{}$			i	1	i	· · · ·		3	20 14
	Total	16	1	1		4	1	1	1	3	1			3	34
October 1 to 8	M F	7 1	1 4		1	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ \end{array}$		,. 	1	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ \end{array}$	i	i		1 2	16 12
	Total	8	5	1	1	3	1		1	3	1	1		3	28

									Mı	ASMA	ric.							`
Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Erysipelas.	Metria (or Puerperal Fever).	Influenza.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.
			1		1	i			1	$\frac{2}{1}$			1 1					5 4
			1		1	1			1	3			2					9
					1				$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1			$egin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	1		$\frac{1}{2}$		6 6
					1				3	2			3	1		2		12
									2 3	3			i					5 5
••••									5	4		 	1					10
			<u>.</u>				 	i	$\frac{2}{1}$	1 1			1					4 6
			$-\frac{2}{-}$					1	3	$-\frac{2}{-}$			2		 			10
	 		1				 		$\frac{4}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$			1 1	 	 			7 5
			1			 	····		6	3	 	<u> </u>	2					12
			1 1					2	2 2	$\frac{2}{3}$			1					8 7
			$-\frac{2}{}$					$\frac{2}{}$	4	5			2					
	 			 			 	i	2 8	1 1				· · · · · · · ·			1 1	4 11
		<u> </u>			 		 		10	$-\frac{2}{}$							2	
· · · · ·						 			1 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$			3					4 6
	••••				 		 		1	4			5				,	
				1					$\frac{1}{2}$		 	1						3 6
			$-\frac{2}{}$		 				3	1		1	2					9
						i	<u> </u>		<u>1</u>	• • • •		1		•••••				3 5
	• • • •		4						1	1		1	1			•••••	•••••	8

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

			=						AGE	S.					
DATE.	x.	Under 1 year.	to 5.	to 10.	to 20.	to 30.	to 40.	to 50.	50 to 60.	to 70.	to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
	Sex.	<u>a</u>	1.1	5 t	101	20	30	40	20	09	02	80	06	1 A	- F
October 8 to 15 ,	$\frac{\mathbf{M} \dots}{\mathbf{F} \dots}$	3 5 8		1		$\frac{2}{-\frac{1}{2}}$	$-\frac{2}{2}$			1				1 1	13 12 25
" 15 to 22	M F	1	2 2		<u></u>	3				2	1	2		1 2	14 13
" 22 to 29	Total	$\frac{2}{5}$			$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{2}{2} \\ \dots \\ \frac{2}{2} \end{vmatrix}$		1.				$\frac{1}{2}$	2		3	27 13 15
	Total	11	2	1	2	2	1 ——	2	4	1					28
" 29 to Nov, 5	M F Total	$\frac{3}{3}$		$-\frac{1}{8}$	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$	1	i——	4	$-\frac{1}{2}$			• • • • •	1 1 2	10 18 
November 5 to 12	M F	3 1			2 1		3							1	17
" 12 to 19	Total M F	2		 1	3	3			3 2	1	····		······i	1	21 16 11
	Total	2	4	1					5 	2	1		1		27
" 19 to 26	M F Total	3 5 8	$-\frac{1}{2}$	1		 1  1	$\frac{2}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$		2	1	· · · ·			13 13 26
" 26 to Dec. 2		7	1 3		···· 2		3	2	2		1	····· ····i			18 8
	Total	8	4	 	2	1	3	2			1	1			26
December 2 to 9	M F	$\frac{3}{2}$	3			$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	<u>1</u>	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{2}{1}$		$\frac{2}{2}$		2	11 14 25
" 9 to 16	M	5 4			1 1	2 4	i	2	1		2				13
	Total	9			2	6	1	2	1	2	2			2	27

-	====								Mı	IASMA	TIC.					·		
Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Erysipelas.	Metria (or Puerperal   Fever).	Influenza.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic,
	181		 	 				 	i i				2			i	2	$\frac{4}{2}$
									1				2			1	2	6
,:::			2	1 1						1			2				i	6 2
			2	2						1			2				1	8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	1 2	1					2		1		i					2 7
		1	3	1	 				2		1		1					9
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			$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1\\\end{vmatrix}$		i			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	 		 	- • • • • •		,			3
			3						1									5
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															1			2
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										2		• • • •			•••••			2

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

								A	AGE	₹.					
DATE.		year.											ver.	given.	
7	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
December 16 to 23	м F	3 1	$\frac{1}{3}$			1 2	i	$\frac{2}{\cdots}$	, 1 1	1	1	2		1 1	12 10
	Total	4	4			3	1	2	2	1	1	2		2	22
" 23 to 31	M F			$\frac{\ldots}{2}$	2	$\frac{3}{2}$	1 1	3 1	$\frac{2}{1}$	2					15 9
	Total	4		2	2	5	2	4	3	2					24
Total Males	• • • • • • •	235	105	29	38	59	68	73	57	61	31	16	1	40	813
Total Females .		224	121	30	40	84	69	56	36	38	33	15	1	32	779
Grand Total		459	226	59	78	143	137	129	93	99	64	31	2	72	1592

who died in the City of Toronto during the year 1877.—Concluded.

			_						M	IASMA	ATIC.							······································
Small Pox.	Measles.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Whooping Cough.	Erysipelas.	Metria (or Puerperal Fever).	Influenza.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Cholera.	Remittent Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.
		1 1	 															1
		2																2
										1			i 1	 				1 1
										1			1					2
1	- 2	7	15	3	7	<u> </u> 		4	37	34	. 2	1	17	5	6	28	10	179
1	4	15	24	2	5	11	2	4	45	25	1	3	28	1	3	39	7	220
2	6	22	 39	5	12	- — 11	2	 8	82	 59	3	4	 45	6	9	67	17	399

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

_		1	1					_	_	==			_			
				Тив	ERCU	LAR.					NE	RVOU	s Sra	STEM.		
	DATE.	Sex.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro Spinal Meningitie	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Epilepsy.	Convulcions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Distance
January	1 to 8	M			$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	1	2 4			ļ	i			2	1	
.,	8 to 15	Total M			-		-							3		
		F Total			=									1		
• 6	15 to 22	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \mathbf{Total} \end{array}$	-		2	 	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}$								1 1	
66	22 to 29	F			3 4		3 4		1					2 2		
4.	29 to Feb. 2				5 3	·····	5		1		1			4 i	2	
February	2 to 12	Total M			8	1	9				1			1		
1 columny	2 60 12	Total			$-\frac{3}{1}$		3 1 -4						1	1 1		
"	12 to 19	M F Total			3		2 3								1.	
ep.	19 to 26	M			-		1 4							2		
							5				1			2	2	
		M F Total			2		$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{5}$									
March	5 to 12	M			4		4			1			· · · · ·	1	1	
•		Total		••••	4		4			1			••••	1	1	

				I	Respi	RATO	RY O	RGAN	rs.		DE	VELOPM	ENTAL	DISEAS	SES OF	Снігрі	REN.
Meni igitis.	conge than of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disea e.	Congestion of Lun; s:	total Respiratory Organs.	Still-born.	Infantile Premature, &c.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Teething.	Infantile Debility, or Marasmus.	Total Developmental Diseases of Children.
L	1	5 3			i	1		i	$\frac{1}{2}$	$^{-}2$		1 1					1 1
ā		8			1	1		1	3	6		2					2
		1 3		· · · · i		$\frac{1}{2}$		1		$\frac{2}{3}$					1		1
		4		1.		3		1		5					1		1
		1		2		1 1		1		4		<u>i</u>			i 1		2
		1		2		2		2	2	8	,	1			1		2
	1	2 4		1		1				3	1	2				i	2 2
	1	6		1		2			1	4	1	2		• • • • • •		1	4
1		3 2		2				1		2		1					3
1		5		2				1	****	3	2	2		·····			4
		1 1		· 3 1		2 1			i	5 3		2				2	3 2
	-:-	2		4		3			1	8	1	2				2	5
		1		1 5		<u>1</u>			1 1	27							
		1		6	••••	1			2	9		·····					
		3		1		1				3 2						1	1
				2	1	2				5						1	1
				····i		2				3 2							
				1		3			_1	5							
		1 4		i		5			2	2 6		1				1	1
1	1	5		1		5			2	8		1				1	2

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

		i		TUE	BERCU	LAR.					NE	RVOU	s Sy	STEM.		
1	DATE.	Sex.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.
March 1	2 to 19	M F			$\frac{3}{2}$		3 2							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	i	
" 19	9 to <b>2</b> 6	M	····i	····	5 3		5 4	-		1			····i			
" 2	6 to April 2	Total M F				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9			1				2		
April 2	2 to 9	Total M			$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$			1		   		2 2 1	1	
" g	e to 16	Total M F								1	i			1		
" 16	5 to 23	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{Total} \\ \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \end{array}$			3 2		333			1			1	2		111111
·· 23	30	Total M F	····		$-rac{5}{2}$		$-rac{6}{2}$			1	1		1 	2	1	
" 30	) to May 1	Total M	  1		3 1 3		3 1 4		1					$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1
May 1 to	14	Total M					1		1		1 					1
" 14 to	21	Total			10		10	····			_1			1		
14 to		$rac{\mathbf{M} \dots}{\mathbf{F} \dots}$			$-\frac{1}{2}$	1  1	1			$-\frac{1}{2}$	2				1	

				R	ESPIR	ATOR	y Or	GANS			Dev	ELOPMI	ENTAL ]	Diseas	ES OF	Childr	EN.
Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Still-born.	Infantile Premature, &c.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Teething.	Infantile Debility, or Marasmus.	Total Developmental Diseases of Children.
1		1 1		$\frac{1}{3}$		1 4				$\frac{2}{7}$				•		1 1	1
1		2		4		5				9						2	2
	i	1 2				3		 1	1	4	i						i
	1	3				6		1	1	8	1						1
···· <u>ż</u>	1	4	-	$egin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	i—	3			3	6	i	1				2 2	3
		4		3	1	$-\frac{3}{}$			3	10	1	1				$\left  rac{2}{}  ight $	4
	1	5 1		$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \dots \end{vmatrix}$						3	i					1	$\frac{1}{2}$
	1	6		2	····	1				3	1					2	3
	1	2 2		1	i	1			1	3						·····i	1 1
	1	4		1	1	1			1	4	1		·····			1	2
	i	7		i		1		1		2 2						1	$\frac{1}{2}$
	1	8	3	1		$-\frac{2}{2}$				4	1					-2	3
		25	3			2				2		1				2	3
			5							2		1	-			$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \end{vmatrix}$	3
	1		3			2	2		$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\1 \end{vmatrix}$	5 3					ii	i 1	2
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TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

		1	Tu	BERCU	JLAR.					NE	RVOU	ıs Sı	STEM.		
DATE.	Sex.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	1 hthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis,	Insanity.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.
May 21 to 28	M F Total		-					1		1			1 1 2		
" 28 to June 4	M F			-		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\-4 \end{bmatrix}$								$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & $	1
June 4 to 11	M		1	3 2		4 2									
" 11 to 18	M			1 3		1 3				1					
" 18 to 25	M		1	2		3				1	····		1	1	1
" 25 to July 2	M F		1 		1	3 1 5			 i		1 i	1	1 1	1	
July 2 to 9	M				2	3			1	1	1	1			
9 to 16	M			1 3		3 1 3				1	1				
" 16 to 23	M F			3		3									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
" 23 to 30	Total M F			3		3						1.	2		1

-				1	RESPI	RATO	ry C	RGAI	NS.		Dı	EVELOP	MENTAL	Disea	SES OF	Снігр	REN.
Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Laryngitis.	Bronchitis,	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Still-born.	Infantile Premature, &c.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Teething.	Infantile Debility, or Marasmus.	Total Developmental Diseases of Children.
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		3 2									1					2 3	3 3
		5			<u> </u>					<u></u>	1					5	6
	1	3					I.		1 1	1 2					1	<u>5</u>	6
		7					1			3					1	5	6
i	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$					1			1	1				2	1 1	4 1
1	1	4					1			1	1				2	2	5
1		1							1	1		1	1		1	1	3 1
		2						• • • •	1	1		1	1		1	1	4
		1		1											1	1 4	2 4
	1	2	:	1		1				2					1	5	6
		2 4								1						2 4	2 4
1	• • • •	6				1	• • • •			1						6	6

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

			Тивн	RCUL	AR.					NERV	70US	Syst	EM.		
DATE.	Sex.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.
July 30 to August 6	М F			1 1		1 1							1	1	
	Total			2		2							1	1	
August 6 to 13	М F														
	Total														
" 13 to 20	M F			i		 1			2					1	
	Total			1		1				<u> </u>				1	
" 20 to 27"	M F			1	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ - \end{bmatrix}$								1	
	Total			1		3			····					1	
" 27 to Sept. 3	M F			4		4							1 2		
	Total			4		4							3	2	
September 3 to 10	M F			$-\frac{1}{2}$		$-\frac{1}{2}$		 		<u>i</u>	1		i		
	Total			3		3		<u> </u>		1	1		1		
" 10 to 17	F			3 2		3 2	-	!		2	····			1	
	Total			$-\frac{5}{}$		5	1	1						1	
" 17 to 24	F			2	-		-		1					3 1	
	Total			4	1	-5			$-\frac{1}{}$		<u></u>			4	
" 24 to October 1	F	-	-	_		3			1		! 	. ; · ·			
	Total			4		4			1						
October 1 to 8	M F			2										1	
	Total	ļ		2	1	3		····					• • • • • •	1	

											,						
				F	RESPI	RATO	RY O	RGAN	īs.		DE	VELOPM	ENTAL	Diseas	es of (	CHILDRI	EN.
Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Still-born.	Infantile Premature, &c.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Teething.	Infantile Debility, or Marasmus.	Total Developmental Diseases of Children.
		<u>ż</u>									2	$\frac{1}{2}$				3 1	6 3
		2 				• • • •					2	3				4	- 9
· · = •		<u>·</u>	<u></u>				<u>.</u>			1		1				1 3	2 3
	<u></u>	<u></u>			<u></u>					1		1				4	5
<u>i</u>		3			i	 				1	2					1	3
1		4			1			<u></u>		1	$\frac{2}{2}$					1	3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		i			 	1				1	1				1 	2 1	5 2
		1				1	<u></u>			1	3			•••••	1	3	7
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	3		2												$\frac{2}{1}$	2 1
	$\frac{2}{-}$	7		2						2						3	3
		$\begin{bmatrix} 4\\2 \end{bmatrix}$										1	1			2	4
3		6										. 1	1		• • • • • •	2	4
1		4		1		3				5 1	1	1					2
1		6		2	1	3		• • • •		6	1	1					2
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••••	1	6		ļ				<u> </u>								1	1
	 	2	_							1		1 1				4	7
2		3			<u></u>	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ - \end{bmatrix}$				2	2	2			 	4	8
								t		1	1 1	1				1 1	$\frac{2}{2}$
		1							1	1	1	1				2	4

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

		À	Тиві	ERCUI	JAR.					NEI	RVOUS	Sys	TEM.		
DATE.	Sex.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.
October 8 to 15	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \mathbf{Total} \end{array}$		1 1 2			1 3 4									
" 15 to 22	M F					1				-				= 1)	
" 22 to 29	Total M F		 i	1	1	2			1	2					
" 29 to Nov. 5	Total M F		1		1	1 2			1					·····i	
November 5 to 12	Total M F	1		2		3				1				1	
" 12 to 19	Total M	1		3		4				1					
" 10 to 26	Total			6			<u></u>			 			$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		
" 19 to 26	F Total			2	 	2				1	 	   	1 2		1
" 26 to Dec. 2	M F Total		 	$-\frac{4}{2}$	! 	$\begin{bmatrix} 6\\2\\8 \end{bmatrix}$			1			 		1	
December 2 to 9	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \hline \mathbf{Total} \end{array}$	• • • •	   	$\frac{2}{2}$		/				$-rac{1}{2}$				-	· · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
" 9 to 16	$egin{array}{cccc} \mathbf{M} & \dots & \\ \mathbf{F} & \dots & \\ \mathbf{Total} & \end{array}$			2 3 		$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\-5 \end{bmatrix}$				-					1
	10021	,		.,		,									

_				R	ESPII	RATOR	RY OI	RGAN	s.		DE	EVELOPE	IENTAL	DISEAS	ses of	CHILDR	EN.
Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Laryngitis.	Bronchitis.	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Still-born.	Infantile Premature, &c.	Cyanosis,	Spina Bifida,	Teething.	Infantile Debility, or Marasmus.	Total Developmental Diseases of Children.
i		<u>.</u>				i				1 1	1					3 2	3 3
1		2				1	<u></u>	1		2	1					5	-6
		2		1		$\frac{\dots}{2}$		<u>i</u>		1 3	1 1						1
		2		1				_1		4	2						2
		1		1		2				4		$\frac{1}{2}$				2	3 2
		1		1	1	2				4		3				2	5
	1	$\frac{2}{1}$			 					$\frac{1}{2}$	1					í	2 2
1	1	3		2		1	 —	<u></u>	• • • •	3	2	1				1	4
		1				2				2	1	1				1 1	3 1
		1				2		<u></u>		2	1	1				2	4
		$\frac{1}{3}$	1	i		1	 			$\frac{2}{1}$	1					2	3
1		4	1	1		1		ļ		3	1					2	3
		4		1		4			i	1 5		1		i		<u>1</u>	$\frac{1}{2}$
1		5		1		4			1	6		1		1		1	3
	1	3	3	1		1				2						1 1	1
	1	4		1		1				2						2	2
	1		2					1	1	2							2
			3						2	3		2					2
		]				1 3	 					2				$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
		$\frac{1}{9}$	ι	. 1	١	. 4	£	.	1	L! C	8 2	2				3	5

TABLE M.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons

			Тиві	ERCUI	LAR.								NER	vous Sr	STEM.
DATE.	Sex.	Scrofula.	Tabes Mesenterica.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Cephalitis.	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.	Apoplexy.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Epilepsy,	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Spinal Disease.
December 16 to 23	<b>м</b> F			$rac{2}{2}$		2 2			<u>1</u>		1		1	1	
	Total			4		4			1		 l 		1	2	
	M F			$\frac{3}{1}$		$\frac{3}{1}$				1			$\frac{1}{2}$		i
	Total			4		4				1			3		1
Total Males		1	3	94	9	107		1	11	14	3	4	20	21	5
Total Females .		2	2	111	7	122	2	2	5	12	2	1	27	15	2
Grand Total		3	5	205	16	229	2	3	16	26	5	5	47	36	7

				I	RESPI	RATO	RY O	RGAN	ıs.		DE	VELOPA	ENTAL	DISEAS	ES OF	CHILDR	EN.
Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Laryngitis.	Bronchitis,	Pleurisy.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Lung Disease.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Still-born.	Infantile Premature, &c.	Cyanosis.	Spina Bifida.	Teething.	Infantile Debility, or Marasmus.	Total Developmental Diseases of Children.
		$\frac{3}{2}$		i		1		 		1	1	i			1	1 1	3 2
		5		1		1	·			$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1			1	2	5
		$\frac{2}{3}$			 		1			$egin{pmatrix} 2 \ \cdots \end{matrix}$					 	1	i
		5				1	1			2						1	1
12	11	102	1	21	4	40	3	4	21	94	24	20	2		8	51	105
13	6	87		26	3	44	1	5	9	88	15	13		1	2	. 40	71
25	17	189	1	47	7	84	4	9	30	182	39	33	2	1	10	91	176

TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who

								===		AGE						
	DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and upwards.	Age not given.	Total.
January	7 1 to 8	м F	i	2			1									3 1
		Total	1				1									4
"	8 to 15	м F						<u>i</u>				i				2
		Total			····		····	1	····			1				2
"	15 to 22	M	1	1			1		1						1	5
		Total	_1	1			1		1						1	5
66	22 to 29	M		i						i	i					1 3
		Total		1					 		1					4
66	29 to Feb. 5	M	-	i				1			1 —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · ·	3 2
		Total			i							••••	• • • •			5
Februa	ry 5 to 12	M	1 —	<u>2</u>	1			1 	   <u></u>		1		1		1	6
		Total	1		1 			1					1	·	2	10
"	12 to 19	M	<u> </u>			1	1	-	· · · · ·	 	<u>.</u>					2 3
		Total	1			1	1				$-\frac{2}{}$					5
"	19 to 26	М F	-	1	<u> </u>			<u></u>		 		 				1
		Total	<u> </u>	2					 			<u> </u>				2
"	26 to March 5.	F												\\		
		Total											····			
March	5 to 12	M	1	ļ	-	-			11		·	1	 		1	
		Total	1	. 1	. 1			1	1			1			1	7

died in the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December. 1877.

							М	IASM	ATIC.						Tu	BERCUI	AR.
Small Pox.	Measles.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.
		1												1	1		1
		1												1	1		1
										2				$\left  \begin{array}{c} \dots \\ \frac{2}{2} \end{array} \right $			
::::		1								<u>-</u>				1	1		1
		1				<u> </u>								1	1	·····	1
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TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

									AGI	E.					
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and upwards.	Age not given.	Total.
March 12 to 19	M	1												$\frac{1}{2}$	2 3
	Total	1								1				3	5
" 19 to 26	M F	i	2			1				·····2					3 3
	Total	1	2			1				2					6
" 26 to April 2	M		i				1		i					1 1	1 4
	Total		1				1		1	· · · · ·				2	5
April 2 to 9	M			 				<u>i</u>						1	1 3
	Total	2						1	····						4
" 9 to 16	M F	1			 										3 1
	Total	2								1	1	 			4
" 16 to 23	M		1												2
	Total		1			1									2
" 23 to 30	M	1					1								3
	Total	1					1	1				 			3
" 30 to May 7	M F		1							i 1				2	$\frac{1}{3}$
	Total		_1							1	····			2	4
May 7 to 14	M	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		i			1				1			i	2 5
	Total	3		1			1				1			1	7
" 14 to 21	M	2	1 2				1		: ./ <del>.</del>		2			1	7 2
	Total	2	3				1				2			1	9

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

							M	IASM	ATIC.						Tu	BERCUI	AR.
Small Pox.	Measles.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.
									·····i					1			
	···:								1.				<u> </u>	1			
									1					2			1
	• • • •	1	<u> </u>				<u></u>		1				<u></u>	2	1	•••••	1
· · · · ·		<u>i</u>											1 1	$\frac{1}{2}$			·····
		1			• • • •							<u></u>	2	3			••••
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	• • • •		····									· · · · ·	2	2	•••••	<u></u>	
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	1							<u></u>		<u> </u>				1	1	••••	1
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	1			····								1		2	1		1

TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

*		- (							AGE						
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	.5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and upwards.	Age not given.	Total.
May 21 to 28	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \mathbf{Total} \end{array}$		- 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 1 —	i	<u>.</u>			1				1 4 5
" 28 to June 4	M	1	1		i								 ::::::		2 1
June 4 to 11	M F				1			 i	1						3 1 1
" 11 to 18	Total M F		1		1		1	1							
" 18 to 25	Total M		1	-	-	-	1	<u> </u>		  1		 	1		
	F Total						11			1	1	1	1		6
" 25 to July 2	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \hline \mathbf{Total} \end{array}$	-	-			1			1					1	3 1 4
July 2 to 9	M F Total		2		-	! L L					1			1	33
" 9 to 16	. M F	-	i					L	-	1 1	<u> </u>		1	3	
" 16 to 23	Total 		2		i	i		i		2				1	
" 23 to 30	Total		i	-	1	1	1	i		.				1	34
	F		-		1			1			-				7

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877—Continued.

_							М	IASM	ATIC.						Tu	BERCUL	AR.
Small Pox.	Measles.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism,	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.
							<sub>i</sub>					<sub>i</sub>		2			
							1					1		2			
	 1					i								2 1			
	1			  ::::	 	1						- 4		1			
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TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

									AG]	E.					
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and upwards.	Age not given.	Total.
July 30 to August 6	M F					<u>i</u>				···i					2 3
	Total	,				1				1	1				5
August 6 to 13	M F	i	••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 		1 	1 			 1			1 3
" 13 to 20	Total ——— M	1		····		<u></u>		1	1			1			4
	F		1 -1			1									3
" 20 to 27	M F														
	Total		 												
" 27 to Sept. 3	M F	1			<u>i</u>				1						2 1
	Total	1			1				1						3
September 3 to 10	M F Total	1  1			····	$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \cdots \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$				 1 —	····	1 - 1			$-\frac{\frac{3}{2}}{5}$
" 10 to 17	м					1									1
	F Total					<u> </u>			· · · · ·						1
" 17 to 24	М Г				1				<u>i</u>						1 1
	Total				1 				1						2
" 24 to 30	M F	<u>2</u>			••••	i			1					1	1 5
O-taba- 1 to 0	Total					1			1	1				1	6
October 1 to 8	$\frac{\mathbf{M}.\dots}{\mathbf{F}\dots}$	i					 				• • • •		1		1 3
	Total	1			••••	1					1	1	1		

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

		_					М	IASM	ATIC.						Tt	JBERCUI	AR.
Small Pox.	Measles.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis,	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.
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		····						1						1	2		2
			i				i	1						$\frac{1}{2}$			
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TABLE N.—She wing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

									AG:	Е.					
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and upwards.	Age not given.	Total.
October 8 to 15	$rac{ ext{M}}{ ext{F}}$							i 			1 1				4
" - 15 to 22	M F Total					 1 —				1 		1 1			$\frac{2}{2}$
" 22 to 29	M F				····		1 							1	2 
" 29 to Nov. 5	M F		:::: :::::	    		····	1 		1						$\frac{2}{2}$
November 5 to 12	M					i			1	1					3 1
" 12 to 19	<u>Готаl</u> <u>М</u> <u>F</u>	$\frac{2}{1}$	 		1	1	2			1		 1		1	2 6
" 19 to 26		1 	1			1				 1 	1	1		1	3 2
" 26 to Dec. 2		 <sub>i</sub>		 	 	1	 i				1			1	
December 2 to 9	Total  M F	1			1	1					····i				$\frac{3}{1}$
" 9 to 16	M,	 	1 1		1	:   	   				1 i				$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$
	Total	1	ļ	-				1	-		1				5

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

_								-							F		
							N	IIAS	MATIC.						Tu	. ERCUI	LAR.
Small Pox.	Measles.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.
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TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

							-			=					
									AG]	E.					
						11									
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and upwards.	Age not given.	Total.
December 16 to 23	М F														1
	Total		1												1
" 23 to 31	M F	i				i		···i						3 3	3.6
	Total	1				1		1						6	9-
Total Males		14	16	3	6	10	9	4	4	10	9	4	3	13	105
Total Females		24	13	4	6	9	11	9	7	12	7	4		17	123
Grand Total		38	29	7	12	19	20	13	11	22	16	8	3	30	228

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

							M	Iiasm	ATIC.						Tυ	BERCUL	AR.
Small Pox.	Measles.	Diphtheria.	Quinsy.	Erysipelas.	Metria (Puerperal Fever).	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Rheumatism.	Fever,	Scarlet Fever.	Croup.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.
····			 			 	   i						1	1			1 3
~							1							1	3	1	4
1	2	3 2			2	v.	1 6	$2 \\ 1$	1	3	1	$egin{array}{c} \dots & \\ 2 \end{array}$	6	17	16	2	18
						1			1						17	1	18
1	5	5	1	2	2	1	7	3	2	3	3	2	9	46	33	3	36

TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

					1	Nervous	System.
DATE.	Sex.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Concussion of Brain.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.
January 1 to 8	M F						
	Total						
" 8 to 15	M						
	Total						
" 15 to 22	MF						
	Total						
" 22 to 29	M	÷ <sub>1</sub>					i
	Total	1					1
" 29 to Feb. 5	M					1	1
	Total					1	1
February 5 to 12	M,					2	
	Total	-				2	
" 12 to 19	M	-					1
	Total						1
" 19 to 26	F	-					
" 26 to March 5	Total						
20 10 11202011 01.1111111111111111111111	Total				-		
March 5 to 12	M	-					
	Total		-		-		

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

			I	RESPIRA	TORY (	)rgans		Dis	EASES OF	CHILDR	EN.	
Congestion of Brain.	Spinal Disease.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Infantile Premature.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Total Diseases of Children.	+
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			2				2					
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		,						1			1	
								1			1	
		$\frac{1}{2}$	<u>.</u>				1					
		2	1				1					
i		$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$		-								
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TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

		1				Nervous	System.
DATE	Sex.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Concussion of Brain.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.
March 12 to 19	M. F						
	Total						
" 19 to 26	M			• • • • • • •			
	Total						
" 26 to April 2	M		i				
	Total		1				
April 2 to 9	M F Total						1
" 9 to 16	M						
	Total						
" 16 to 23	M				 		
	Total						
" 3 to 30	M. F. Total						
" 30 to May 7	M			1			1
	Total			1			1
May 7 to 14	M						
	Total						
" 14 to 21	M						
	Total						

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

				Ŭ								
			I	RESPIRA	ATORY (	Organs	•	Dis	BEASES OF	CHILDR	EN.	
Congestion of Brain.	Spinal Disease.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Infantile Premature.	m Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Total Diseases of Children.	
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TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

-	1					NERVOUS	System.
DATE.	Sex.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Concussion of Brain.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.
May 21 to 28	M						i
	Total						1
" 28 to June 4	M						
	Total			 			•••••
June 4 to 11	M						
	Total						
" 11 to 18	M		!				
" 18 to 25	M						
	Total						
" 25 to July 2	M					1	
	Total					1	
July 2 to 9	M						1
<b>4</b> 0	Total						1
" 9 to 16	M						1
" 16 to 23	M						1
10 00 20	F				•••••		1
· 93 + 30	Total		-7.1				
" 23 to 30	M. F						1
	Total						1

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

												7
				RESPIR	ATORY	ORGAN		Dı	SEASES O	F CHILDI	REN.	
Congestion of Brain.	Spinal Disease.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total RespiratoryOrgans.	Infantile Premature.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Total Diseases of Children.	
		1		<u>i</u>			<sub>i</sub>					
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TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

					]	Nervous	System.
DATE.	Sex.	Paralysis.	Insanity,	Concussion of Brain.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.
July 30 to August 6	M	i					
	Total	1					
August 6 to 13	M						
	Total						
" 13 to 20	<b>M.</b>				i		
	Total				1		
" 20 to 27	<b>M</b>						
	Total						
" 27 to Sept. 3	M						
	Total						
September 3 to 10	M						
" 10 to 17	Total			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
" 10 to 17	Total						
" 17 to 24	M						
	Total						
" 24 to 30	M						
	Total						
October 1 to 8	. M						
	Total	-					

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

				RESPIR	ATORY	Organ	s.	D	ISEASES C	F CHILDE	ten.
Congestion of Brain.	Spinal Disease.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total Respiratory Organs.	Infantile Premature.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Total Diseases of Children.
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TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

						Nervous	System.
DATE,	Sex.	Paralysis.	Insanity.	Concussion of Brain.	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.
October 8 to 15	M						
	Total		•••				
" 15 to 22	M				·····		
	Total						
" 22 to 29	M						
	Total						
" 29 to Nov. 5	M			•••••			
	Total						
November 5 to 12	M				i		
	Total		·····		1	<u></u>	
" 12 to 19	M F						1
	Total			• • • • • • •		•••••	1
" 19 to 26	M F					·····i	i
	Total					1	1
" 26 to Dec. 2	M					,	
	Total						
December 2 to 9	M F			• • • • • • • •			
	Total						
" 9 to 16	MF		• • • • • • • •				
	Total						

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Continued.

			]	Respir	AIORY (	Organs	š.	Dis	SEASES OF	CHILDRE	EN.
Congestion of Brain.	Spinal Disease.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total RespiratoryOrgans.	Infantile Premature.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Total Diseases of Children.
										$-\frac{1}{2}$	1 2
				1 1		1	$\frac{2}{2}$				
		1 1		1		1	$\frac{2}{2}$				
		1 1		1 1			1				
		$\frac{2}{2}$		$\frac{1}{1}$			$\frac{1}{1}$		1		1
				$-\frac{2}{2}$			$\frac{2}{2}$		1 1		<u>i</u>
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							1 1			1 1	1 1

TABLE N.—Shewing the Ages and Causes of Death of the persons who died in

						Nervous	System.
DATE.	Sex.	Paralysis,	Insanity.	Concussion of Brain	Epilepsy.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.
December 16 to 23	M F Total		 				
" 23 to 31	M F Total						
Total Males  Total Females		2	1	1	2	1	5
Grand Total		2	1	1	2	5	12

the City of Kingston during the year ending 31st December, 1877.—Concluded.

			]	Respir.	ATORY (	Organs	S.,	Dis	SEASES OF	CHILDRI	en.	
Congestion of Brain.	Spinal Disease.	Total Nerveus System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Congestion of Lungs.	Total RespiratoryOrgans.	Infantile Premature.	Teething.	Infantile Debility.	Total Diseases of Children.	
		-										
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1	2	6 20	5 8	7	3	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14	3	3	1 10	5 16	
1	2	26	13	14	3	4	34	5	5	11	21	

TABLE O.—Shewing'the Ages and the Causes of Death of the Persons who

						= =		-	AGI	c.	==-	-		1	
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total,
January 1 to 8	M F Total.					i 1	1 -1		   						····· <u>2</u>
" 8 to 15	M F Total.	1			<sub>1</sub>				1 			• ::-			2 1 3
" 15 to 22	M	1			2	••••			1	i				2	4 3 7
" 22 to 29	M		1 1							1 1 					2
" 29 to Feb. 5	M		2							1 					3
February 5 to 12	M		 i					···;		 i		<u></u>			2
" 12 to 19	Total.  M F		1			1 1	i			1 i					1 3
" 19 to 26	Total.  M F	1				2	1	 i		1	 1	 i		1	2 3
' 6 to	Total.  M F	1	1								1			1	3
5 to March 12	Total.	$\frac{1}{2}$	1								1	  1			1 1
o to blanch in.	Total.											1			1

died in the Town of Stratford during the year ending 31st December, 1877.

-		N	[IAS]	IATIC.			TUB	ERCU	LAR.	N	ERVO	us S	YSTE	и.	R	ESPIF ORG	ATOR	Y	D	ISEASES HILDRE	of N.
Diphtheria.	Dysentery	Dismbos	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Total Respiratory Organs	Teething.	Total Diseases of Children.	
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TABLE O.—Shewing the Ages and the Causes of Death of the persons

									AGE	ì.					
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
March 12 to 19	м F			_	<u>.</u>	——	i								<u>4</u>
" 19 to 26	$\frac{\mathbf{M} \dots}{\mathbf{F} \dots}$		1 	1 			1								1 
" 26 to April 2	M			 				1	1						2
April 2 to 9	M							1							1
" 9 to 16	M F														1
" 16 to 23	M F												1		1
" 23 to 30	M F Total														
" 30 to May 7	M F	-	-								1				1
May 7 to 14	M F	-		-	-	_		-							
" 14 to 21	M F Total	<u>- </u>													

who died in the Town of Stratford during the year 1877.—Continued.

Miasm	ATIC.	Tur	BERCU	LAR.	N	ERVO	ous S	YSTEI	и.	R	ESPIF ORG.				iseases Childri	
Diphtheria.   Metria Puerperal Fever.   Dysentery.   Diarrhea.   Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever. Scarlet Fever.	Total Miasmatic. Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia,	Asthma.	Total Respiratory Organs	Teething.	Total Diseases of Children.	,
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TABLE O.—Shewing the Ages and the Causes of Death of the persons

									AGE	1.			4		
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
May 21 to 28	M F Total.														
" 28 to June 4	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \mathbf{Total}. \end{array}$							1 						1 1 2	
June 4 to 11	M F Total.		 												
" 11 to 18	M F					   			 						
" 18 to 25	M F														
" 25 to July 2	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \mathbf{Total} . \end{array}$				1		1								2
July 2 to 9	M F										 				 
" 9 to 16	M F														
" 16 to 23	M F														1
" 23 to 30	M F		2								1				
	Total	.  '	2	.			.				1		·····		1

who died in the Town of Stratford during the year 1877.—Continued.

		N	IIASI	IATIO			Tub	ERCU	LAR.	N	ERVO	vs S	YSTE	ví.	R	ESPIR ORGA	ATOR		DISEA CHILI	SES OF	
Diphtheria.   Metria (Puerperal Fever.)	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Total Respiratory Organs	Teething.	Total Diseases of Children.	
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TABLE O.—Shewing the Ages and the Causes of Death of the persons

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J									AG	Ε.					
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DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
July 30 to August 6	M	<sub>i</sub>	i 1		1	i									1 3
	Total.	1	1		1	1									4
August 6 to 13	M								2		i				2 1
	Total.								2		1				3
" 13 to 20	M							ļ						→ fi	
	Total.										• • • •			• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
" 20 to 27	M							····		i					$\frac{2}{2}$
	Total.						1	····							
" 27 to September 3	M F Total.	1  1	<u>.</u> 1	·			 								$-\frac{1}{2}$
September 3 to 10	M	1													1
	Total.	1													1
" 10 to 17	М F	1				1								:	2
	Total.	1				1									2
" 17 to 24	F	2 1	i			2									2 4
	Total.	1	_1												
' 24 to 30	M	1													1
	Total.	1													1
	M F		i												i
1	Total.		1	••••	••••	••••				••••	••••	••••	· V		1

## who died in the Town of Stratford during the year 1877.—Continued.

=				Mias	MATIC	o.		Tu	BERCU	JLAR.	]	NERV	ous s	Systi	EM.	]		RATO			ASES OF	
Diphtheria	Metria (Puerneral Fever)	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Total Missmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Total Respiratory Organs	Tething.	Total Diseases of Children.	
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TABLE O.—Shewing the Ages and the Causes of Death of the persons

12-1-1									AGI	E.					_
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
October 8 to 15	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \dots \\ \mathbf{F} \dots \\ \hline \mathbf{Total}. \end{array}$			<u>1</u>											<u>1</u>
" 15 to 22	M F Total.							i							i
" 22 to 29	M F Total.														
" 29 to Nov. 5	M F Total.										1				1
November_5 to 12	M F Total.														
" 12_to 19	M F Total.														
19 to 26	M F Total.				1	-						 			i 1
26 o Dec. 2	M F Total.														
ecember 2 to 9	M., F		-	-	1				-						1 1
9 to 16	M F Total	-				-			-					1	

## who died in the Town of Stratford during the year 1877.—Continued.

=			M	[IASM	ATIC.			Tub	ERCU	L▲R.	N	ERVO	us S	YSTE	м.	R	ESPII ORG	RATOF ANS.		DISEA CHIL	SES OF	
Diphtheria.	Metria Puerperal Fever.	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus.	Total Tubercular.	Cenvulsions.	Brain Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Total Respiratory Organs	Teething.	Total Diseases of Children.	
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TABLE O.—Shewing the Ages and the Causes of Death of the persons

									AG	E.					
DATE.	Sex.	Under 1 year.	1 to 5.	5 to 10.	10 to 20.	20 to 30.	30 to 40.	40 to 50.	50 to 60.	60 to 70.	70 to 80.	80 to 90.	90 and over.	Age not given.	Total.
December 16 to 23	M F Total.				····										
	M F Total.														1
Total	м F	1 5	2 7		5 4	2 5	1 4	3 2	5	24	3	1	1	3	41 38

## who died in the Town of Stratford during the year 1877.—Concluded.

				MIAS	MATI	o.		TUE	BERCU	LAR.	N	TERVO	ous S	SYSTE	em.	F		RATO			ASES OF	
ria.	Metria Puerperal Fever.	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Cholera Infantum.	Typhoid Fever.	Scarlet Fever.	Total Miasmatic.	Phthisis.	Hydrocephalus,	Total Tubercular.	Convulsions.	Brain Disease.	Meningitis.	Congestion of Brain.	Total Nervous System.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia.	Asthma.	Total Respiratory Organs	Teething.	Total Diseases of Children.	
		-																				
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TABLE P.—City of Toronto.—Means of the Meteorological Elements for each week in 1877, and the Differences from the Average.

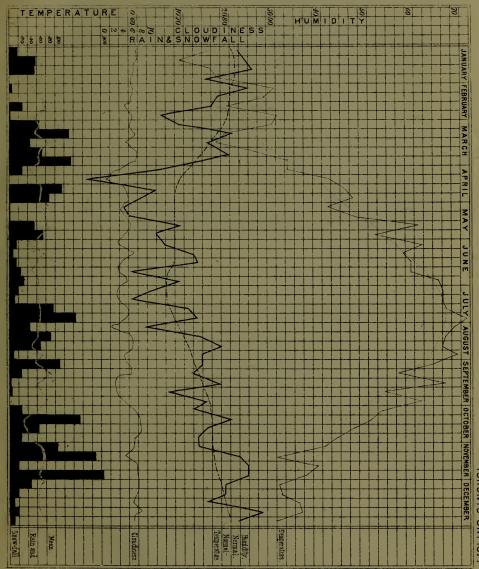
	Temp	erature.		lative midity.	Clou	ıdiness.		Cotal pitation.
MONTHS.	1877	Diff. from Normal.	1877	Diff. from Normal.	1877	Diff. from Average.	1877	Diff. from Average.
JANUARY	16:9 11:1 17:8 19:6	-4·3 ·-10·2 -3·9 -2·5	84 86 87 77	+2 +3 +4 -5	7.9 8.0 7.0 6.2		*180 *590 *570 *000	- ·263 - · 102 - ·164 - ·652
FEBRUARY	31.6 29.5 21.5 32.0	+9.0 +6.5 2.0 +7.7	86 79 78 67	$\begin{array}{c c} +4 \\ -3 \\ -4 \\ -14 \end{array}$	6·7 6·4 5·1 6·3		·030 ·000 ·280 ·010	·365 ·695 ·492 ·558
MARCH	31·2 20:8 19·1 27·8 34·3	+5.6 $-6.5$ $-10.3$ $-4.0$ $-0.1$	71 82 77 82 75	-9 +3 0 +6 +1	6·0 6·9 5·7 7·9 7·4		*650 1*300 *420 *730 1*360	+ '003 + '714 '433 + '092 + '695
APRIL	34·3 43·8 46·6 48·2	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.8 \\ +4.0 \\ +4.2 \\ +3.2 \end{array} $	67 51 66 63	$\begin{array}{c c}6 \\ -20 \\ -4 \\ -7 \end{array}$	3.7 1.1 5.6 6.0		*250 *000 1*165 *836	160 634 + 473 + 181
MAY	43·2 49·6 62·4 53·6	-4·4 0·4 +9·9 -1·3	59 60 71 66	$ \begin{array}{c c} -11 \\ -10 \\ +1 \\ -4 \end{array} $	4.0 5.8 6.2 5.3		*005 *005 *568 *770	'715 '746 '352 + '029
JUNE	63.6 59.8 61.3 61.4 67.7	$   \begin{array}{r}     +6.4 \\     +0.4 \\     -0.4 \\     -2.4 \\     +2.1   \end{array} $	68 74 75 61 71	-2 +4 +5 -8 +3	3·8 6·9 4·2 3·8 5·7		.160 .070 .160 .230 .280	'260 '706 '429 '214 '362
JULY	68.0 68.0 68.7 73.6	+0.9 0.0 +0.3 +5.2	65 61 7 <b>3</b> 75	-3 -8 +4 +5	3·8 3·7 6·0 5·4		°200 °110 °975 1°435	'450 '516 + '301 + '780
AUGUST	70·1 68·4 68·0 71·1	+2·1 +1·1 +1·7 +6·3	64 75 80 76	$ \begin{array}{c c} -6 \\ +3 \\ +7 \\ +2 \end{array} $	2·1 6·3 6·8 4·9		•420 •905 •670 •080	·198 + ·331 + ·228 ·645
SEPTEMBER	66.0 58.4 68.5 55.6 63.6	+2·9 -2·7 +10·1 +0·1 +11·0	76 74 80 69 77	+2 -1 +4 -8 0	5·8 6·3 3·4 3·5 4·3		1·100 ·245 ·010 ·050 ·000	+ ·524 - ·594 - ·603 - ·661 - ·803
OCTOBER	55.0 52.4 48.6 45.1	+5·1 +4·9 +3·1 +1·3	74 82 77 75	-3 +4 -1 -3	6.9 8.2 8.6 7.5		*230 1*551 *610 *235	381 +1 218 + 232 222
NOVEMBER	42·3 32·2 41·2 38·4	+0·1 -8·1 +3·4 +3·6	75 84 86 86	-3 +6 +7 +6	6·8 5·6 7·9 8·0		1.015 1.870 .185 2.060	+ '323 +1 '120 '546 +1 '454
DECEMBER	32·8 33·2 37·2 37·8 31·8	+1·3 +5·0 +11·9 +14·7 +10·1	81 81 77 89 84	+1 0 -5 +7 +2	8·1 7·9 6·8 8·9 7·1	••••••	*490 *190 *050 *190 *100	

TABLE P.—Kingston.—Means of the Meteorological Elements for each week in 1877, and the Differences from the Average.

	Tem	perature.		elative midity.	Clo	ıdiness.		Total ipitation.
MONTHS.	1877	Diff. from Average.	1877	Diff. from Average.	1877	Diff. from Average.	1877	Diff. from Average.
JANUARY	10·8 7·5 16·4 17·2	-11·4 -8·2 +0·5 -0·3	86.5 81.8 89.0 85.0	-1·4 -2·2 +2·5 +0·2	6·4 7 9 7·5 7·9	-1·0 +1·3 +1·4 +0·7	0·49 0·62 0·80 0·15	-0.26 -0.18 +0.03 -0.60
FEBRUARY	31·1 27·8 20·8 29·6	+14.8 +12.9 +3.6 +6.5	90.5 88.7 85.1 82.2	+6.4 +5.4 +2.3 -1.1	7:3 6:6 5:1 6:6	+1·2 -1·3 0·0 -0·2	0.00 0.00 0.08 0.00	-0.73 -0.50 -0.76 -0.40
MARCH	30.8 20.6 17.7 28.4 33.7	+8.8 -4.1 -4.2 +4.6 +2.5	85·9 90·8 84·3 86·9 85·7	+5.7 +3.8 +0.5 +5.1 -0.4	6·2 7·2 5·1 7·8 8·5	$+0.2 \\ -0.7 \\ -1.4 \\ +2.1 \\ +2.2$	0.65 2.71 0.27 0.44 2.29	$\begin{vmatrix} -0.13 \\ +1.51 \\ -0.40 \\ -0.22 \\ +1.41 \end{vmatrix}$
APRIL	35·1 44·4 46·1 47·8	+1.9 +5.2 +9.8 +5.9	74·3 64.6 81·2 71·5	-8·2 -11·7 +0·5 -1·4	4:4 1:1 6:9 5:0	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1.4 \\ -3.6 \\ +0.6 \\ -0.6 \end{array} $	0·25 0·00 1·17 0·46	-0.41 -0.30 +0.64 0.00
MAY	44.1 49.5 59.0 53.5	+1.5 -0.3 +5.9 -1.5	77·2 82·5 83·8 74·0	+4.6 +6.7 +10.5 -0.4	5·9 5·6 7·5 7·3	+0.2 -0.9 +0.6 +1.1	0.06 0.01 0.21 0.50	-0:35 -0:52 -0:29 -0:10
JUNE	61.5 62.9 64.1 64.0 67.2	+09 +1.5 +0.6 +0.4 +0.4	76.8 79.3 77.5 73.1 81.8	$\begin{array}{c} +2.7 \\ -1.3 \\ -0.4 \\ -5.0 \\ +2.5 \end{array}$	7.5 7.1 3.2 4.2 6.3	$ \begin{array}{r} -0.4 \\ +1.7 \\ -2.1 \\ -1.6 \\ +1.2 \end{array} $	0.01 0.43 0.52 0.70 1.53	-0.13 +0.07 +0.02 -0.05 +1.00
JULY	67:3 66:6 70:1 72:0	0.0 -2.0 +1.0 +3.7	77.9 80.5 78.7 81.1	-6.2 -2.4 -1.7 -0.1	5·4 5·0 4·1 5·0	-0·1 +0·4 +0·4 +0·5	0.43 0.05 1.72 0.27	$     \begin{array}{r}       -0.12 \\       -0.48 \\       +0.70 \\       -0.31     \end{array} $
AUGUST	73.5 69.3 69.5 74.0	+4.5 -2.1 -0.8 +6.9	70.9 82.3 87.9 75.4	-4.4 -2.3 +8.8 +3.5	2·3 6·3 5·4 4·9	-1.9 +1.4 -0.1 +0.1	0°00 0°20 0°05 0°02	-0.16 -0.17 -0.11 -0.14
SEPTEMBER	68·3 59·7 70·3 58·3 63·9	+0·1 -3·2 +7·4 +2·8 +7·1	76.5 76.9 83.7 75.3 84.1	$ \begin{array}{c c} -0.4 \\ +1.3 \\ +7.1 \\ -4.3 \\ +2.8 \end{array} $	5·7 5·4 5·4 4·0 6·0	+1·0 +0·2 -0·4 -2·7 0·0	0.20 0.62 0.02 0.50 0.00	+0.07 +0.32 -0.29 -0.05 -0.99
OCTOBER	53·3 52·1 46·2 41·9	+4.6 +6.8 +1.3 -3.4	82·3 84·4 80·9 82·7	-0·1 +3·4 +1·5 -1·2	6:4 8:0 8:8 7:3	-0.7 +1.2 +2.3 +0.8	1:75 0:96 0:85 0:03	+0.80 +0.23 +0.47 -0.37
NOVEMBER	42.0 33.4 40.9 35.2	$\begin{array}{c c} +1.7 \\ -4.7 \\ +5.6 \\ +2.8 \end{array}$	82:7 87:3 86:6 89:0	-1·3 +4·1 +0·2 +1·5	5·7 7·9 6·1 6·7	-1·3 +0·5 -0·3 -0·9	1·33 2·54 0·47 1·57	+0.51 +1.55 +0.09 +0.81
DECEMBER	33.5 32.2 35.7 32.1 27.0	+9.5 +5.9 +13.4 +12.7 +4.0	89·1 88·5 85·8 88·9 91·4	+2·0 +2·7 +2·4 +4·2 +4·9	8·0 8·1 7·4 8·0 8·8	+0.6 +0.4 -0.4 +0.8 +1.1	0·59 0·85 0·41 0·55 0·00	-0'12 +0'34 -0'13 -0'03 -0'65

TABLE P.—Stratford.—Means of the Meteorological Elements for each week in 1877, and the Differences from the Average.

	Temp	perature.		lative midity.	Clou	diness.		otal pitation.
MONTHS.	1877	Diff. from Normal.	1877	Diff. from Average.	1877	Diff. from Average.	1877	Diff. from Average.
JANUARY	14·4 9·3 15·2 17·0	6·0 10·7 4·8 3·4	89·1 88·0 91·1 84·1	+3·3 -0·1 +2·4 -3·9	8·3 7·6 7·2 4·5	+0.5 -0.4 -0.6 -3.0	·320 ·650 ·772 ·200	:560 :323 :162 :628
FEBRUARY	29·1 27·2 19·9 28·5	+8·1 -5·7 -2·0 +6·2	89·3 87·4 83·9 70·7	+2.0 +2.1 -1.6 -11.7	6·7 6·6 5·7 4·8	-1.0 -0.3 -1.4 -1.7	*000 *020 *515 *000	:592 :664 :470 :735
MARCH	26.9 16.3 13.9 24.7 31.9	+3.8 -8.1 -12.6 -4.7 -0.9	80.7 86.6 87.4 85.0 74.4	-3·2 +3·8 +3·1 +4·0 -1·4	4.7 7.1 5.5 7.1 6.3	$     \begin{array}{r}       -1.2 \\       +0.3 \\       -1.0 \\       +0.6 \\       +0.5     \end{array} $	1.004 2.026 .850 1.200 1.389	+ '311 +1'049 '359 + '442 + '635
APRIL	30·8 42·1 46·4 47·6	-5.6 +2.2 +3.5 +2.1	75·4 59·6 73·7 69·6	$   \begin{array}{c c}     +0.2 \\     -12.1 \\     -0.6 \\     +2.0   \end{array} $	3.7 1.7 5.4 5.1	-2.2 $-3.3$ $-1.0$ $+0.1$	*000 *000 1*184 *726	:623 :616 +:137 +:126
MAY	41·2 48·3 65·5 52·4	-6.5 -1.4 +13.7 -1.7	68.0 67.1 74.1 71.7	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1.1 \\ -0.4 \\ +1.4 \\ -0.6 \end{array} $	4·1 4·0 4·2 4·8	-0.6 -0.8 -0.9 -0.1	*000 *070 *458 *662	'624 '682 '376 '005
JUNE	67.5 60.1 62.9 62.5 66.5	+10.8 +1.0 +1.2 -1.5 +0.8	59·0 71·3 75·6 67·4 83·9	-15.0 -7.8 -3.3 -9.5 +1.5	3.6 5.7 4.0 2.8 6.5	$     \begin{array}{r}       -1.3 \\       +0.5 \\       -1.1 \\       +0.9 \\       +1.2     \end{array} $	·057 ·471 ·236 ·286 1·299	*851 *884 *578 *398 +-*329
JULY	66.5 66.4 66.4 73.0	-0·2 -0·7 -0·6 +6·4	74·1 69·3 79·1 76·7	-8.3 -8.2 0.0 -3.1	4.6 2.5 4.6 4.2	0·4 1·6 0·1 1·0	*108 1*076 *306	-1·097 374 +·108 522
AUGUST	69·9 68·3 63·8 69·3	+3·9 +3·1 -0·5 +6·3	67.8 72.6 87.1 82.0	$ \begin{array}{c c} -9.4 \\ -7.2 \\ +6.9 \\ -1.8 \end{array} $	1.8 6.1 5.0 5.3	-2·2 +1·5 +0·9 +0·9	.000 .165 2.737 .236	—·717 —·192 +1·834 —·532
SEPTEMBER	62.6 57.2 66.7 52.7 64.0	$\begin{array}{c} +1.1 \\ -3.2 \\ +9.6 \\ -1.8 \\ +11.9 \end{array}$	85.0 80.0 85.3 76.1 84.3	+3.8 $-2.2$ $+3.7$ $-7.2$ $+0.7$	5.6 4.8 5.1 3.7 2.7	$   \begin{array}{c}     +0.7 \\     -0.4 \\     +0.4 \\     -1.8 \\     -2.0   \end{array} $	1.512 .000 .146 .070 .446	+ ·816 - ·981 - ·624 - ·700 - ·740
OCTOBER	53·4 48·4 47·9 44·7	+4·2 +2·4 +4·1 +3·4	80·1 89·4 85·9 84·6	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.5 \\ +6.3 \\ +4.4 \\ +2.2 \end{array} $	5·8 8·0 8·0 6·8	+0·1 +2·0 +2·4 +0·1	*675 1:769 *624 *555	—·14 +1·06 —·132 —·595
NOVEMBER	38.7 30.2 39.9 37.3	-0.5 -7.1 +4.8 +4.4	83.0 88.0 86.0 91.4	+2·3 +6·2 +2·4 +4·8	7·7 5·6 5·1 7·3	$^{+0.5}_{-1.1}$ $^{-2.4}_{-1.2}$	1·271 2·048 ·407 ·611	+ ·390 +1·031 - ·277 - ·298
DECEMBER	27·3 29·6 35·3 38·6 31·0	$ \begin{array}{c c} -3.2 \\ +1.6 \\ +9.8 \\ +15.3 \\ +9.5 \end{array} $	87·4 86·4 83·3 94·1 89·5	$ \begin{array}{c c} +0.6 \\ +0.1 \\ -4.0 \\ +5.9 \\ +1.4 \end{array} $	7.6 7.9 6.0 8.0 6.8	-0.8 -0.1 -2.1 -0.1 -1.2	'613 '680 '000 '280 '127	—·321 —·611 —·784 —·584 —·774



TORONTO ONT 1877

